BRITISH MOST ECONOMICAL CAR
FLYING STANDARD
"EIGHT"
NOW IN STOCK
Ordinary Saloon (2-door)
OPEN TOURER
43 – 45 m.p.g.
FAR EAST MOTORS
Phone 59101 26 Nathan Road
KOWLOON

"Hongkong Telegraph"
China Morning Post, Ltd.,
Street, Hongkong.
High Water:—12.24.
Low Water:—19.54.

The Hongkong Telegraph

FIRST EDITION

FOUNDED 1881 No. 10174 二拜禮 號一十月六英港香 TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1940. 日六初月五 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS $30.00 PER ANNUM

NEW SELECTION—
KLEINERT'S
BATHING CAPS
All cols. from $1.50 ea.
SNAPPY
BEACH HATS
from $2.50 ea.
WHITEAWAY'S

ROOSEVELT ANNOUNCES AMERICAN AID FOR ALLIES AS ITALY HANDS IN DECLARATIONS OF WAR

By REYNOLDS PACKARD
"UNITED PRESS" STAFF CORRESPONDENT

ROME, JUNE 10 (UP).—MUSSOLINI HAS PLUNGED ITALY INTO WAR AS GERMANY'S ALLY WITH THE BOAST TO HIS PEOPLE THAT "BRITAIN AND FRANCE, WHO HAVE TRIED TO KILL ITALY, WILL BE CRUSHED.

In a historic speech from the balcony of the Venice Palace, the Italian dictator carried 45,000,000 people and "ten million bayonets" into European slaughter because, he said, "Italy has done all that is humanely possible to halt the war."

FORMAL DECLARATIONS

Half-an-hour before Mussolini began his speech, Ciano summoned the British and French Ambassadors and handed them the formal declaration of War, signed by King Victor Emanuel.

Italy thus departed from the example set by Germany, which has not yet formally declared war on any nation.

150,000 JAM SQUARE

"Italy, proletarian and fascist, is strong, united and ready as she has never been before," Mussolini shouted to the 150,000 people jammed in the square before his palace.

"This gigantic battle is of the poor people against the fierce, rich holders of the world's gold.

"A nation of 45,000,000 people is not really free unless it has free access to oceans!

"We are taking action, in time, against the Democracies who have tried to kill Italy.

"We take up arms to resolve the problems, firstly, of continental frontiers and, secondly, of overseas frontiers.

"The die is cast! Italy does not intend to bring in other people. We simply want to break the chains tying us in the Mediterranean.

"I have only one order to give—'win'!

"We will win!

"Italians, take up your arms!"

London Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A Foreign Office announcement of Mussolini's notification that a state of war existed as from one minute past midnight to-night says:

"The rash and foolhardy decision of Il Duce will not have come as a surprise to the people of this country. It has been obvious for many weeks that he had decided on the side of the Germans.

"It is equally obvious that a great majority of the Italian people are opposed to this step.

Materialistic Grounds

"The Duce's decision was taken on the most completely materialistic grounds. It is clear that his moves were inspired purely for gain and that his entry into the war was timed for the moment when the Allies were facing the crest of the German invasion.

"He doubtless hopes to profit by what he wrongly anticipates will be an overwhelming German victory.

"Both the British and the French Governments have made it clear in recent weeks to Mussolini that they are perfectly prepared to examine in friendly consultation the grievances which Italy was believed to nourish concerning her position in the Mediterranean.

"The reason can only be that Mussolini calculates that he will be able to gain more by plunging his people into the horrors of war.

Blackmail

"In his speech, he first spoke of the events of quite recent history. These, he said, could be summarised in the words: 'Half promises, constant threats, blackmail and finally the League siege of 52 states.'

"Mussolini forgot to mention the agreement between Britain and Italy of April 16, 1938, whereby the Italian Government acknowledged at the time that all outstanding differences between the two countries were liquidated, the status quo in the Mediterranean was recognised, and that machinery was provided for settling any future disputes.

Concrete Evidence

"This is concrete evidence that neither the British people nor the

Turn to Page 7, Fourth Column

Italian Entry

JOY IN BERLIN

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, June 10 (UP).—Italy's entry into the war is received with undisguised joy.

Exultant military circles claimed that the Allied communications north of the Seine between Paris and Le Havre have been shattered and that the position of the French Army is "hopeless."

Von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, broadcast an official statement after Mussolini had made his speech.

"The irresistible power of the German and Italian peoples and the unalterable friendship between the two great leaders makes victory certain," he declared.

Hitler sent a telegram to King Victor Emmanuel and Ribbentrop sent one to Ciano.

"Together we shall march to victory," they said.

There are reports here that the Italians have already marched into the French Riviera, but these are doubted.

The German High Command claims that the Germans have advanced along a 210-mile front, overrunning General Weygand's line everywhere.

Military authorities here said German troops are now approaching the lower Marne—threatening the region where the Allies in the World War made their successful last ditch stand.

LATEST

NORWEGIAN ANNOUNCEMENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced by the Norwegian Government, which is now domiciled in England:

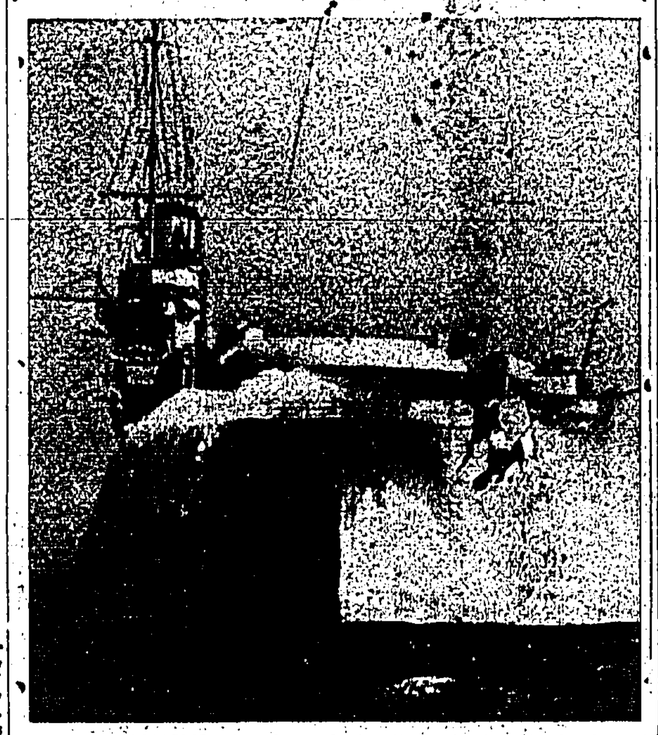
"Our position now is similar to that of the Netherlands.

"His Majesty King Haakon is King of the Norwegians.

"The Government has a completely solid backing.

"Norway's 4,000,000 tons of shipping is at the disposal of the Allies."

AIRCRAFT CARRIER SUNK



H.M.S. GLORIOUS, the last of the large cruisers built during the World War to be converted into aircraft carriers, taking a heavy sea in the Mediterranean. Glorious was a sister-ship of Courageous, which was torpedoed earlier in the war.

German Battleships Off Narvik

GLORIOUS LOST IN NAVAL ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 11 (UP).—It is officially admitted by the Admiralty that the £4,200,000 aircraft carrier Glorious has, as claimed by the German High Command yesterday, been sunk in a naval battle with the German battleships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau.

In addition, the following vessels have been lost in the encounter.

The two "Defender" class destroyers Acasta and Ardent, which were escorting the Glorious;
The 5,666-ton oil tanker Oil Pioneer;
The 19,840-ton troop transport Orama, formerly of the Orient Line.

The naval battle occurred shortly after the Allied withdrawal from Narvik, in the course of which the two 26,000-ton Nazi battleships appeared suddenly on the scene.

The Admiralty states that the total tonnage lost in the encounter was 50,706 tons.

Fate Of Crew

The normal complement of the Glorious was 1,216. The fate of the crew has not yet been ascertained. Glorious was a sister-ship of the Courageous, sunk by torpedo earlier in the war. She was one of the large cruisers built during the latter part of the World War, originally costing £2,119,000. Conversion into an aircraft carrier in 1934 cost an additional £2,025,000.

H.M.S. Orama was well-known on the Australian run. Of 19,800 tons, she was built in 1924 and was taken over by the Government at the outbreak of war.

The Acasta and Ardent, of 1,375 tons, were sister ships of the destroyers of the Eighth Destroyer Flotilla which were stationed in Hongkong before the outbreak of war.

None of the vessels sunk are equipped to fight with battleships.

The Gneisenau was reported to have been sunk and the Scharnhorst crippled in the early fighting off the Norwegian coast.

With the exception of the newly-launched Deutschland, which is not yet commissioned, they are the largest warships in the German Navy. They have a standard displacement of 26,000 tons and were launched in 1936. They are armed with nine 11-in. guns.

North Sea Battle

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Admiralty announces that it must

Turn to Page 7, First Column

ALL AVAILABLE BRITISH FORCES FOR FRANCE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—The Ministry of Information announces:

"Despite the imminent danger of a German invasion of the United Kingdom, the British Government and the British nation are of the unanimous opinion that all their available forces should be directed without delay to the scene of battle."

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINA, JUNE 10 (UP).—PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HAS ANNOUNCED THE INTENTION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THE ALLIES ALL ITS RESOURCES IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST TOTALITARIANISM.

U.S. To Send Her Resources

The President, in the gravest speech an American public has listened to since President Wilson's fateful Declaration of War in 1917, denounced Italy for her entry into the European War.

"The United States," he declared, "will send its resources to the aid of the Allies in their magnificent fight.

"America cannot safely become a lone island in a world dominated by the philosophy of force.

Cannot Remain Isolationist

"Such an island may be the dream of those who still talk and vote as Isolationists.

"But such an island represents to me, and to the overwhelming majority of Americans, a helpless nightmare of people without freedom, people lodged in prison, handcuffed and hungry and fed through the bars day by day by the contemptuous masters of other continents.

Grave Disquiet

CHARLOTTEVILLE, June 10 (Reuter).—The promise that the United States would extend its material resources to the opponents

Turn to Page 7, Second Column

GALLANT R.A.F.

Not Counting Cost In Ceaseless Action

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communique issued to-day declares that the Air Force is continuing energetic action in the great battle with gallantry and an admirable spirit.

The crews are doing everything possible without counting the cost.

Wonderful Achievements

The communique adds that over 75 tons of explosives were dropped on the enemy marching columns and tons of explosives were dropped on tanks while several bridges over the Oise have been destroyed.

Over 30 enemy machines were brought down. One of our group pursuit planes obtained 12 victories without a single loss of life.

U.S. ARMY TO BE BIGGER

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Representatives Military Committee to-day authorised the legislation increasing the regular army from 280,000 to 400,000.

It was also authorised that the President, when in Congress and not in Session, can call out territorials for "use or training" within the United States.

Edgar J. ("Cobber") Kain hailed as the first air ace of the war has been killed in action. A New Zealander, he wore around his neck, attached to his identification tag, a Maori luck charm. "Cobber" is New Zealand slang for "Pal."

"COBBER" KILLED IN ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—Edgar James "Cobber" Kain, the war's greatest ace, has crashed to a flaming death after sending 40 German planes to destruction in eight months as a combat pilot.

He was 22 years old, 6 feet tall and a famous rugby player. He died on the western front in an accident.

His parents were enroute from New Zealand to attend his wedding to Miss Joyce Phillips, a British actress, next month.

Western Front

ENEMY 25 MILES FROM PARIS

Government To Move Archives

By RALPH HEINZEN
UNITED PRESS WAR CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—French Government offices have begun moving from Paris.

The roads are clogged with swarms of refugees fleeing to the south from the massive assaults led by 4,000 tanks, which have carried the German blitzkreig to within 25 miles of the capital:

In his broadcast to-day, however, the French Premier declared that France may face many difficulties, but she is not down.

He asserted that the French armies are retreating only slowly and that the military position is good.

He declared the Allies have always been ready to negotiate for peace, in which they have been supported by President Roosevelt, but all their efforts have had no effect.

The threat of an Italian attack from the rear have made the hour darker as General Weygand's armies fight to stem the Nazi tide, the Premier said.

German tank columns are operating south of Beauvais and others are reported to have smashed through Normandy to Seininferieur to the northwest of Paris.

Heavy German columns are also attacking on the Tardenois plateau and threaten to flank Soissons and Rheims.

No Secret Session Of Parliament

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Reuter understands that in view of the latest developments in the war situation, and particularly in view of Italy's entry into the war, there will be no secret session in Parliament to-morrow.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words $2.50
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED TO BUY.

WE PAY high prices for all gold and silver articles, diamonds, jades and jewels. Apply China Gold Refining Co. Room 6, Pedder Building, 2nd floor.

FOR SALE.

SHIPMENT of "Cooper's" Sheets and Pillow Cases. A few remaining which are being sold at discount prices on the premises of Mollers' Steamship Co., 3rd Floor, St. George's Building.

"HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERA" Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price $1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

POST OFFICE

GENERAL HOLIDAY

On Thursday, the 13th June, the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to noon, Sheungwan Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar boxes as on Sundays one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11.30 a.m. and one delivery of registered correspondence at 11 a.m.

There will also be one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11 a.m. from the Branch Post Offices at Stanley, Taipo and Un Long.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below, unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m., Registered and Parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service" London date, 1st June. ....June 11.
Air Mail by "Pan-American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 4th June. ....June 11.
Europe via Suez and Straits (London date, 1st May) ......June 11.
Manila ....June 11.
Manila ....June 11.
Saigon ....June 11.
Shanghai ....June 11.
Shanghai ....June 11.
Japan and Shanghai ....June 11.
Shanghai and Amoy ....June 11.
Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 5th June ....June 12.
Canton ....June 12.
Haiphong ....June 12.
Manila ....June 12.
Sandakan ....June 12.
Shanghai ....June 12.
Shanghai ....June 12.
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 5th June. ....June 13.

OUTWARD MAILS
Tuesday, June 11

Shanghai ....12.30 p.m.
Fort Bayard ....3.30 p.m.
Saigon ....5.30 p.m.
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 7 p.m.
Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 7 p.m.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu and U.S.A. by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. ....June 11, 5 p.m.
Ord. ....June 11, 7 p.m.
Straits ....7 p.m.

Wednesday, June 12

Fort Bayard ....10.30 a.m.
Parcels only for Tientsin ....Noon.
Formosa ....5.30 p.m.
Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France (Paris and Northern Provinces only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service".
K.P.O.
Reg. ....June 12, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. ....June 12, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O.
Reg. ....June 12, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. ....June 12, 7.00 p.m.

Thursday, June 13

Canton ....7.15 a.m.
Swatow and Parcels only for Shanghai ....9.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. and S. America via Vancouver B.C., —(Parcels for Canada).
G. P. O. and K. P. O.
Parcels, ...June 13, 10 a.m.
Reg. ....June 13, 11.15 a.m.
Ord. ....June 13, Noon.
Bangkok ....Noon.
Sandakan ....Noon.
Amoy ....Noon.
Saigon, Straits and London via Long-Sea-Route.
G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Parcels, ...10.00 a.m.
Reg. ....11.15 a.m.
Ord. ....Noon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHINA ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Inc. in U.S.A.
Address: 226 Gloucester Building, Hongkong.

The above firm registered in the U.S.A. has no connection whatsoever with the A.E.G. China Electric Company which heads the list of enemy firms in China published in the Government Gazette of June 7, 1940.

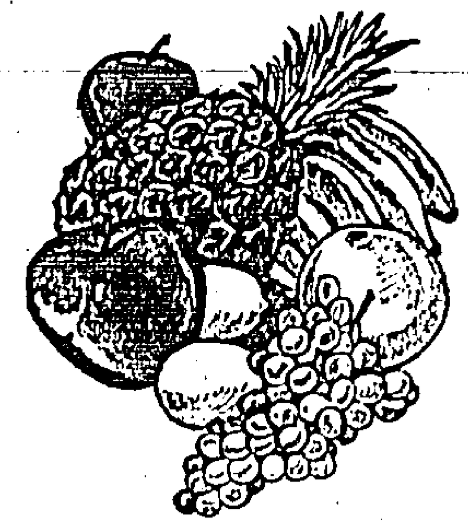
ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our Stores and Dispensing Departments will be closed at 8 p.m. every evening commencing 10th June, 1940, until further notice.

GRAND DISPENSARY, LTD.
KING'S DISPENSARY.

SUN-KIST

CANNED



FRUITS and VEGETABLES

Insist on Sunkist

Sole Distributors
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Vol. X No. 2 May, 1940

THE
HONG KONG NATURALIST

A quarterly illustrated journal principally for Hong Kong and S. China.

Birds and Butterflies of Hong Kong.

Notes on Vegetable Insect Pests in Hongkong

The Typhoon of Nov. 23, 1939.

Hail and Halos

A Synopsis of the Fishes of China.

etc., etc.

PRICE $2.00

Prepaid subscription $7.00
(Back Numbers from Vol. IV. available)

On Sale at Morning Post Building.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 Cures Discharges. No. 2 Cures Blood Poison. No. 3 Cures Chronic Weaknesses. Hospital Price 5s. Chemists, or either No. returns Mail, Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co. Haverstock N.W.3 London. DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS for the Liver. Kidneys, weak kidneys & bladder.

HITLER MAK[illegible] PLANS FOR W[illegible] ON RUSSIA

By Madame Tabouis

Europe's Most Distinguished Political Journalist.

IN spite of all appearances, and even certain serious reports, it is not believed in well-informed circles in Paris that Italy will enter the war except, perhaps, in minor action in the Balkans.

According to my latest information from Berlin, Hitler, frankly explained to his closest colleagues his intentions regarding Italian intervention.

He had first consulted military and other expert advisers, who informed him that the present offensive was using up three times more petrol, and three times more war material, than was anticipated.

For this reason Hitler will not try to bring Italy in, unless he is sure of getting possession of Swedish iron ore and Rumanian oil.

At a further meeting next morning, at which technical experts were present, it was, I understand, decided that Hitler should prepare for action against Rumania, with a view to giving Germany possession of the total output of the oil wells.

Diplomatic circles in various capitals are wondering if this is not part of a much greater Hitlerian project, which has its origin in the fact that the Kremlin is now fully aware of Hitler's designs against the Soviet Union.

Hitler fears a complete reversal of the situation—not only in Eastern Europe but also in the Balkans—if he does not take advantage, as soon as possible, of the renewal of prestige which his successes in the north has given him.

He may think that by acting in Rumania he will oblige the Soviet to carry out the Treaty of August 26 last, which provided that the Soviet shall enter Bessarabia if Germany annexes part of Rumania.

In this way he might well oblige Russia to oppose the Allies. On April 28, Hitler, I am told, ordered all German war academies and instructors generally to take as a special subject of study, chapters 13 and 14 of "Mein Kampf," which treat of the "Drang nach Osten" (Drive to the East).

This order, in circular form, was accompanied by the comment that all Nazi leaders agreed that Germany should return to her traditional policy, as Russia had never ceased to work against Germany and try to betray her.

Moscow had not carried out its economic undertakings, and had even refused petrol at a critical moment. Nor had Stalin carried out either the terms of the German-Russian Agreement regarding the sharing of Scandinavia, where the Kremlin was pursuing an anti-German policy.

Moreover, Russia was encouraging the Chinese in their war with Japan, and was opposing German policy in the Balkans to the extent of concluding economic accords, intended to replace those entered into by various Balkan countries with Germany.

Therefore Hitler, having had proof of the weakness of Stalin's armies, decided to undertake a campaign against Russia early next August.

Hitler believes he will have finished—successfully—with France and Britain by the beginning of August. He will then force the countries he has occupied to supply him with 30 divisions to take part behind an advance guard to German tanks, in a campaign against Russia, for he calculates that the bulk of his own troops will have little stomach left for fighting by that date, especially against a country which Nazi propaganda has tried to make German people accept as an ally.

Hitler considers Stalin's troops too weak to stand up to his motorised columns, and if he carries out his plan he thinks they will quickly capitulate.

Ribbentrop and Goebbels have expressed annoyance at the indiscreet revelations already made about these projects.

They maintain that the Kremlin is quite capable—even if it went so far as to occupy Bessarabia—to come over to the side of the Allies, and try to galvanise the Balkans against Germany.

That is why certain diplomats do not exclude the possibility of Germany—in spite of the colossal task she has undertaken in north-west Europe—taking military action in the Balkans to prevent any such change of front on the part of the Soviet.

Captured, Renamed, Now At Sea

REFITTING 31 captured German merchant vessels (totalling 113,365 tons) is a task now almost completed.

Twenty of these have already been thoroughly overhauled, renamed, and are now in service for the Allies carrying munitions or food.

Fifteen bear the first name of Empire, among them being Empire Citizen (formerly the Wahehe, 4,709 tons), Empire Confidence (Dusseldorf, 4,930), Empire Conveyor (Gloria, 5,896), Empire Mariner (Rheingold, 5,055), Empire Success (Hagen, 5,988), Empire Unity (Biscaya, 6,369), and Empire Ability (Uhenfels, 7,603).

Captured enemy vessels whose overhaul has not yet been completed include Cap Norte (13,615), Alster (8,514) and Hannover (5,537).

In more than half of these former German vessels the crew accommodation was so unsatisfactory that extensive structural alterations and repairs were necessary. In practically every case the ships had been generally neglected and required thorough overhaul and renewals.

ITALY DECLARES WAR.

Rome, June 10.

Mussolini announced in his speech to-day that a declaration of war had already been sent to the Allies.—*Reuter.*

***United Press* states that the declarations were handed to the British and French Amba[illegible]dors.**

Reuter continue[illegible]

Mussolini adde[illegible] "The Western plutocratic democracies have always stopped the march of the Italian people. Italy has done all it possible could to arrest this horrible war. To-day we have decided to confront the risks and sacrifices of war. We resolve to fight on continental and sea frontiers where our people are being suffocated.

"I solemnly declare that Italy does not intend to involve other people in this struggle either by land or by sea.

"I said to Berlin 'When we have a friend we march with him.' In this hour our thoughts go to our King and Emperor. (Loud Cheers).

"Finally we will have a long period of peace for Italy, Europe and the world."

Mussolini spoke for 15½ minutes.

According to *United Press,* Mussolini declared.— "We are going against the decrepit democracies and are ready to face all the risks and sacrifices of war."

Balkan Integrity Guaranteed

Rome, June 10.

According to [illegible] *Exchange Telegraph* corres[illegible]nt, Mussolini guaranteed the [illegible]ity of Yugo-Slavia, Greece [illegible]urkey.—*United Press.*

Vast Crowd Listens

Rome, June 10.

Mussolini made his speech before a vast throng from the balcony of the Palazza Venezia. After stating that this was the hour of irrevocable decision, he continued:

"We are going to war against the plutocratic and reactionary democracies of the West who have hindered the advance and often threatened the existence even of the Italian people. The events of recent history can be summarised in these words: half promises, constant threats, blackmail and finally as the crown of this ignoble edifice a leage of siege of 52 states.

"Our conscience is absolutely tranquil. With you the whole world is witness that the Italy of Victor has done what was humanely possible to avoid the hurricane which is overwhelming Europe; but all was in vain.

"It would have been enough to revise treaties and adapt them to the vital demands of the life of nations and not to regard them as intangible throughout eternity. It would have been enough not to have persisted in a policy of guarantees which have shown themselves to have been above all fatal for those who accepted them. It would be enough not to have rejected the proposals which the Fuehrer made last October when the Polish campaign came to an end."

After stating that they were taking up arms to settle the problem of their sea frontiers, Mussolini added:

"We want to break off the territorial and military chains which are strangling us in our sea for a people of 45 millions is not truly free if it has not free passage over the ocean.

"Now that die is cast and we have of our own free will burned our bridges behind us I solemnly declare that Italy does not intend to drag peoples who are her neighbours by sea and by land into the conflict. Let Switzerland, Yugo-Slavia, Turkey, Egypt and Greece take note of these words."

Mussolini proceeded:

"On the eve of this event of historic importance we address our thoughts to His Majesty the King Emperor. (Loud Cheers). We also salute equally the head of our ally, greater Germany. (Cheers for Hitler).

"Proletariat and Fascist Italy is for the third time on her feet, strong, proud and united as she has never been before."

Mussolini concluded by saying "We shall undertake to give at last a long period of peace with justice to Italy, Europe and the World."

The crowd gave Mussolini a stormy ovation which lasted for a long time.

Count Ciano (Foreign Minister) received the French Ambassador at 4.30 p.m. and made the following statement.—His Majesty the King Emperor declares that Italy considers herself at war with France as from to-morrow, June 11."

A quarter of an hour later Count Ciano received the British Ambassador and made a similar statement regarding Britain.—*Reuter.*

Italians Invade France

New York, June 10.

According to reports reaching here from Berlin, Italian forces invaded the French Riviera at 5.30 p.m. G.M.T. (12.30 a.m. H.K.T.)—*Reuter.*

—RADIO—

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Third of "Toast" Series On Naval Occasions

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 845 k.c's. and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c's. per second.

H. K. T.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.
12.30 **Dance Music by Jack Harris and His Orchestra.**
1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.
1.03 **Selections from Gilbert and Sullivan's "The Pirates of Penzance."**
1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.
1.45 **Lucienne Boyer and Tino Rossi in French Songs.**
2.15 Close Down.
6.00 **An hour of Dance Music.**
7.00 Closing local Stock Quotations.
7.02 **A Variety Programme.**
7.30 **London Relay—The News.**
8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.
8.03 **Chausson—Symphony in B Flat Major, Op. 20.**
Orchestre de la Societe des Concerts du Conservatoire cond. by Piero Coppola.
8.35 **Sea Shanties by John Goss (Baritone) and Cathedral Male Voice Quartet.**
8.45 **Studio—The "Toast" Series on Naval Occasions No. 3: "The Convoys and The Escorts."**
8.57 **Strauss—"Der Rosenkavalier" Suite.**
Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Karl Alwin.
9.15 **London Relay—News Summary.**
9.30 **London Relay—"Cards on the Table."**
9.45 **Richards Crooks (Tenor) and the Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.**
10.15 **Dance Music and Variety.**
11.00 Close Down.

ROYALTY FOR CANADA

Dutch Family Reported To Have Left Britain

Washington, June 10.

The Netherlands Minister to-day declined to confirm or deny reports that members of the Dutch Royal family were *en route* to Canada seeking refuge from the expected *blitzkrieg* against the British Isles.

Mr. F. E. M. Groenman, Dutch Minister in Canada, is reported to be in Halifax awaiting the arrival of important personages from abroad.—*United Press.*

CRIPPS IN BUCHAREST

London, June 10.

Sir Stafford Cripps, who has been appointed new British Ambassador to Russia, has arrived at Bucharest on his way to Moscow from Sofia.—*United Press.*

The
Hongkong Telegraph Tenth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1940.

Two Silver Trophies Awarded by ILFORD LTD.
For the best and second-best entries.

Four Silver Trophies Awarded by EASTMAN KODAK CO.
First Prizes in each of the four Sections.

$250 CASH PRIZES $250

SECTION ONE
General Pictorial: Land and Seascapes: Architecture: Street Scenes, etc.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50

SECTION TWO
Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human Studies.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50.

SECTION THREE
Still Life and Table Top Studies.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50

SECTION FOUR
(Craftsmen's Section)
The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.
1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50.

RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the *Hongkong Telegraph.*
5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
9.—No picture to entered in more than one Section.
10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10×12, 15×20.
11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
12.—Members of the Staffs of the *Hongkong Telegraph* and the *South China Morning Post* are not permitted to compete.
13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.
14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the *Telegraph* offices within seven days.

ENTRY FORM

SECTION ....
NAME ....
ADDRESS ....

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry in Sections 1, 2 and 3.

J. ULLMANN & CO.
Established 1860.

LIFETIME WATCH

SELFWINDING
WATERPROOF
STAINLESS STEEL
SHOCK RESISTING
ANTIMAGNETIC

$75.—

THE MEN'S WRIST WATCH OF QUALITY
SWITZERLAND'S BEST

J. ULLMANN & CO.
Chater Road

MAGAZINE PAGE

How Much Do You Give Your Wife?

SPOTLIGHT ON SOME FAMILY BUDGETS

THE question, "How much do you give your wife?" depends on the question, "How many bills do you let her settle?"

Take housekeeping money. Wife buys the food, the cleaning materials. All right. But does she pay for the heating? What about the odd chemists' bills? Flowers?

So before we tackle this question let us consider the whole question of who pays what and how you spend your money.

There are two ways of handling your income. Ninety-nine per cent. of the men seem to do it the wrong way.

★

THE RIGHT WAY. You can add together your war tax, rent, rates, clubs, insurance and any other big bills—in fact, all the bills which come in quarterly or less frequently—divide the answer by twelve, and religiously put aside this sum of money every month.

This way you may have to do without cigarettes or the cinema at the end of the month. But you do not lose a single night's sleep through worry. You don't have to trouble when those little buff envelopes arrive and hide them behind the clock.

THE WRONG WAY. Regulate your own expenditure at roughly the level of that of your friends. Allow your wife as little as you can settle for (because she'll certainly overspend it), pay the household bills promptly when they come in, and put aside whatever is left over. Then when the big bills come in you'll find you haven't enough, so you have to mobilise that $200 you were keeping to have a holiday.

★

HERE are five typical family systems. See where you fit in.

Scheme 1. The man hands his entire income over to his wife, who gives him back some pocket money.

Scheme 2. Husband gives his wife a dress allowance and pays all other bills himself.

Scheme 3. Husband gives wife a dress allowance *and* a house-keeping allowance, and pays all the big bills himself (if he can).

Scheme 4. Husband gives wife an allowance and *gives himself a definite allowance*, instead of just putting his hand in his pocket whenever he wants something. Banks the rest of the income—a definite sum at the beginning of the month. But no effort is made to reckon whether this sum will prove adequate on quarter day.

Scheme 5. The honour system, or total muddle. Put all the money in the bank, and husband and wife each draw cheques when they like, relying on one another not to overdo it.

★

NOW when it comes to making your wife an allowance remember, these four points:

Twenty to 25 per cent. of the housekeeping money may go on something you can't see—cleaning (including laundry). It seems irritating spending money just to stay the same, but that's how it goes.

Clothes mean more to a woman than just coverings to keep out the cold. A good deal of the money she spends on them really ought to go down on your budget under Entertainment.

Women are usually reasonably businesslike about immediate expenditure. Few of them can look more than a week or two ahead. Quarterly bills catch them unprepared. Half-yearly bills floor them.

Women invariably embezzle. Your wife will without a qualm borrow money from the housekeeping account to enable her to get that heavenly little hat that's so cheap.

Women are born optimists. If your wife gives you an estimate of what she needs for clothes, remember that what she means is: "This is the lowest possible sum for which, by the greatest luck, and if I get everything at a sale, I *might* be able to dress myself."

Take a look at your wife. Base your budget on her character. Then let her make her mistakes her own way.

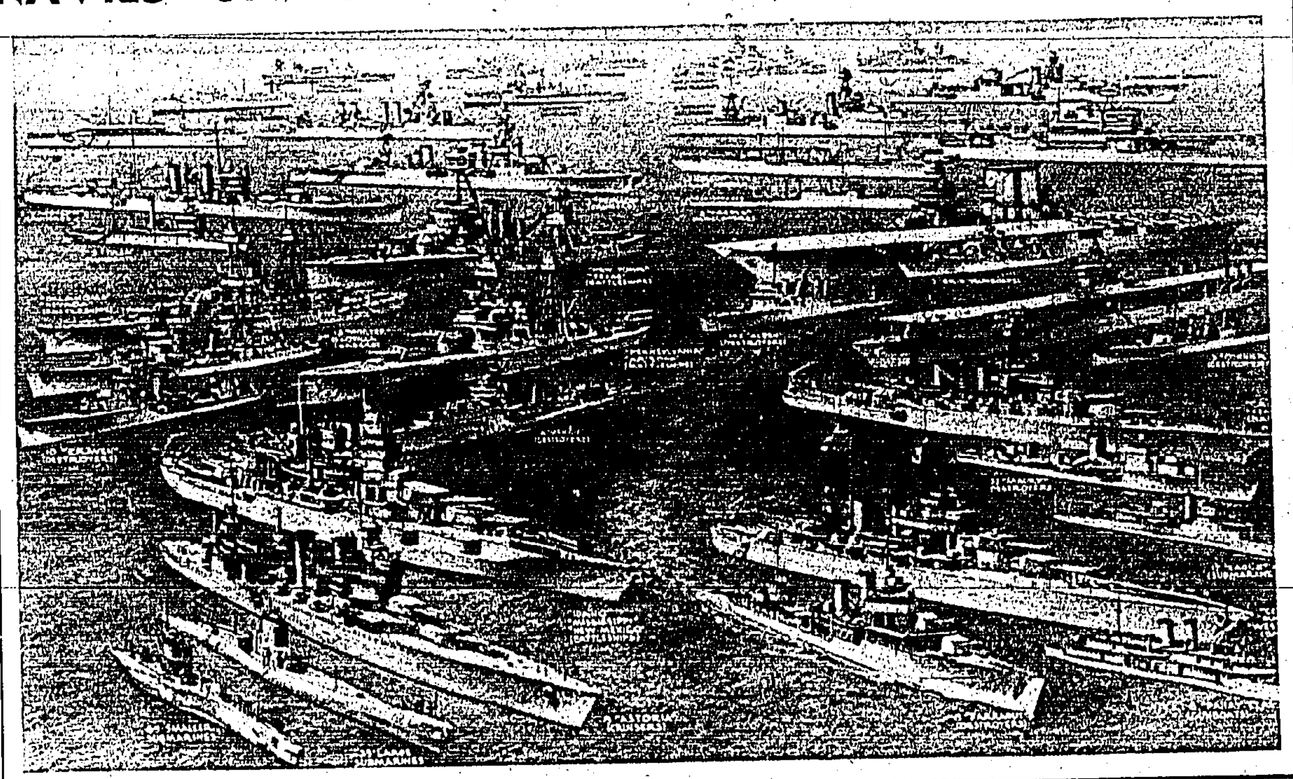
If she has no head for figures, she'll let you do the job and flatter you about your "reliability."

If she's the determined sort she'll probably settle how you spend your income, anyway.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty

"I don't like repeating myself, dear—what did I say was the matter with you the last time Aunt Minnie wanted to visit us?"

NAVIES OF THE GREAT POWERS - 3.....AMERICA



THE FIRST V. C.

The first V.C. of the war was awarded last week to Capt. Warburton Lee, R.N., for his exploit at Narvik.

One thousand one hundred and fifty-seven men have received the Victoria Cross, so far. Two of these were given a bar as well—Lieutenant Arthur Martin-Leake, and Captain N. G. Chavasse, both of the R.A.M.C.

Lieutenant Martin-Leake won the V.C. in 1902, the bar in 1915. Captain Chavasse won the V.C. in 1916, the bar in 1917.

There have been two cases of father and son winning the medal—Lord Roberts in 1858, his son in 1900; Captain Walter Congreve in 1900, his son in 1916.

★

The scope of the award was increased in 1911 to include Indian troops.

In 1920 women became eligible for the Victoria Cross.

Nurses of all kinds can now receive this award, and civilians of either sex regularly or temporarily "under the orders, direction, or supervision of naval, military or Air Forces of the Empire."

The first V. C. was Midshipman C. D. Lucas, who picked up a shell on the deck of a warship and flung it overboard. That was on June 20, 1854.

The youngest V.C. was John Travers Cornwell, sixteen years old, at the battle of Jutland. The award was made posthumously for "staying at his post on the Chester, in spite of being mortally wounded, until the end of the action."

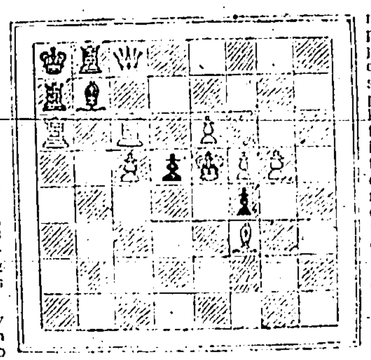
The V.C. is worn before any other decorations.

It entitles a man below the ranks of commissioned officer to £10 a year, with £5 a year extra for a bar.

The intrinsic value of the cross is threepence.

CHESS—the KING OF GAMES

CHESS has been called "The King of Games and the Game of Kings." Both in the East and in the West it has had innumerable royal devotees to whom it was unsafe to say "Checkmate," which means "the King is dead." From the Eleventh Century onwards, when it was introduced into Europe from the East, probably by returned Crusaders, it was the favourite game of the nobility. Indeed, as you find in the mediaeval romances, a knowledge of chess was taken as sufficient proof of noble birth. To-day, for the first time in its long and distinguished history, it has become a democratic diversion.



It is not easy to estimate how many chess-players there are in the world. In the Introduction to one of his excellent treatises on its strategy and tactics, Dr. Lasker, a former world's champion, who has given exhibitions of his profound artistry in every civilised country, estimated the number of players requiring odds of a Queen from any master at 1,000,000. Fifty thousand would be content with a Rook, 20,000 with a Knight, 5,000 with Pawn and Move, and 1,000 could play on equal terms without, however, having more than a forlorn hope of victory. He did not take into consideration the vast multitude of mere "wood-shifters," who know little more than the moves.

* * *

The player without experience of club-play often has a grossly exaggerated idea of his strength. I remember one of these private prodigies telling me that he had never been beaten—and I was able to place him at once, just as "W. G." knew that the batsman who said he had never been bowled for a blob should be No. 11 on the order of going in, no lower place being available. A village tyro, who would beat his cronies, was persuaded to take part in one of Blackwood's exhibitions of simultaneous play. He was soon mopped up, but when asked to describe his experiences proudly explained: "But I chocked (checked) him, and he had to move his King!" Never miss a check!—he had got as far as that fallacious maxim.

Since Lasker's estimate was published the chess-playing population of the world has vastly increased. During the War a very large number of young men found that chess was an antidote to every kind of anxiety. In a letter from the Western Front a friend told me that he could forget everything when engaged in a skittle game. "When I put the bits back in the box," he added, "it seems to me that we have a symbol of death and the life to follow. Like them, we'll be taken out and set up again on the board of life some day."

* * *

When peace broke out, the love of chess spread, new clubs were formed and old ones increased their membership. More than a hundred matches are now played in London during a single week, and the number of club members there and in the provincial cities and towns must run far into five figures, perhaps into six. For every club player there must be ten who are content to play at home, trying to solve problems and studying the published games of masters, if they know the notation. There may be three-quarters of a million players in England. It is for the benefit of the isolated students that I give a clever two-mover which seemed to me and other experienced disciples of Caissa without any solution—till the catch in the position was disclosed.

In Continental countries every other person can play chess, which is often taught in the schools. A tournament was recently held in Russia, for which there were 700,000 entries, and a vigorous chess propaganda is being carried on in the United States, which has already produced a number of brilliant young artists capable of winning international tournaments. I should say there are now between 20,000,000 and 30,000,000 chess players in the world, and each year will see an increase in quality as well as quantity.

The reasons why chess is becoming one of the universal games are not far to seek. In the first place, it satisfies the innate artistic instinct which find no scope in mechanical or monotonous occupations. Secondly, it is a cure for worry—you can think of nothing else when involved in a position full of exciting possibilities.

The humblest novice gets as many thrills out of his artless effort as the "great master" does out of a game which ends in a blaze of sacrificial splendour. Providence seems to collaborate with the former. I well remember an old gentleman at a provincial club who had won several absurd skittle games from an even weaker opponent saying with deep satisfaction: "The pieces have been droppin' very well for me to-night." An example of the unconscious humour which is often noticed in chess resorts, especially those where what a British champion calls "cafe chess," can be seen in full effervescence.

* * *

Thus, the less an onlooker knows about it all the more ready he is to tell you just where you missed a win. Hence Blackburne's satirical saying, "It's not the filthy lucre I object to so much as the filthy looker-on." It is entertaining to hear regular opponents at skittles indict one another for thinking over a move too long. "Wake me up when he moves," says one of them to a spectator, and the other gets his own back by asking, "Is this bed-and-breakfast chess?" Even more amusing is the frequent excuse of the loser of a bout of conversational chess, "You talked me out of the game."

When you have learnt to comprehend the characteristic style of a super-master—the profundity of Lasker, the subtle simplicity of "Capa," the mystic vision of Alekhine, the reasonableness of Euwe—you see that chess is a personal art. And, sometimes by taking thought but more often by happy accident, you yourself may make a picture on the board and collaborate in a game the record of which will be studied a thousand years hence.

CLEARANCE, 1 WEEK ONLY

Special Offer in Cotton House Dresses at

$5.00 $7.50 and $10.00 each

(worth double)

A limited selection only

2 ONLY IN LARGE SIZES

To be Cleared at $2.50 each

Call Early

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

PARLOPHONE

RADIO'S FAVOURITE ORCHESTRA MASCOTTE (Waltzes)

R 2463	Waltzes of the world	Potpourri.
R 2472	After the Ball	Songs d'Automne.
R 2512	Song of Hawaii	Dream waltz.
R 2521	Cavalier	Once on the Rhine.
R 2561	Women of Vienna	You and you.
R 2578	Artists life	Vienna Bonbons.
R 2642	Voice of spring	Autumn murmurs.
R 2656	Acceleration	Budapest.
R 2671	Caresses	Blue like a cornflower.
R 2682	Tidings of spring	Valse Basque.
R 2691	Amphitryon	You will never know.
R 2433	Vienna citizen	Indian summer.
R 2390	Music of the Spheres	My lucky day.
R 2312	Waltz of the dolls	Exultation.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY

MARINA HOUSE 19 QUEEN'S ROAD C. PHONE 24648

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

HONGKONG to SINGAPORE direct

First Week In July

HONGKONG to SAN FRANCISCO direct

Last Week In June

★ ★ AMERICAN ★ ★

PRESIDENT LINES

"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"

AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR AND UNITED AIR LINES.

12 Pedder Street Telephone 28171

The STORY OF OUR PREMIER

During ten years of exile, from 1929 until 1939, Churchill saw men in office who were far less able than he. For Ramsay MacDonald as Nationalist Prime Minister he had nothing but contempt.

"He has", he said, "more than any other man the gift of compressing the largest amount of words into the smallest amount of thought."

Towards Stanley Baldwin his attitude was polite but regretful. "He used to be wiser," he told the House in 1935. "He used frequently to take my advice."

As for Mr. Chamberlain, Churchill has been known in private life to wring his hands in despair over the feeble policies of "that undertaker from Birmingham."

One of his gibes in the House cannot exactly have improved the situation. Malcolm MacDonald, the Colonial Secretary, had occasion to remark in the course of a speech, "I cannot remember the time when I was not told stories about Bethlehem, where the Prince of Peace was born." Churchill turned to his neighbour. "I thought," he said, "it was Birmingham."

* * *

WINSTON CHURCHILL was born on November 30, 1874, in Dublin where his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, was secretary to his father, the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from 1876.

Lord Randolph Churchill was a brilliant parliamentarian, who later distinguished himself in many offices, but chiefly as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

It is one of the great regrets of Winston Churchill that he never really got to know his father intimately since he was nearly always occupied with public affairs, and had little time to devote to his family.

Deep Affection For Mother

On the other hand, he had a deep affection for his mother, an American lady, who was one of the outstanding society figures of her day. It was from her that Winston Churchill acquired that cosmopolitan outlook which has characterised his later life.

It was to his nurse, however, Mrs. Everest that he owed the happiness of his childhood. She was his confidente and constant companion. His friendship for her, like most of his friendships was deep and lasting, continuing up to her death.

At the age of seven he was despatched to St. James preparatory school, one that modelled itself on Eton, and it was here he acquired that distaste for study which lasted for a considerable time.

In fact like Bernard Shaw, he now might very well say "I had a very good education, but it was interrupted while I attended school."

He hated mathematics and Latin and, as a consequence, found it difficult when the time came to pass the entrance examination into Harrow.

However, he did succeed, but never advanced beyond the third form, because of his weakness in the classics and mathematics.

Good Working Arrangement!

He had a good working arrangement with a boy in the sixth form, he says, who construed his Latin for him in return for an English essay each week; a subject in which the senior boy was very weak.

This arrangement worked very well until one day the headmaster summoned the sixth form boy to congratulate him on his excellent essay, which he proceeded to discuss. The youth did not know what the headmaster was talking about and was dismissed with the comment that he was obviously better with his pen than with his tongue.

From Harrow, he just succeeded in getting into Sandhurst where his education really began. Here he found congenial subjects, mastered them quickly and soon advanced to a very high position in his year.

When he had completed his military course at Sandhurst, he found that the Spanish war in Cuba in 1895 was the only fighting going on at this time and, as he very much wanted to see what real war was like, he obtained permission to accompany the Spanish troops. It was a leisurely campaign in which nothing very serious happened and which obviously was going to take a long time to bring to a conclusion, so he returned to England after having had his baptism of fire.

Gazetted to 4th Hussars

He had been gazetted to the 4th Hussars, a cavalry regiment, and proceeded to Bangalore in India. Here he continued his studies through the books his mother despatched to him. He read the best of English literature, philosophy and history, and never relaxed his efforts to make himself a master of English phrase, but, of course, he was not a bookworm, far from it; owing to his amazing energy, he was seldom fatigued, and was therefore able to spend a good deal of time playing polo, a game, of which he was passionately fond, and at which he was an adept.

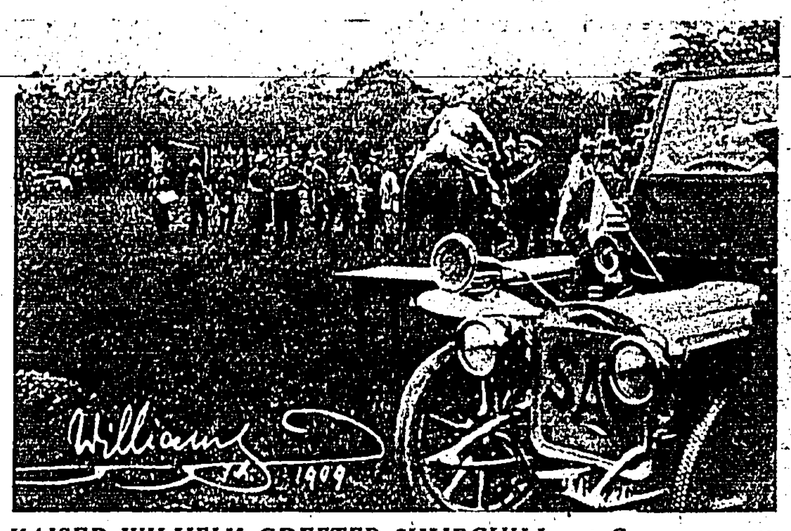
He accompanied the Malakand Field Force and took part in the Tirah campaign on the north west frontier.

About the former he wrote an excellent book which won the commendation of Lord Salisbury and the approval of all the critics.

After considerable difficulty he managed to get a commission which enabled him to join Kitchener's army, in the Sudan which at that time was dealing with the Dervishes.

At the battle of Omdurman he took part in the famous cavalry charge which he describes in that vivid manner which naturally followed from his mastery of English and his actual experiences in the charge.

CHURCHILL'S ILLUSTRIOUS ANCESTOR, the Duke of Marlborough, victor of Blenheim (1704), was England's greatest general. His family has given England countless soldiers and statesmen.



KAISER WILHELM GREETED CHURCHILL at German army manoeuvres in 1909. Churchill was a Cabinet member. The Kaiser signed the picture with the Anglicized version of his name which he liked to affect with English visitors.

His Experience With Kitchener

"Nothing like the Battle of Omdurman," he says, "will ever be seen again. It was the last link in the long chain of those spectacular conflicts whose vivid and majestic splendour has done much to invest war with glamour. Everything was visible to the naked eye. The armies marched and manoeuvred on the crisp surface of the desert plain through which the Nile wandered in broad reaches, now steel, now brass. Cavalry charged at full gallop in close order, and infantry or spearmen stood upright ranged in lines or masses to resist them. From the rocky hills which here and there flanked the great river the whole scene lay revealed in minute detail, curiously twisted, blurred and interspersed with phantom waters by the mirage.

"The collision was now very near. I saw immediately before me, not ten yards away, the two blue men who lay in my path. They were perhaps a couple of yards apart. I rode at the interval between them.

"They both fired. I passed through the smoke conscious that I was unhurt.

"The trooper immediately behind me was killed at this place and at this moment, whether by these shots or not I do not know.

"I checked my pony as the ground began to fall away beneath his feet. The clever animal dropped like a cat four or five feet down on the sandy bed of the watercourse, and in this sandy bed I found myself surrounded by what seemed to be dozens of men. They were not thickly packed enough at this point for me to experience any actual collision with them.

"Whereas Grenfell's troops next but one on my left was brought to a complete standstill and suffered very heavy losses, we seemed to push our way through as one has sometimes seen mounted policemen break up a crowd.

"In less time than it takes to relate, my pony had scrambled up the other side of the ditch."

Saved Life of Brother Officer

He was mentioned in despatches for saving the life of a brother officer on the north west of India and also for his courage in the battle of Omdurman.

It was after this battle when he was returning up the Nile enjoying the peace that follows victory that an Irish doctor claimed a portion of his skin to cover the wound of a soldier whose life depended on such a sacrifice. He cheerfully went through the ordeal which, he said, was like being skinned alive and to this day he bears the scars, but he helped to save the soldier's life.

In 1899, he entered politics, but was defeated as a Conservative in his first election at Oldham.

Boer War Correspondent

The Boer war broke out, and he promptly went out as a war correspondent for the "Morning Post" at a salary of £250 per month with expenses paid.

Just before he embarked for South Africa, several cases of the finest champagne were presented at a farewell dinner to his friend Lord Gerrard, who was told that he had to share them with him. In order to make sure that there would be no delay at the base, he labelled them "Castor Oil." When he and Lord Gerrard had been at Durban some days they sent a telegram of enquiry only to be told that, owing to shortage of supplies, the castor oil had been distributed among the base hospitals, but fresh supplies of the medicine had now arrived and would be despatched in due course to take the place of that which had been appropriated.

In Natal he joined an armoured train which was making a reconnaissance into the country and which was ambushed by the Boers. He worked valiantly under fire for two hours to remove the wrecked wagons, and succeeded, but instead of proceeding with the "engine to safety" he remained with the company of soldiers, and afterwards was confronted by a Boer on horse back who levelled his gun at him. As he had no weapon of any sort upon him he had to surrender. His captor was none other than General Louis Botha who afterwards became one of his greatest friends. This is what he says about him in his autobiography:—

"In 1913, when he, General Botha, returned from a visit to Germany where he had been taking the waters for a cure, he warned me most earnestly of the dangerous mood prevailing there. 'Mind you are ready' he said. 'Do not trust those people. I know they are very dangerous. They mean you mischief. I hear things you would not hear. Mind you have all your ships ready. I can feel that there is danger in the air. And what is more,' he added, 'when the day comes, I am going to be ready too. When they attack you, I am going to attack German South West Africa and clear them out once and for all. I will be there to do my duty when the time comes. But you, with the Navy, mind you are not caught by surprise.'"

Again later in 1919, he writes: "Many high personages visited me at the War Office, but there was only one whom I myself conducted down the great staircase and put with my own hands into his waiting car, and that was Louis Botha."

Escape from Internment

Winston Churchill has always had a great capacity for making friends and keeping them.

As a prisoner then he was interned in a camp in Pretoria, but, of course, loss of liberty merely stimulated his power of invention and so he escaped by literally walking past the sentry after climbing a fence.

He boarded trains by night and finally arrived exhausted at a house which, by luck, was owned by an Englishman, who hid him in a coal mine for three days and then smuggled him into another goods train which carried him into Portuguese East Africa.

This exploit made him the most discussed person in Africa and England, and paved the way for his success in a second attempt to enter Parliament for Oldham after the war was over.

In 1908, he married the daughter of Sir H. M. Hozier, a colonel of Dragoons, and their wedding was the outstanding event of the 1908 London season.

Like so many episodes of Winston Churchill's career, his wedding did not pass without stormy incident. A score of militant suffragettes, agitating for the vote, chained themselves to the railings of the church while the marriage was being solemnised.

As the Conservative Party was committed to Tariff Reform, he went over to the Liberal Party and won a seat by a good majority in the election in North West Manchester. He was made President of the Board of Trade, and in 1910 Home Secretary, in which capacity, remembering his own miserable experience as a prisoner in South Africa, he did a great deal to improve prison life in England, by providing literature, and entertainment to relieve the deadly monotony which weighed so heavily upon the more intelligent prisoners.

His Work at The Admiralty

In 1911, he was made First Lord of the Admiralty and it was due to his untiring exertions in the office that the fleet was ready for its great task in 1914, and was able to bring about the final and complete surrender of the whole German Fleet at Scapa Flow in 1918.

He sponsored the naval expedition to Antwerp and, as he said, and, as many German experts admitted, he delayed the capture of the city by five days and so saved Calais. In spite of that, however, a section of the Cabinet disapproved of this expedition.

Again later he conceived that idea of forcing the Dardanelles, but the Expeditionary force had finally to be withdrawn. The enterprise failed not because, as some have claimed, the idea was wrong, but because those responsible for executing it failed to act on the scale he had recommended.

Introduces the tank

He resigned his office and proceeded to France, from which place he urged the introduction of the new weapon—the tank which was to play such an important part in the war.

He was recalled to England by Mr. Lloyd George now Prime Minister, who made him Minister of Munitions and later Secretary for War and for the Air.

Later, in 1924, he became Chancellor of the Exchequer, a post he held with conspicuous success till the government was defeated in 1928.

As a speaker and debator, Winston Churchill has no equal in the House of Commons.

When Joynson Hicks was defending a certain measure and Winston Churchill was disagreeing with him by shaking his head, Joynson Hicks said: "but I am only expressing my own opinion." "And I," said Winston Churchill, "am only wagging my own head."

When Wedgewood Benn lost his temper at some remark Winston Churchill had made, he said "The Honourable member should not generate more anger than he can contain."

And he can also be incisive as for example when he said "When the Honourable member is about to get up to address the House, he doesn't know what he is going to say, when he is standing up he does not know what he is saying and when he sits down, he doesn't know what he has said."

CHURCHILL WAS CAPTURED by Boers during the Boer War when they derailed a British troop train. He was taken to Pretoria as a prisoner (above), but escaped alone over a prison wall. He was then a war correspondent at £250 month.

His Warnings went heedless

Since 1933, Winston Churchill repeatedly drew attention to the secret rearmament of Germany about which he seemed to get information from very special sources. It was largely owing to his warnings that the nation finally woke up to the danger and began to put its house in order.

When the present war broke out, he was invited by the Prime Minister to assume the post of First Lord of the Admiralty, the same office he held in the beginning of the last war, and in that capacity he backed up the Navy in its grim silent struggle to overcome the U-boat menace.

Outside politics, Mr. Churchill's interests are mainly in the literary field in which he has achieved considerable fame, especially with his outstanding work: "The Life of Marlborough" and "The World Crisis."

At an earlier date, he wrote novels but found that he had a namesake in the United States, who was doing exactly the same thing, so he wrote a letter to him saying that in future to avoid confusion he proposed to call himself Winston Spencer Churchill.

As recreations he has two main hobbies, painting in water colours and brick-laying, his skill in which was recognised by the Bricklayers Union which enrolled him as a member.

It is against Mr. Churchill that the German direct their most violent attacks, because they fear him most.

Commentary on modern war

Yet on reading his autobiography and his thoughts and adventures it is difficult to see why it should be so.

This is his commentary on modern war:

"The obliteration of the personal factor in war, the stripping from high commanders of all the drama of the battlefield, the reducing of their highest function to pure office work, will have profound effects upon sentiment and opinion.

"Hitherto the great captain has been right revered as the genius who by the firmness of his character, and by the mysterious harmonies and inspirations of his nature could rule the storm.

"He did it himself; and no one else could do it so well. He conquered there and then. Often he fell beneath the bolts and the balls, saviour of his native land.

"Now, however, illogical as it may seem and even unjust, his glamour and honours will not readily descend upon our calculating friend at the telephone."

"This worthy must assuredly be rewarded as a useful citizen, and a faithful perspicacious public servant; but not as a hero.

"The heroes of modern war lie out in the cratered field, mangled, stifled, scarred; and there are too many of them for exceptional honours.

"It is mass suffering, mass sacrifice, mass victory. The glory which plays upon the immense scenes of carnage is diffused.

"No more the blaze of triumph irradiates the helmets of the chiefs. There is only the pale light of a rainy dawn by which forty miles of batteries recommence their fire, and another score of divisions founder to their death in mud and poison gas."

His philosophy with regard to war is best expressed in his own words:

"In war resolution, in defeat defiance, in victory magnanimity, in peace goodwill," and lastly with regard to his religious views here again are his own words: "Many centuries were to pass before the God that spake in the Burning Bush was to manifest Himself in a new revelation, which nevertheless was the oldest of all the inspirations of the Hebrew people—as the God not only of Israel, but of all mankind who wished to serve Him; a God not only of justice, but of mercy; a God not only of self-preservation and survival, but of pity, self-sacrifice and ineffable love.

"Let the men of science and of learning expand their knowledge and probe with their researches every detail of the records which have been preserved to us from these dim ages. All they will do is to fortify the grand simplicity and essential accuracy of the recorded truths which have lighted so far the pilgrimage of man."

HOW TO RALLY AFTER ILLNESS

It's an uphill business getting your strength back after serious illness or operation. There's only one thing that can help you—nourishment, plenty of it. But your stomach is as weak as your legs and you hate the thought and sight of food.

Doctors save the situation time and again by giving the convalescent patient Horlicks. It is food in a form which places no strain on the exhausted digestion—and its pleasant, flavour restores the jaded appetite. Horlicks is a complete balanced food, containing all the elements needed for filling out the wasted body with healthy flesh and repairing tattered nerves.

Thousands of people owe their quick recovery to the abundant vitality and energy that Horlicks has poured into their veins. Get Horlicks from your store to-day. Always keep a supply in the house. (3)

BANKS

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853

Paid-up Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £3,000,000
Reserve Fund £3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON,
38 Bishopsgate, E.C.1.
Sub-Agencies in London:
117/123, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3.
West End Branch:
14/16, Cockspur Street, S.W.1.
Manchester Branch:
52, Mosley Street, Manchester, 2.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Alor Star	Harbin	Rangoon
Amritsar	Hongkong	Saigon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Semarang
Batavia	Iloilo	Seremban
Bombay	Karachi	Shanghai
Calcutta	Kidang	Singapore
Agencies:	Kobe	Sitiawan
Clive Street	Kuala	Sourabaya
Fairlie Place	Lumpur	Taiping
Canton	Kuching	Tientsin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tongkah (Ithuket)
Cebu	Manila	Tsingtao
Colombo	Medan	Yokohama
Delhi	New York	
Haiphong	Peiping (Peking)	
Hamburg	Penang	
Hankow		

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for One Year or shorter periods in Local or Other Currencies at rates which will be quoted on application.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS also opened in Local Currency and Sterling with interest allowed at rates obtainable on application.

The Bank's Head Office in London undertakes Executor & Trustee business, and claims recovery of British Income Tax overpaid, on terms which may be ascertained at any of its Agencies and Branches.

R. A. CARRIDGE,
Manager.

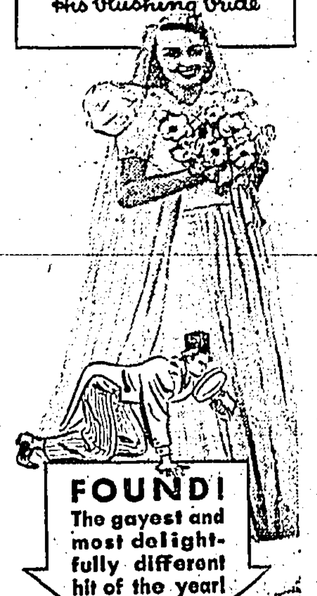
NEXT CHANCE AT THE KING'S

MISSING!

ONE BRIDEGROOM!

Last seen trailing desperate criminal. If found...dump in nearest ashcan (*The heel!!*) No reward!

His blushing bride



FOUND!

The gayest and most delightfully different hit of the year!

Melvyn DOUGLAS ★ Joan BLONDELL

The AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS

with RUTH DONNELLY, CLARENCE KOLB, EDWARD BROPHY

Directed by ALEXANDER HALL

Associate Producer EVERETT RISKIN

A Columbia Picture

ALSO THE LATEST BRITISH NEWSREEL

STOCK MARKET REPORT

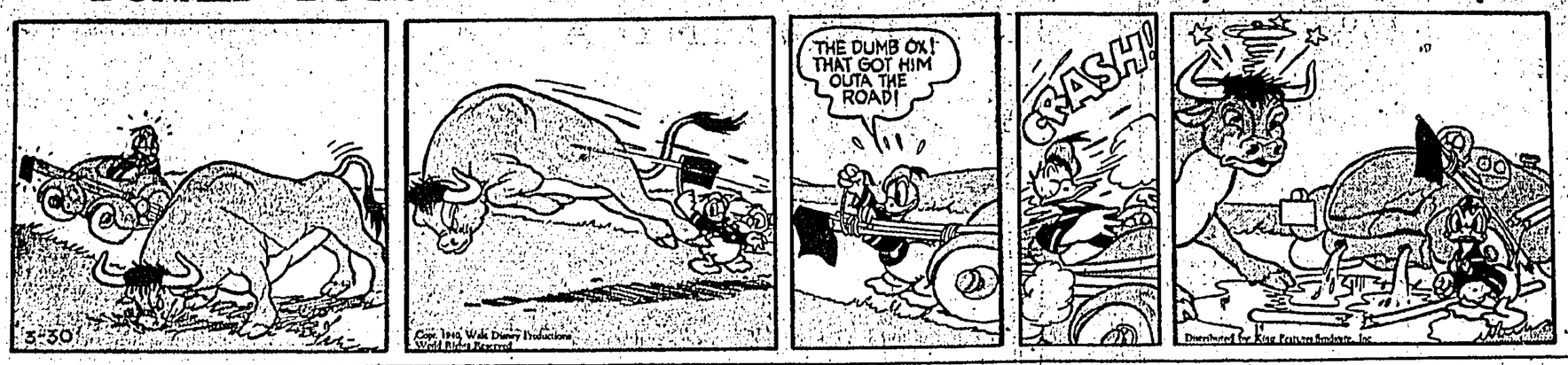
Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

A better turnover was recorded with business being transacted in H.K. Govt. 4% Loan at 103, H.K. Banks at $1335/40 and Electrics at $58½.

Buyers

H.K. Banks $1,335
Providents $3.60
Trams $10.10
Electrics $58.50

DONALD DUCK By Walt Disney



SPECIAL OFFER
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
1 TIN AYLMER PEARS LARGE SIZE
1 TIN MONUMENT THICK CREAM 6 oz.
for $1.40
ORDER THEM NOW!
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
TEL. 28151

Discovering Secrets Of The Graf Spee

FROM its grave in the mud of the River Plate estuary the scuttled pocket battleship Graf Spee is yielding some of Germany's most cherished secrets to British naval experts.

The work of dismantling the partially submerged wreckage is proceeding methodically, and though it was announced the wreck was bought by a Montevideo scrap-iron dealer, it is noticeable that the salvage is being directed under conditions of greatest secrecy by British engineers.

Divers have entered the forward magazine where they have discovered a large quantity of unexploded shells. The deck-plates have been analysed and found to be made of a hitherto unknown steel alloy.

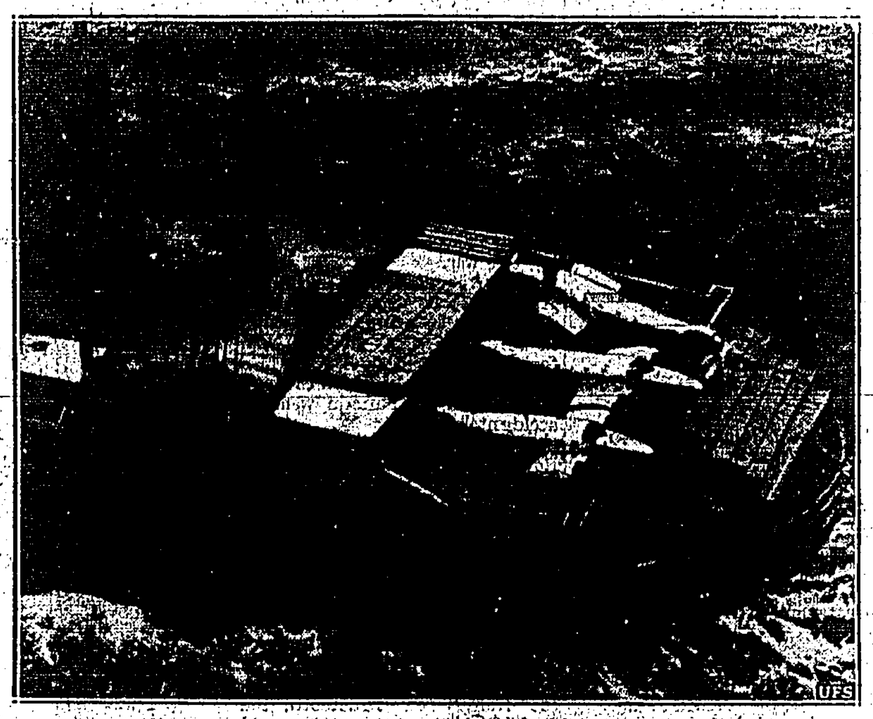
The vessel's Diesel engines and other machinery are protected by rustproof metal plates.

In the bow divers discovered a disappearing anti-aircraft gun with rapid-action hoisting mechanism.

Efforts to secure the fighting tower with the much-vaunted German range-finder have so far been unsuccessful. The structure was about to be hoisted by a floating crane when a sudden storm caused it to capsize.

LINER SAILS WITH WAR LOAD

WEIGHTED DOWN with heavy cargo of war supplies, French line Ile de France slips out of New York harbour, camouflaged with gray and black paint. This stern view shows speedy warplanes lashed to aft-deck, where formerly tourists' chairs were placed. Closest secrecy surrounded her loading and destination. She is second in size to Normandie.



School Crisis

"Public" May Be Right At Last

BRITAIN'S famous public schools may open their doors to boys who have "graduated" from the elementary schools and provide them with free education.

This proposal will be discussed by the Headmasters' Conference, representing 180 schools, when it meets at Old Charterhouse in London recently.

So severe is the financial crisis some public schools are facing as result of the war that in order to qualify for a Government grant they may be obliged to offer 25 per cent. of free places to boys from working-class homes.

Fitted Out Free

These boys will be equipped free of charge with the traditional uniform, be it topper, boater, black jacket, striped trousers or flannels.

And afterwards, of course, they will be entitled to wear the Old School Tie.

Another alternative is an all-round reduction in fees to encourage new entrants.

The discussion will be "purely exploratory."—It will be based upon recommendations made by a committee of public schools experts who have considered replies to a country-wide questionnaire.

Delegates will report to their respective Boards of Governors, who must take the final decision.

"The Government has made no approach to the public schools on this question—the approach must come from them," said an official at the Board of Education, which will be represented at the meeting.

Half Of London Is Lazy—Or VEGETARIAN?

ONLY 3,565,390 of the population of Greater London—less than half—have bothered to register at butchers' shops for meat rations.

The Food Ministry is so worried over the position that it has decided to allow those who register immediately to become eligible for meat rations.

Only a small proportion of the 4,000,000 who have failed to register can be vegetarians. The remainder, the Ministry believes, are just careless.

Butchers, are receiving supplies based on their registrations.

Only the fact that the Ministry is at present allowing a generous margin is saving many butchers from a shortage.

Those who have not registered will be unlucky when rationing begins.

Another oddity about rationing is that while 7,338,937 Greater Londoners have registered for butter, only 7,291,185 have registered for sugar, and 6,998,687 for bacon and ham.

BRAZIL'S GOLD

Gold production in Brazil—most of the big mines belong to British-owned concerns—is rising steadily.

LADY KERR CLARK KERR

Lady Kerr Clark Kerr, wife of the British Ambassador, who arrived in the Colony from Chungking on Wednesday, left by steamer for Shanghai on Friday.

The Ambassador is due to arrive in the Colony shortly from Chungking on his way to Shanghai.

COMMANDER TO TURN FARMER FOR A WEEK

COMMANDER HENRY FORRESTER, R.N. (retired), D.S.C., who commanded a destroyer in the last war and is now a London business man, has decided to give up a fishing holiday to work on a farm.

Having read that there were farms in dire need of labour, he asked a newspaper to find him a job for the week off he proposes to take.

Commander Forrester served in the Dover Patrol both under Admiral Sir Roger Keyes and Admiral Evans of the Broke.

At the beginning of this war Admiral Evans offered him an A.R.P. job, but he was stationed at a South-East Coast port.

"I know a bit about agriculture," he said. "I can do a hundred and one odd jobs on a farm. I can do anything from collecting eggs to milking cows—I do know how to milk. I can clean out a byre or drive cows in. With very little training I could drive a tractor."

Their Harvest Needs

The Ministry of Agriculture gave Commander Forrester the name and address of a county executive officer.

"But," said an official, "it is at haytime and harvest that we really want casual labour. A cowman for a week is all very nice, but he leaves, and the farmer is without a cowman. But in the summer farmers would be overjoyed if men and women could spend all or part of their holidays on a farm and lend a hand. Commander Forrester's example is pre-eminently one to be commended . . . and followed."

New Search For Amelia Earhart

PLANS are being made here to send on elaborately equipped yacht this summer to search a 150,000 square miles area of the South Seas for the loss flyers, Amelia Earhart and Captain Fred Noonan, who were lost on their 1937, world flight.

Los Angeles.

One of the founders of the organization said the flyers may have reached in uncharted island.

The vessel will carry six motor-boats for island landings and an amphibian plane for scouting.

Boy's Remand Home Allegations

When a 14-year-old boy appeared at Slough Juvenile Court a letter from his parents complaining at his treatment whilst at a remand home was handed to the chairman.

After he had read it Alderman Trevener said the allegations were so serious that they must be thoroughly investigated. He would visit the home in company with an attendance officer.

Alderman Trevener, a member of Slough Borough Council has been a J.P. for 13 years. He has visited prisons in all parts of the country because he believes that magistrates should be familiar with the conditions under which prisoners have to live.

R.A.F. Man Shouts At C.O. Tribunal

A YOUNG man in R.A.F. uniform shouted a protest recently at the London Conscientious Objectors' Tribunal.

There had been a number of interruptions from the public gallery.

When an objector was asked if he had read the Old Testament there was a cry from the gallery: "Have you?"

"Before I Go—"

The Chairman (Judge Hargreaves): If that man up there doesn't keep quiet and goes on asking these impudent questions I shall have to ask him to leave the gallery.

The chairman was asking two people to leave when the young airman over the gallery rail, said: "It was I. Before I go I should like to protest. If this is justice, anyway, I would rather leave."

"Don't Tell Him"

When the chairman asked his name and unit there were cries in the gallery of, "Don't tell him," and the airman replied, "Ask our commanding officer, King George the Sixth."

Judge Hargreaves: Leave this building as soon as you can. If you are ashamed of your name you had better go.

As he left the airman shouted, "Thank God I am not an Englishman like you."

Lucky To Be In England

Five men, all aged between 20 and 28, said to have been selling political literature, were fined 5s. each at Marlborough Street for obstructing the footway outside Hyde Park.

The magistrate (Sir Gervais Rentoul) told them: "I suppose there is no other country in Europe where five men selling literature of this kind would merely have to answer a charge of obstruction. They would find that much more serious consequences would follow."

I want to tell you about..
THE NEW FEATURES OF THE KOTEX PAD

THE KOTEX LABORATORY has developed an improved type of moisture-resistant material . . . made specially for Kotex sanitary napkins. And a protective panel of this material is now placed between the soft folds of every Kotex pad! . . . So remember this new Kotex feature — all you who believe in "Safety First"! Remember, too, all the other advantages Kotex has to offer . . .

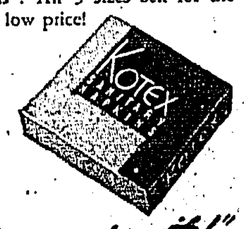
Many a time—you'll be thankful Kotex doesn't make "tell-tale outlines"! Just compare the flat, pressed ends (patented by Kotex) with the thick, stubby ends of other napkins! It's easy to see why Kotex never makes embarrassing bulges....

Easy to see why it's so comfortable, too! Kotex is made in soft folds (with more absorbent material where needed . . . less in the non-effective portions of the pad). Naturally, Kotex is less bulky than pads with loose, wadded fillers! And the soft cotton under the gauze makes it less apt to chafe!

Kotex comes in 3 sizes, too! Super—Regular—Junior. Kotex is the only popular-priced napkin that offers you a choice of 3 different sizes! (So you may vary the size pad according to each day's needs!)

All 3 sizes have soft, folded centers . . . flat, tapered ends . . . and moisture-resistant "safety panels". All 3 sizes sell for the same low price!

FEEL ITS NEW SOFTNESS
PROVE ITS NEW SAFETY
COMPARE ITS NEW, FLATTER ENDS



"You scarcely know you're wearing it!"

CONCENTRATED — THEREFORE ECONOMICAL

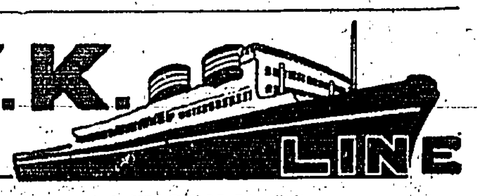
If you want to save money, yet use the best dentifrice you can buy, try the Kolynos "dry brush" technique.—That is, use only a half-inch of Kolynos on a dry brush. See how quickly Kolynos becomes a pleasant-tasting, active foam that surges into every crevice on and between the teeth. Stains and discoloration disappear almost at once.

Start this amazing Kolynos "dry brush" technique today. You'll see how really clean and sparkling your teeth can be and how economical Kolynos is to use.

For further ECONOMY BUY the LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

N.Y.K. LINE



IMMINENT SAILINGS
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT

LIVERPOOL, via SINGAPORE, MARSEILLES, (CASABLANCA), etc. ..... NEXT WEEK
Shanghai, Japan, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES ..... NEXT WEEK
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, via MANILA and Way Ports ..... END OF JUNE
VANCOUVER and SEATTLE ..... FORTNIGHTLY

FREIGHT ONLY

CALCUTTA ..... THIS WEEK
NEW YORK via JAPAN, LOS ANGELES & PANAMA ..... THIS WEEK
BOMBAY ..... END OF JUNE

Complete Information From Your Agent or:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
KING'S BUILDING TELEPHONE 30291.
General Passenger Agents in the Orient for Cunard White Star Line

WATSON'S

LAVENDER TALCUM POWDER

A TOILET NECESSITY FOR COMFORT

COMBINING THE FRAGRANCE OF OLD ENGLISH LAVENDER WITH MILD ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT QUALITIES IN IMPROVED FORM.

IN LARGE SIZE CONTAINER ..... 80 cts.

REFILLS ..... 60 cts.

PREPARED BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

EST. 1841.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS

MOUTRIE PIANOS

1875—S. MOUTRIE & CO., THE PIONEERS WHO BUILT PIANOS IN THE FAR EAST SPECIALLY TO WITHSTAND CLIMATIC CONDITIONS.

1940—MAINTAINING THAT PRESTIGE, THE MOUTRIE PIANOFORTES OF TO-DAY ARE THE CHOICE OF MUSICIANS.

CATALOGUES ON REQUEST

DEFERRED PAYMENTS ARRANGED

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

York Building Chater Road.

EMPRESS LUXURY

Speed across the Pacific by luxurious *Empress* liners, then . . . Victoria . . . stop over if you wish . . . and Vancouver in Canada's Evergreen playground.

NEXT SAILING FROM HONGKONG

SECOND WEEK IN JUNE.

(Omitting Honolulu)

Fast through *AIR CONDITIONED* trains from ship's side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles of travel through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes can be included as optional routes on your coast-to-coast trip. Stop over anywhere you wish.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway, and a quick crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic fleet.

NEXT SAILING TO MANILA

THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY

For full information consult your travel agent, or

Union Building, Hong Kong. Telephone 20752.

Canadian Pacific

World's Greatest Travel System

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange

Chicago Board of Trade

Manila Stock Exchange

Winnipeg Grain Exchange

Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York

Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal

New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange

Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

Shanghai Stock Exchange

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA and BUENOS AIRES

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

GONE

ARE THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE

And Gone with them are the old-fashioned methods of waxing the carriage.

Have you been using the same auto wax for years . . . simply through force of habit? . . . Don't use a horse and carriage auto wax.

It is no longer necessary to work all day, to wear yourself out . . . to RUB and RUB, in order to attain a waterproof, weather resisting wax finish for your car.

Try WHIZ LONDON COACH WAX for longer lasting beauty for your automobile and less work for you. Your waxing troubles, like the horse and buggy, will be **Gone**

Whiz

Sold Here HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE Stubbs Rd.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Tuesday, June 11, 1940.
Wyndham St., Hongkong
Telephone: 26015

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Associations, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

Fore-arm Hongkong

BIGGER and deadlier surprises have befallen the Allies in the past month than ever before in our history. The Nazis have invented an entirely new strategy of war. Petrol used simultaneously in the air and on the ground has disorganised the calculations of the Allied General Staffs as completely as gunpowder confused the tactics of commanders in the Middle Ages.

We can be sure that fresh surprises will be sprung upon the Allies by Hitler. And Hitler is apt to be aped. That is why, in this integral part of the British Empire, we must use more imagination in our defensive measures than we have in the past.

Hongkong, we can assure our readers, is quite safe—for the present. On the only occasion in its near-century of history in which it was menaced, we had plenty of warning. There were massive concentrations of troops on our frontier: we had time to demolish bridges, prepare roads for dynamiting, evacuate many of our women and children. There will be no such warning again.

For the safety of the Colony it is time for all of us, soldiers and civilians alike, to think ahead. Not because we believe that we may be menaced, but because we should believe that we cannot be taken by surprise.

Our volunteers should be mobilised, even if only partially, as suggested by a correspondent. They should wear their uniforms and carry their rifles to their offices. Not because, as suggested by another correspondent, uniformed volunteers would look impressive and would feel more fully their sense of responsibility, but because it is sane common-sense to know that they are soldiers at a moment's notice. An un-uniformed soldier or civilian who fires on or opposes an invader is a *franc tireur* and, as such, liable to face a firing squad.

More and more food should be conserved in the Colony. The Government should appeal to householders to lay in adequate supplies. Our water supply is a matter to which even greater attention should be given. Hongkong depends entirely upon reservoirs, which (events in Europe have conclusively proved) can be destroyed by bombing despite A.A. defences. This is the time to put in order all the wells and pumps on which we may be forced to rely.

In all the invasions which the Germans have so far carried out, the most disrupting and dismaying factor has been the sudden appearance of secret enemy agents in the heart of the invaded country. We have many such potential fifth columnists in Hongkong who are not Germans or Austrians. A system of identity cards for all Chinese inhabitants should be instituted. We should weed out those Chinese who might aid an enemy and not us. It is no use blinding ourselves to the fact that, whilst an overwhelming majority of the Chinese people are friendly towards the British, there are in our midst supporters of an anti-Chungking regime whose avowed object is the destruction of westerners in China and who would support any enemy who attacked us.

We want to be ready for any emergency because the more prepared we are the less likely is that emergency liable to arise. It used to be fore-warned is fore-armed. In modern warfare to be fore-armed is to be fore-warned.

IS MUSSOLINI A Sawdust Caesar?

—it depends what angle you take the picture from

HE was the son of a blacksmith, and he became First Man in Rome.

He rebuilt the city of the Caesars.

But—

He never marched on Rome. He sat at home. When he went it was by invitation, and he travelled "soft" in a Pullman. He struggled into his black shirt as the train got into Rome station.

☆ ☆ ☆

Once he fled abroad to dodge military service, and was posted as deserter.

Once he led a riot against an Italian invasion of Africa.

And he opposed Italy's entering the war.

When he was drafted to the front he spent fewer than forty days in the trenches, and though he bears the mark of more than forty wounds, he got them in a training school, miles in the rear, when a hand grenade went off accidentally.

So George Seldes, former Rome correspondent of the "Chicago Tribune," says in a bitter, brilliant investive against Mussolini, "Sawdust Caesar" (Arthur Barker, 12s. 6d.). He seeks to strip away the myth of Mussolini as her-leader, and to tell the story of an Italian gangster, rising by craft and violence to run a nation-wide racket.

The author specifically charges the Fascist regime with the murder of Matteotti, the Socialist leader. That is an old charge and an ugly one. But this is the first time to my knowledge that Mussolini has been accused of taking over the Mafia, Italy's secret terrorists, and employing them as an official Black Hand gang.

If things can really go like that in Italy you may wonder why it is that Mr. Al Capone is sitting in Alcantraz Jail, California, instead of running the United States from the White House.

☆ ☆ ☆

Mussolini's father was a Socialist and an atheist, and he named his heir Benito, after Benito Juarez, the Mexican rebel. He beat Benito frequently with a leather belt. Mussolini's mother was devout, and sent Young Hopeful to the school of the Salesian friars at Faenza. He fought his fellows, and the good friars, in turn, beat him.

When his father took up innkeeping, and turned the bar into a nest of Anarchists, Socialists, and Syndicalists, Master Benito found plenty of scope for scrapping in his spare time. The rest of his day was taken up with teaching. As he made no bones about his disbelief in religion he got into frequent trouble.

The police kept their eye on him. His time was coming for military service. One day they turned their backs for a moment, and Mussolini bolted over the frontier into Switzerland.

He had two shillings in his pocket and no friends. He fled and not because he feared service, but because he hated service. He slept under bridges, he came near starvation. He was locked up as a vagabond.

Serrati, the secretary of the local Socialist party, had pity on him and took him in. He found him a job as bricklayer's mate.

Switzerland expelled Mussolini as a dangerous agitator. He found refuge in Austria. And there he began his career as journalist, working with Cesare Battisti. His paper was Socialist, and Nationalist—that is, it was pro-Italian and against the Austrian Government. Naturally, it was violent.

☆ ☆ ☆

In the middle of it all, Mussolini went back to Italy and served his time in the Bersaglieri, famous Alpine regiment. He returned to Austria, and was jailed again.

When he left Austria for good it was to plunge into strikes, riots and plots at home. He advocated revolution, with plenty of blood in it. Eleven times in all Mussolini went to prison.

He became editor of "Avanti," chief Socialist newspaper. He rose to lead the Socialist Party of Italy. War came, and he called for neutrality in the foreign war, and civil war at home—up to September 21, 1914. On September 25 he clamoured for all Italy to march to save ravished France.

A howl went up from the Socialist ranks—*CHI PAGA?* (Who has paid?) He was accused of taking French gold. The charge has not been proved. Seldes repeats the story told by Maitre Torres in the French courts that Mussolini was paid 15,000 francs down and 10,000 francs a month.

Mussolini was expelled from the Socialist Party. "You hate me because you love me!" he yelled above the din. "You may tear up my Socialist card! You cannot deprive me of my Socialist faith!"

On November 1 he launched a new journal, "Il Popolo d'Italia," dedicated to urging war and savaging his late colleagues.

Where was Fascism born? On September 24, 1914, in the brain of Mussolini. It did not take a physical form until October 1917, when with Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, he formed the Fascio di Resistenza to organise defence after the collapse of Caporetto.

☆ ☆ ☆

But it was d'Annunzio and not Mussolini who carried the thing through after the war. It was the poet, not the politician, who seized Fiume for Italy, and prepared to hold it for Italy even against Italian royal troops.

Mussolini spent those hectic and fake-heroic years organising his party in the industrial north. The Fascist chief at this time was talking red revolution. He supported the seizure of the factories and the general strike. He came out with a programme of land nationalisation.

Only when the Bolshevik menace died away did Mussolini denounce it. By 1922 the Red forces were hopelessly split, and trade was rising again.

It was the army, says Seldes, not Mussolini, who planned to kick out the old Liberal regime and set up a dictatorship of Big Business. They offered the job first to d'Annunzio, who refused it. Mussolini was only third choice.

The army *allowed* the Blackshirts to march on Rome. Only about 8,000 went, not the 100,000 that the legend tells of. The rest arrived by rail.

☆ ☆ ☆

Since then Mussolini has consolidated, "eliminated from circulation" his enemies, side-tracked his friends. He has been the journalist who suppressed free journalism. All that, says the author, by ruthless gangstering, and yet the present state of Italy is desperate.

Desperate indeed, if all this is true. For if Mussolini is really no more than a ferocious hoodlum, the twentieth-century version of a Renaissance *condottiere*, how will you measure the height of the great and cultured nation over which he towers?

Mussolini most publicised figure in the world, always insists on being photographed from below so that he looks like a giant. Seldes gives another shot, taken from above, to make him look a dwarf. Nothing can lie like a camera.

Frank Owen

CARTOON . . . . . By Strube

THE WARNING

(In the film, Pinocchio is warned by his conscience, Jiminy Cricket).

BRITAIN READY

Italy's Threat Will Be Answered

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Ministry of Information states that the preparations of the Allied Government regarding Italy are complete and that they will know how to meet sword with sword.

In the struggle between civilisation and the pagan hordes of Germany, the Fascist Government have waited to intervene at a moment of embarassment for the Allies.

It is hoped by this unchivalrous and cowardly policy to secure for Italy such plunder as Germany will graciously permit her to have.

Contempt Of The World

But what the Italians will in fact experience is the contempt of the world and the armed might of the two Empires which Italy has wantonly attacked.

This is to be a long war and it will be fought on land and in the air with vast resources at the disposal of the Allies. It will be fought until the German menace is lifted from Europe.

There is no hope, therefore, of Italy obtaining great successes in a short while and at little cost.

She will be called upon for great sacrifices to Germany's advantage.

Decision Discounted

The Allied Governments, for some time, have discounted Italy's decision.

The Balkan people will have noted Mussolini's reassuring words in their regard.

The axis Powers have been prodigal of such assurance as Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg have learnt to their cost.

Canada Declares War

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Commons has unanimously voted a declaration of war against Italy.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King moved the resolution, declaring it expedient that the Canadian Government should declare a state of war against Italy on behalf of the people of Canada.

Mr. Hanson, Leader of the Opposition, seconded the resolution.

Know Where We Stand

In moving the resolution, Mr. Mackenzie King said that knowing where Italy stands has freed the hands of Britain and France for more vigorous action.

Mr. Mackenzie King added: "While the Allied world breathes hard, it may truly be said that it breathes more easily. During the past several months, Mussolini was like a carrion bird of prey.

"We cannot stand idly by in face of this new threat to democracy."

The Senate subsequently approved the war resolution and then adjourned.

Italy's Vulnerability

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Hugh Dalton, Minister of Economic Warfare, in an interview, stated that Italy is most vulnerable to economic blockade.

She is dependent on outside sources for almost every important war material—oil, metals, rubber, iron ore and coal. She cannot last long.

Once her present stocks are exhausted, she will become a grave economic liability to Hitler.

GLORIOUS LOST

FROM PAGE ONE

now be presumed that the aircraft carrier, H.M.S. Glorious (Capt. G. D'Oyly-Hughes, D.S.O., D.S.C.), the transport steamer Orama, the tanker steamship Oil Pioneer, the destroyers Acasta (Commander C. E. Glassfurd) and the Ardente (Lt. Commdr. J. F. Barker) have been lost.

The communique announcing these losses states that as no further information has been received regarding the naval operations in connection with the withdrawal communique, and as up to the present it has not been possible to establish communication with certain ships, the Admiralty regrets that it must be presumed that these ships have been lost.

No Troops Aboard

It is known that the Orama had no troops aboard.

The two destroyers, Acasta and Ardente were in company with the Glorious and are probably the vessels referred to in the German communique as destroyer and submarine chaser. No news has been received from either of these vessels.

The German communique states that there are several hundred survivors from our ships.

FRENCH EAGER FOR FRAY

Near East Forces Well Prepared

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—"Reuter's" special correspondent on the Syrian-Turkish frontier, after touring Syria and Lebanon, wires:

"I saw something of the formidable French forces that are not only waiting but individually almost hoping for action in the Near East. They include, besides French conscript troops, the colourful Spahis and dashing Circasian cavalry.

Arrangements Perfected

"A section of these Circasians form the personal bodyguard of General Eugene Mittelhauser, the French Commander-in-Chief in the Levant.

"The forces are well spread out at different parts of the country. Some are billeted in tiny villages, others are encamped in the rocky mountain ranges. All have been busy since the outbreak of war in perfecting and completing preparations.

"Morale is excellent. As one Parisian told this correspondent, 'We are prepared for anything except perhaps boredom.'"

Islamic Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The New York "Times" war correspondent, Joseph Levy, writing from Cairo, describes the reaction in Cairo to any attack from Italy.

"Any observer with a thorough knowledge of Islamic religious psychology would not hesitate to affirm, that the most modern armaments, tanks, Gestapo and OGPU methods would have a very slight chance against a Moslem religious war because every faithful Mohammedan sincerely and unflinchingly believes that dying for his religion is a sure road to Paradise.

"If Mussolini is well informed about Mohammed and his religion he would think twice before making an air raid on Cairo.

A Great Disappointment

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Cordell Hull, the U.S. Secretary of State, said Italy's entry into the war would prove a great disappointment to peoples everywhere and a great human tragedy.

AMERICAN AID FOR ALLIES

FROM PAGE ONE

of force was made by President Roosevelt in his address at the University of Virginia.

The President said the people and Government of the United States had seen with the utmost, urgent and grave disquiet the decision of the Italian Government to engage in the hostilities.

The sympathies of the American republics lie with those nations which are giving their lifeblood in combat against the gods of force and hate.

The Obvious Course

Two obvious course would be pursued simultaneously. "We will extend to the opponents of force the material resources of this nation, and at the same time will harness and accelerate the use of those resources so that we ourselves in the Americas may have equipment and training equal to any emergency.

"All roads leading to the accomplishment of these objectives must be clear of obstructions. The signs and signals call for full speed ahead."

President Roosevelt called on Americans for effort, courage, sacrifice and devotion.

He related how the United States Government had tried to swerve Italy from war and said that he had proposed that if Italy would refrain from going to war, he would be willing to ask for assurances from other powers concerned that they would execute faithfully any agreement made to effect readjustments desired by Italy.

Unfortunately, Mussolini was unwilling to accept the procedure suggested.

HITLER BECOMES PIOUS

BERLIN, June 10 (Reuter).—Hitler has telegraphed the King of Italy the following message:

"Providence has willed that against our intentions we are compelled to defend the freedom and future of our peoples in the struggle against Britain and France.

"In this historic moment, we are sure that we shall win and then the vital rights of our two nations will be secure for all time."

250,000 STAND AND LISTEN TO IL DUCE

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In a running commentary before Signor Mussolini's speech, the Rome radio announcer stated that 80,000,000 Germans would be listening to Il Duce's words.

He added: "Let us salute them at this moment when we are now 150,000,000 standing together."

The commentator estimated that about 250,000 people were gathered in the Palazzo Venetia.

They carried posters bearing the names of towns and territories claimed by Italy.

All Shops Closed

All shops were closed to enable their employees to hear Mussolini.

Loud speakers installed in all squares and restaurants and cafes broadcast Fascist songs and military marches before the speech.

Following a demonstration in honour of Mussolini, the crowd went to the Royal Palace where they cheered King Victor.

King Carol's Anniversary

Britain's Sovereign Sends Message

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King has sent a message to King Carol of Rumania congratulating him on the tenth anniversary of his accession to the throne.

"I have watched with respect and admiration the efforts you have been making to preserve the independence and neutrality of Rumania and I wish you continued success," said the message.

"It is my earnest hope that Rumania may be spared the horrors of war."

Growing Collaboration

His Majesty the King also refers to the growing collaboration between the Balkan countries and their determination to resist aggression from any quarter.

"This entity of purpose is of supreme value at the present time."

His Majesty also expressed complete confidence in the outcome of the struggle and says; "We are bearing a very heavy burden in our fight for the liberties of mankind but we have never entertained the slightest doubt that we shall achieve a victory which will enable the peoples on this continent to enjoy the peace of justice and freedom."

New Church House

King Performs The Opening Ceremony

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The King, as head of the Church of England, to-day opened the new church house in the Dean's Yard, behind Westminster Abbey.

The King wore his Field-Marshal's uniform, and was accompanied by the Queen.

They were received by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York.

The building cost £55,000.

Church's Mission

The King, in declaring it open, recalled that the foundation stone was laid three years ago by Queen Mary. He said: "I feel confident that the Church will endeavour, in these anxious days, to inspire the people with calmness and courage.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, in welcoming the King said: "We pray your majesties may soon be in the providence of God, rejoice in the victory whereon the salvation of the whole world depends, with the attainment of lasting justice and peace."

Allied Naval Power Unbroken

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A "United Press" syndicated article by Admiral Yates Stirling says that with all its great advances in air power, Germany has not demonstrated anything like superiority over naval power. The British and French fleets are still easily able to maintain and blockade Germany; German merchant shipping is still off the seas, and there are some indications too that surface warcraft are improving their ability to resist air attack.

They are keeping closed many lines of transport which, in a long war, may well strangle Germany.

New York Cut Off From Paris

NEW YORK, June 10 (Reuter).—Radio and telephonic communication between New York and Paris stopped early to-day without any indication when it would be resumed.

It was pointed out that the Paris transmitting station is 16 miles northwest of the city.

Hence it is thought here that the interruption may be due to military activities.

MORE MUNITIONS FROM CANADA

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—Two munition factories with a combined capital of $20,000,000 will be constructed in Canada immediately, according to Mr. Howe, the Minister of Munitions.

He declared that the munitions will be financed with British, Canadian and French capital.

One will be a shell-filling factory, and the other will produce nitro-cellulose explosives.

PARIS IN STATE OF DEFENCE

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—The French capital was placed in a state of defence to-day.

The permanent staffs of the Ministries evacuated on Sunday and to-day they went to the provinces.

The heads of the Government will remain here.

The outskirts of Paris were heavily bombed on Sunday night, particularly the rail heads.

AUXILIARY NURSES

Lady Northcote Becomes President Of Unit

Lady Northcote has honoured the Auxiliary Nursing Service by consenting to become President.

The Chairman of the Medical (Defence) Sub-committee announces with regret the resignation of Mrs. A. V. Peters as Chairman of the Auxiliary Nursing Service. Mrs. Peters is remaining as a member of the service. Dr. D. J. Valentine, M.C., has been appointed as her successor.

The following candidates satisfied the examiners in the First Aid examination held on May 14, and will receive their St. John Ambulance certificates in due course:

Ng Wai-fong, Chan Kwok-ngor, Wan Mui-fong, Kwon Woon-ngor, Poon Kwai-fong, Chiu Man-sam, Hung Kwok Wai-chan, Sr. Alphonse Lui, Sr. Valentine Chan, Sr. Augusta Lui, Sr. Bernadette Lam, Sr. Germain de Jesus Wong, Sr. Agathe Pun, Sr. Rosalie Tchan, Sr. Lucia Tam, Sr. Felicie Chan, Sr. Ephrem Cheng, Sr. Clemence Chow, Sr. Josephine Tcheung, Sr. Marine Bernard Lai, Sr. Francois d'Assise Li, Sr. Jeanne Chong, Sr. Alphonsine Tin, Sr. Cecilia Joseph Chan, Sr. Anna de Jesus Chan, Sr. Xavier de Marie Tou, Sr. Marie Celine Tchan, Sr. Suzanna Moun, Sr. Alfredine Tai, Sr. Marguerite Chan, Sr. Berchmans Leung, Sr. Andree Joseph Tong, Sr. Jeanne Marie So, Sr. Magdalena Chan, Sr. Henriette Tsoi, Sr. Veronique Wong, Sr. Genevieve Marie Wong, Sr. Ignace Lao, Sr. Patrick Gallagher, Sr. St. Roch Wong, Sr. Marie Cecile Tsing, Sr. Clementine Leung, Miss Mabel Cecile Chan, Miss Rose Man, Miss Marie Wong, Miss Maria Rose Woy, Miss Kit Lingfong.

Home Nursing

The following candidates qualified in Home Nursing on May 27 and will receive St. John Ambulance certificates:

Mary Campbell, Helen Elliott, Patricia Elliott, Magdalene Greenwood, Audrey Camidge, Kathleen Moir, Sr. Margaret Marie, Florence Pacy, Helen Ho, Frances Dodds, Dorothy Germain, Serafina Collinson, Gertrude Watson, Sheila Anderson, Helen Lade, Doris Cruickshank, Jessie Pearson, Gillian Feltham, Florence Grimmitt, Lily Boisen, Violet Merriman, Anna Gressey, Leslie Puckle, Winifred Grimmitt, Dorothy Goodban, Yvonne Ho, Robin Summers, Margaret Parsons.

Auxiliary Nurses who have completed their 96 hours hospital training, since the last published list, include the following:

Janet Crawford, Bernadette Chan, Marion Chan, Betty Drown, Jessie Ewing, Phyllis Ferguson, Helen Jefferies, Gizella Kopeczski, Vera Simmonds, Majorie Tan, Stella Wong, Winifred White, Wong Man-kam, Wong Wan-chan.

Home Nursing lectures are commencing on June 17 at Queen Mary Hospital, at 5.30 p.m. Will applicants please send in their names to the Hon. Secretary, Auxiliary Nursing Service, Queen Mary Hospital, as early as possible.

ITALY'S ENTRY INTO WAR

FROM PAGE ONE

British Government ever desired war with Italy, believing that there was no essential point of conflict between them or at any rate none that could not be settled by pacific means.

"The Allied Governments have repeatedly made plain their willingness to act on this agreement, freely made by Italy, and to discuss any difficulties between them.

"Mussolini has deliberately chosen to tear up that agreement and to plunge his country into war. He will alone be responsible for the misfortunes that this war will bring to Italy.

Duce's Promises

"As to the Duce's promise not to attack the particular countries that he named, the world can judge to what extent his policy is purely opportunist and entirely without scruple.

"The promise solemnly made to-day will be broken the moment it seems to suit his methods with no more compunction than Hitler showed when he invaded Denmark and Belgium in face of the most formal promises of non-aggression.

"No country, therefore, is likely to attach the least value to the assurances contained in Mussolini's speech to-night."

Hungary Neutral

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BUDAPEST, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced that Hungary intends to remain neutral in the hope that the peace of southeastern Europe will not be disturbed by Italy's entry into the war.

Hostilities Start At 7 a.m. H.K.T.

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—M. Reynaud, the French Premier, announced by radio broadcast that Italy declared war on France and Britain at 6.30 p.m. to-day.

The Premier said hostilities against Italy will commence at midnight.

NORWAY QUITS

Troops Removed To Others Fronts

London, June 10.

The Norwegian High Command ordered a cessation of hostilities in Norway at midnight on Sunday. In a message to the nation King Haakon and the Government stated that Norway would take her part on other fronts.

British, French and Polish troops have been withdrawn because the Allies have need of them on other fronts.

The proclamation says.—"The King and the Government, in agreement with the High Command, have decided to cease fighting in Norway and to move the fighting out of the country in order to prevent further devastation.

"The Norwegian troops, which, for two months, have been fighting courageously, are unable to obtain sufficient supplies of ammunition and planes and must abandon the struggle against a superior German force. The King and the Government, on other fronts, will continue their efforts to drive out the Germans and restore the freedom of the Norwegian people."

The proclamation adds that M. Hambro, President of the Storting, and the Army and Navy support the Government, the political basis of which has been enlarged and now includes representatives of all political parties.

King Haakon arrived in a British port to-day aboard a British warship and was received by high Admiralty officers.

King Haakon and the Government are at present in Great Britain. A proportion of Norwegian forces was also withdrawn.

The announcement of the withdrawal adds that the capture of Narvik enabled action to be taken to prevent the Germans using it for the export of iron ore for a considerable time. The troops and material from Northern Norway can now be used to greater advantage elsewhere in the main struggle to defeat the German attempts at domination, upon the outcome of which Norwegian independence finally depends.—*Reuter, Reuter.*

Bloody Battle Ends

Paris, June 10.

The Germans had agreed not to interfere with the evacuation of the Allies.

With the abandonment of Narvik the end is written to the bloodiest chapter of Hitler's invasion of Norway. Germany seized Narvik two months ago yesterday, Narvik being the vital terminus for iron ore from the Swedish mines at Kiruna and Galivare. Naval and land fighting is believed to have taken a heavy toll of lives. Before the British succeeded in capturing it, the German garrison in Narvik withstood a seven weeks' siege from land, sea, and air.

It is authoritatively stated that Sweden did not participate in the direct negotiations between Norway and Germany for the capitulation of Northern Norway, but the Norwegian Minister in Stockholm acted as intermediary for the actual transfer of notes between the Norwegian and German Ministers in Stockholm.

The capitulation gives Germany the possibility of occupying Europe's northernmost sea coast, thus removing the last British blockade foothold on the continent. The small German Navy can then issue into the Atlantic with only the British bases at the Faroe Islands and Iceland to opose it, greatly strengthening Germany's chances of eluding the food blockade in the case of a long-drawn-out war.

With the Germans in a position to hold Harstad, Tromsoe, Hammerfest and North Cape they would, moreover, be in a position to dominate all Russia's Arctic trade lines.

According to neutral diplomatic circles the Norwegian army was prepared to continue fighting but, when informed that the Allies were forced to withdraw because of preoccupation elsewhere, were left no choice but to make peace.—*United Press.*

Troops Enter Finland

Helsinki, June 10.

Seven Norwegian military aeroplanes landed at Petsamo and other points in Northern Finland to-day. A number of Norwegian soldiers and civilian refugees also crossed the frontier. The airmen and soldiers were interned.—*Reuter.*

LAXATIVE AID

From Nature's Herbs

A selection of herbs having valuable medicinal properties, carefully blended by expert chemists to an old and reliable formula, comprises

GOLDEN GRIFFIN LAXATIVE TEA

A palatable beverage with a mild yet positive laxative effect, the tea will be welcomed by all who are troubled with constipation.

Sold in two sizes $0.75 and $2.00 at chemists and department stores, or obtainable direct from the sign of the

GOLDEN GRIFFIN MEDICINAL TEAS

"A Tea for Every Trouble"

G. T. FULFORD CO. LTD (OF CHINA) PROPRIETORS, 3rd. Floor. St. George's Bldg. Tel. No. 20358.

Fulford Co., Ltd. sell a separate blend of Golden Griffin Medicinal Tea for every ill. Each Tea contains not less than twelve distinct ingredients; and they are sold under a money-back guarantee.

FOUND ONLY IN

Manhattan

PYJAMAS

Made of light weight summer materials, cut loose and easy and all fitted with the elastic BAND OF COMFORT.

Plain colours, white and stripe designs.

From $14.50 per suit—less 10% cash discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

EWO PILSNER

The New Lighter Brew.

The system that provides

QUALITY AIR CONDITION DRYCLEANING

for all types of Clothing and Household Accessories

CARPET SHAMPOOING UNDERTAKEN PREPARATORY TO STORING

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Head Office & Works 57032

Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Flr., Tel. 28938 | Hong Kong Depot, Tel. 21279

Kowloon Depot, Tel. 58545 | Peak Depot, Tel. 29352

Parisian Grill

Air-Conditioned

Music during Lunch & Dinner

Tel. 27880 for reservations. Open till 1 a.m.

MODERNIZE YOUR BATHROOM WITH THE LATEST

Newly styled and newly efficient, are bathroom fixtures which can be installed in your home now at moderate cost.

Call 20269 or visit our offices for full estimates on all styles.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

St. George's Bldg., Chater Road

ATHLETICS IN FAR EAST

Hongkong Suffers In Comparison With P.I., Shanghai And Japan

(By "Tinker")

STATISTICS, usually, are not the best means of making sports comparisons, in fact, several people go as far as to say that they do not agree with the compiling of sports statistics at all, but in athletics, at least, times and distances are often the only facts upon which one can assess relative values.

The more important track meets of Shanghai have just been held, and, co-incidentally, the East Asia Athletic Meet at Tokyo has just concluded. To this latter meet went the stars from the Philippines, and the times and distances were most illuminating.

As odious as ever, this comparison is especially so—to the Colony. But in fairness it must be pointed out that the East Asia Meet attracted the best athletes there are (China excepted) in the Far East. Both the Filipinos and the Japanese are of world-Olympic standard and it is hardly expected that little Hongkong could produce runners and jumpers to reach up to them.

With Shanghai, however, it is somewhat different; the community there seems more virile and larger.

The figures appended below are (to the best of my knowledge) the best there have been this year. The comparison is interesting. All Hongkong's times for the running events are expressed for metres, and those of Shanghai for yards, and it must be explained that the metric distances are *shorter* than the corresponding distances in yards (except, of course, in the case of the 100 metres and 100 yards).

TRACK SUPERIORITY

As regards the track, therefore, it will be seen that the Colony is worse off than Shanghai in all distances. The only event in which there is any close similarity is in the 800 metres and the 880 yards. The first named distance is approximately 874 yards, and, therefore, the Colony's time of 2 mins. 10.5 secs. can be said to be better than Shanghai's.

On the field, we take priority in the High Jump and the Javelin Throw, and nowhere else.

However, for the 400, 800 and 1500 metres the Colony's times could be better, inasmuch that there is one here at the moment, whose past (and not long past) performances for both Cambridge and Achilles are a guarantee at our times could be brought below those of Shanghai.

BRILLIANT RECORD

Shanghai's time for the 100 yards was made by Cecil Edwards in the recent two-day annual track and field meet, and with his 10 seconds flat, it was thought that a record had been established. But it was later discovered that at the Police sports in 1929 Gus Johannson covered that distance in the flying time of 9.8 secs., and that has never been bettered.

P.I. SPRINTERS

A glance at the figures below shows that the Philippines were successful in all the sprint events, and in very fine times, too. In all cases where necessary, I have converted metric distances into feet and inches, and they are, therefore, approximate.

I have been unable to find any figures for the women of Shanghai.

Men

	HONGKONG	S'HAI	EAST ASIA MEET
100 metres	11.3	—	10.7 (P.I.)
100 yards	—	*9.8 (10.00)	—
200 metres	24	—	22.3 (P.I.)
220 yards	—	23.1	—
400 metres	55.3	—	49.5 (P.I.)
440 yards	—	51.5	—
800 metres	2.10.5	—	1.56.5 (P.I.)
880 yards	—	2.10	—
1500 metres	4.44.4	4.27.5	4 mins. (Manchukuo)
1 mile	—	4.39	—
Marathon	—	—	2 hrs. 39 mins. 59 secs. (Japan)
110 metres High Hurdles	17	16.2	14.9 (Japan)
400 metres Hurdles	—	—	54.4 (P.I.)
400 metres Relay	—	—	42.1 (P.I.)
Long Jump	20 ft. 5 ins.	22 ft. 10 ins.	23 ft. 10.9 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	5 ft. 11⅝ ins.	5 ft. 7½ ins.	6 ft. 4.3 ins. (Japan)
Hop-step-jump	41 ft. 4½ ins.	45 ft. 1 in.	—
Pole Vault	10 ft. 9¾ ins.	11 ft. 1.4 ins.	12 ft. 9½ ins. (Japan)
Javelin	177 ft.	162 ft. 5ins.	204 ft. 9.2 ins. (Japan)
Shot-Put	41.1 ft.	41 ft. 8¾ ins.	43 ft. 9.8 ins. (Manchukuo)
Discuss	118 ft. 6 ins.	121 ft. 3.9 ins.	142 ft. 6.9 ins. (Japan)

* Shanghai Record.

Women

Javelin	81 ft. 4 ins.	—	140 ft. 0.4 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	4 ft. 4 ins.	—	5 ft. 2.9 ins. (Japan)
Long Jump	15 ft. 2 ins.	—	16 ft. 9.9 ins. (Japan)
400 metres Relay	—	—	50.8 secs. (Japan)

Latest Call-Over For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The following is the latest call-over for the Derby:

Lighthouse 9/4 o. 5/2 t.
Star Dust 5/1 t and o.
Tant Mieux 7/1 o, 8/1 t.
Pont Leveque 100/8 t and o.
Hipplus 100/8 o.
Paques, Blacktoni, Pharatis 100/6 o.
Golden Tiger, Turkhan 20/1 o.
King of Trumps, Moradabad 33/1 o.
Ridley 50/1 o.

Starters And Jockeys For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Starters and riders in the Derby, to be run at Newmarket on Wednesday, are.

Black Toni (Lowrey), Golden Tiger (Beasley), Hipplus (E. Smith), King of Trumps II (Nevett), Lighthouse II (Perryman), Moradabad (D. Smith), Olldon (Lane), Pharatis (E. Eliot), Pont Leveque (Sammy Wragg), Paques (Weston), Ridley (Taylor), Stardust (Harry Wragg), Turkhan (Smirke), Tant Mieux (Gordon Richards), Solway Firth (Beary), War Lord (Arthur Wragg), Romulus (Marshall).

The riders of Cavalry King and Dinshaw have not been announced.

SWIMMING PROSPECTS

Challenge For Colony's Titles From Lai Chung Union

By "RIPPLE"

WHEN IT FIRST came into existence five years ago, the Lai Chung Swimming Union, started by that able coach Mr. S. H. Wong, and held under the auspices of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., was little known. It was only last year that the Union blossomed into a powerful swimming organisation that gave the Colony some of its finest swimmers.

Perhaps the most well-known among them is Chan Chun-nam, the "legless wonder" who, last year, broke a few Chinese National records in the middle and long distances and won the Colony harbour race and 880 yards, besides providing Lawrence, Colony champion, with the stiffest opposition he had had for years, in the other Colony events for which he entered. What is his form this year? Well, all I can say is he has a few cards up his sleeve which will stump many of the would-be champs in the Colony.

Another of their star swimmers is Yau Sai-kwan, 15-year-old runner-up in the harbour race last year, and runner-up to Chan in all the Chinese Amateur Federation middle and long distance competitions. Despite his stature, slimness and youth, he has a perfect form. His leg beat synchronises with his arm stroke in a perfect rhythm of motion, and if he keeps up his present form, he is training with Chan, I do not doubt but that he will repeat his last year's performances.

* * *

Lau Tai-ping is another companion-at-arms who is splashing his way through the routines under the coaching of S. H. Wong, side by side with Chan and Yau.

This youngster, he is only 14 years of age, also gained renown in his baptism last year, being third in the harbour race, and in all the events for which Chan and Yau entered.

His style is very much the same as Yau's—a powerful leg beat with synchronizing arm action. He has at times beaten Yau in the practice swims, but, I think, at a pinch, Yau would beat him.

However, S. H. Wong seems to think his pets will improve much more before the season really rolls in, and I, for one, will not argue with him, seeing the excellent results he has produced.

* * *

You will remember Fong Chung-yiu, who swam second to Enrique Chan last year in the Colony's record-breaking 100 yards breast stroke event? You do? Well, Fong had been training all the year round for the C.A.A.F. 200 metres event, and did not pay particular attention to the 100 yards. This year, however, S.H. has persuaded him to concentrate on the 100 yards, and he glides through his routine like a piece of board towed by an M.T.B.

* * *

Lau Yiu-ting is the back stroker that seemed always to lose by a touch to A. K. Rumjahn in the 100 yards. What has become of him? Unfortunately for him, he has taken on a job that keeps him from attending S.H.'s classes every evening. I had occasion to meet him once at the "Y", and I heard him express the one wish to "beat Rumjahn at all costs." It is costing him a lot—sacrificing his leisure hours, actually sweating, in the pool, going through his swimming routine, but, he tells me, "if I beat him, all this will have its recompense.

Lawn Bowls

Only Two Matches In Pairs Tourey

ONLY TWO MATCHES were played in the Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship yesterday, owing to the sodden condition of most greens. At the Civil Service C.C., J. A. Remedios and L. A. Gutierrez beat E. G. Post and A. E. Carey 22-16, and at the Hongkong F.C. W. L. Walker and J. Deakin beat J. Pau and G. S. Ladd 23-11.

It was not until the last few heads that Remedios and Gutierrez could call themselves safe. It was a keen duel, which was made the more interesting by the fine efforts of the losers.

The second game was a walk-over for Walker and Deakin. On the 7th head they led 6-3, and then with a series of 3,1,3,2,1 went into a 16-3 lead and then 21-8 on the 17th.

Football Meeting

Future Conditions For Touring Teams

Adoption Of Suggestion From Malaya Assn.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION was reached at a meeting of the Hongkong Football Association yesterday regarding future tours by local teams. Co-operating fully with Malaya, with regard to the circular letter which was received in Hongkong recently, it was decided that future touring teams should first obtain permission from the Governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong F.A.

Mr. W. Pryde was in the Chair, and was supported by Mr. C. A. Goldenberg (Hon. Secretary), Mr. Lee Wai-tong (Chinese Amateur Athletic Federation), Capt. Peal (Army Area Sports Board), Mr. Walter Hanming Chen (South China), Mr. W. E. Hollands (Eastern), Mr. J. Skinner (Hongkong Football Club) and Mr. C. Guimgam (Grounds Committee).

It was decided to co-operate fully with Malaya in their decision regarding touring teams. In future, teams wishing to make tours must first obtain permission from the governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong Football Association.

Mr. Skinner proposed, in view of the number of teams touring, that the teams should, on their return to the Colony, submit a statement of accounts regarding expenses.

Mr. Pryde said that before teams were given permission to affiliate, the Association ascertained whether the ruling members of the club were well-known or responsible personalities, and if they were approved the Club was admitted. He did not see what right they had to demand to see a statement of accounts, but this was actually covered by one of the rules.

WAR DONATION

Mr. Hollands' proposal that $1,000 be donated to the British War Organisation Fund was carried unanimously.

The date of the annual meeting was fixed for July 12.

A letter was read from the Sing Tao Sports Club applying for permission to tour Singapore, Rangoon and the Philippines.

The Chairman referred the Council to the circular from Malaya which, he said, they should support fully. The circular stated.—Authority will not be given by this Association to any of its Affiliates to tour in your territory unless a written permission is first received from you. May I request that your Association will reciprocate in like manner with regard to suggested tours in Malaya by teams from your territory."

Mr. Pryde said the wording of this paragraph was quite clear and he felt that the Sing Tao Sports Club should first obtain permission from either the Football Association of Malaya or the Singapore Football Association before applying to the Hongkong Football Association.

WORTHY TEAM

The question was raised as to whether Sing Tao could field a team worthy of the Colony. The Secretary said he had received 23 forms of registration. The players registered were Tang Kwong-sam, Fung King-cheung, Leung In-chan, Leung Wing-chiu, Lee Tin-sang, Young Shui-ying, Tsang Tsun-wan, Mak Shui-hon, Lau Tin-sang, Soong Ling-sing, Tam Chun-kuen, Hou Yung-sang, Tsui Ah-fai, Siu Tim-lin, Kwok Yin-ki, Ip Pak-ming, Cheung Wing-tsoi, Au Shi-ngok, Lee Wing-on, Lai Kwok-chiu, Chan Tak-fai, Lai Shiu-wing and Lee Ping-chiu.

Mr. Chen said many were former South China players. The Chairman agreed it was very unfortunate that one club should suffer.

Mr. Hollands said it was apparent that Sing Tao were in a position to field a team worthy of the Colony and that providing permission was first obtained from Malaya, they should sanction the tour.

Medal Awards For Life Saving

SWIMMING ENTHUSIASTS at Laichikok beach on Sunday were treated to an excellent display of land and water life-saving drill by students of La Salle College, when the boys were undergoing an examination in life-saving.

The manner in which the candidates carried out the exercises was gratifying, and reflected on the efficient teaching of their instructor, Mr. Matthew Young. Sub-Inspector R. J. Hunt, life member of the Royal Life-Saving Society and Hongkong representative, examined the students, and at the conclusion pointed out the great importance of life-saving.

The following passed the tests for the Bronze Medallion and the Intermediate certificate.—Robert Yong, Michael Yong, Ngan Din-yin, Leung Kwok-wah, Lam Hak-hoi, Tsoi Sik-sui, Alberto Santos, Richards Malig, Robert Truong, Ronald Sequeira, Raymond Larson and Hung Mun-chui.

Mr. Matthew Young was awarded the First Class Instructor's certificate.

Financier Slips Net

A ROUND-THE-WORLD man-hunt for John Woolcot Forbes, the Australian financial magnate who is wanted on a £130,000 conspiracy charge in Sydney, has proved the case with which spies could slip into or out of Britain through Ireland.

Although Forbes was seen at a race meeting in Eire a few weeks ago, Scotland Yard has now circulated his description and photographs with a message that he is in London—for the second time since the war began.

Forbes, a big-money race track gambler and ex-managing-director of one of the largest financial concerns in Australia, disappeared from Sydney 17 months ago.

Very Dark Blooze

"Kindly rest on your oars, Timothy. That contraption is getting you nowhere. And it squeaks. And the Eton Boating Song is *not* in the key of D."

"*What's up, Peter? Got a head?*"

"Like a gasometer. Very painful. And that noise you're making goes through it like a pneumatic drill."

"*Wasn't I on the warpath by your side? And look at me — no more hangover than an innocent little child.*"

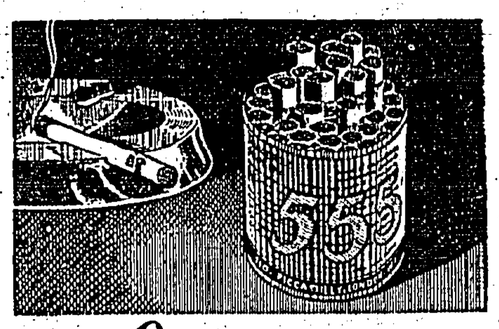
"Well, it's not natural. It just proves that the Devil looks after his own."

"*I look after myself, old son. Last night I took a sizeable swig of Rose's Lime Juice before hitting the hay. That's how to kill off the aftermath of alcohol.*"

"You wouldn't lead me up the garden, Timothy?"

"*Peter, you wrong me. I've seen the light and I'm passing on the tip.*"

"Then, if you will kindly step ashore, we will seek out a vendor of Rose's. It's time I fell into good habits."



IT'S THE QUALITY THAT MATTERS

It is not by chance alone that State Express 555 are known as "the best cigarette in the world." The discriminating palates of almost two generations attest to this fact, yet they cost so little more to enjoy.

STATE EXPRESS 555

50 for $1.30

THE BEST CIGARETTE IN THE WORLD - COSTS SO LITTLE MORE

AN UP-TO-DATE PHOTOGRAPH

Your family and friends want it business often demands it—so have that new portrait made today. The few minutes required will be well spent.

MEE CHEUNG
PHOTOGRAPHERS
15, 23, Ice House Street. Tel. 26379.

FOR THE 1 MAN IN 7 WHO SHAVES EVERY DAY

A Special Shave Cream—It's Not a Soap, Needs No Brush!

Daily shaving leaves many men's faces raw and sensitive. Yet, because of his business and social status, one out of every 7 men must shave every day.

To meet this condition, Williams has now developed GLIDER—a special cream for daily shavers. With no soap base, it's a complete departure from ordinary shave creams. No brush. No lather. Not sticky or greasy.

A tremendous amount of moisture is contained in this rich cream. It won't dry on your face. Applied with the fingers, it quickly softens each whisker. A protective layer is formed over which your razor glides. Off comes each hair at the base without scraping. Like a cold cream, Glider helps keep your skin smooth all day. Glider is the result of nearly 100 years' experience in making fine shaving preparations.

Sole Agents:
W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

METROPOLE HOTEL
CENTRAL - CLEAN
COMFORTABLE - FIREPROOF

• KING'S THEATRE •

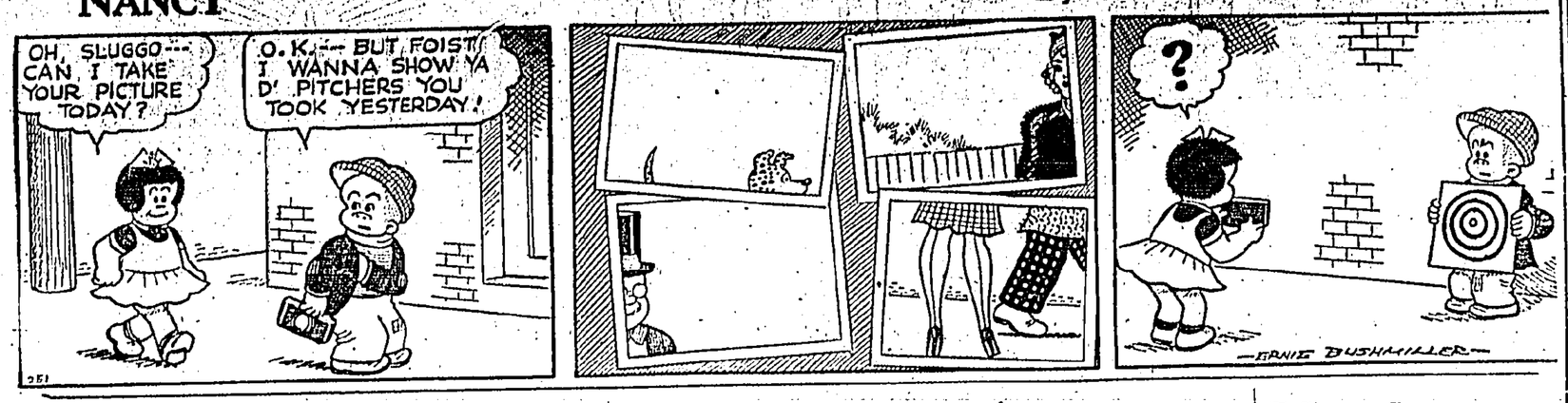
COMING ATTRACTION

SEE IT!

"WINGS OF THE NAVY"

with
GEORGE BRENT
OLIVIA DeHAVILLAND
JOHN PAYNE
Frank McHugh • John Litel
Victor Jory • Henry O'Neill
Directed by LLOYD BACON
A COSMOPOLITAN PROD'N
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
Original Story by Michael Fowler

NANCY By Ernie Bushmiller



Ex-Haulage Hand Among R.A.F. Heroes

WON MEDAL IN HIS FIRST AIR ACTION

A TWENTY-YEAR-OLD aircraftman who was a haulage hand until he joined the R.A.F. last year has won the Distinguished Flying Medal in his first action.

Aircraftman 2nd Class John Richard Mayor, of Warrington, was air-gunner in one of three planes attacked by Messerschmitt fighters recently.

The battle lasted 35 minutes, and the official announcement says that with his accurate fire Mayor disabled one of the engines of an enemy fighter and "undoubtedly saved his aircraft from being shot down."

His plane was hit many times, but even when his turret was put out of action he got in a last burst of fire at the Germans.

Stavanger Heroes

The awards are also announced of the Distinguished Flying Cross to Flight-Lieutenant Gareth Thomas Butler Clayton, 26-year-old Llandudno man, and of the Distinguished Flying Medal to 23-year-old Corporal Leonard Yeomans, an ex-compositor, of Hull.

Flight-Lieutenant Clayton led a subformation on a bombing raid of Stavanger, pressed home his attack in face of enemy fighters and heavy anti-aircraft fire, unloading bombs among a number of German aircraft.

Returning from a raid on Stavanger Yeomans gunned an attacking Messerschmitt for 65 minutes.

In a second list of awards of six D.F.C.s and three D.F.M.s the Air Ministry says they are for "gallantry and devotion to duty," but links no names with a catalogue of individual deeds.

The awards are:

Distinguished Flying Cross

Sqdn. Ldr. Charles Eric St. John Bennish (native of Dunmanway, County Cork).

Flt.-Lieut Christopher Dermot Salmond Smith (Bruton).

Flyg. Offr. Desmond Frederick Burt Sheen (Sydney, Australia).

Flyg. Offr. John Patrick Stracey Smyth (Exmouth).

Pilot Offr. Douglas Dennison Weightman (Edinburgh).

Pilot Offr. David Alexander Willis (St. Boniface, Manitoba).

Distinguished Flying Medal

Sgt. John Anthony Mawson Reid (Newport).

L.A.C. John Edward Newby (Ramsgate).

L.A.C. Arthur Henry Webster (Aldershot).

WAR AND WINTER AT THE ACADEMY

THIS war-time Academy will be remembered (if at all) as the Snow-and-Searchlight Show.

It is distinguished by three portraits by Augustus John, Cathleen Mann's Major-General Carton de Wiart and (to my sadly unprogressive eye) a Suffolk landscape by Algernon Newton. Artists of the School of Splodge will pass this last painting with the one devastating word, "Neat."

No comic Belchers. Only one M.F.H. in the old glossy school. Only one child in a green dress, with red shoes and equally red cheeks (both carefully high-lighted) and a teddy-bear in the corner of the canvas.

Nevinson's Picture

War and Winter have provided the chief subjects, searchlights and snow. The war, indeed, has this year a good deal to answer for, having inspired C. R. W. Nevinson to a small, crowded canvas. "The Unending Cult of Human Sacrifice," with Christ on a cross, a forest of bayonets, jumbled soldiers of all centuries, mediaeval banners, modern aeroplanes.

Topical in feeling, crude in accomplishment, is Cyril J. Ross's "Nazi Persecution and Sacrilege, A. D. 1939," with its Storm troops pillaging a synagogue.

There are Norman Wilkinson's "Air Battle," Dame Laura Knight's bright and brittle winter scene with a land-girl at the plough, those innumerable searchlights—over London—all pictures of this year, none of them Picture of the Year.

For Trafalgar Square

Four exhibits will become familiar sights to Londoners, the bronze groups by W. McMillan and Charles Wheeler—fine, flowing sculptures of dolphins ridden by odd mermen and mermaids—soon to be set up in Trafalgar Square for the Jellicoe and Beatty Memorial fountains.

L. H.

Recluse Sisters' Hietelen £18,000

LARGE quantities of banknotes, stocks, shares and securities, worth from £18,000 to £20,000 have been found by police searching a mansion at Polmont, Stirlingshire, in which two aged sisters lived alone.

When the police first went to the house they found 80-year-old Agnes Gibb dead and 83-year-old Jessie Gibb lying unconscious beside her.

Jessie has now died in Falkirk Royal Infirmary.

The bank notes and other valuables which the police found at the week-end were in hiding places in different parts of the house.

The sisters had lived a hermit life. A brother and sister died within the last two years.

Fire Engine Try-out End In Crash

Dundee councillors, including a 72-year-old magistrate, were injured and had to be taken to hospital, when one of the latest types of fire engines, on which they were travelling, was in collision with a motor-car.

The delegation was inspecting Glasgow's new fire-fighting equipment.

First Ace Of The War Killed

London, June 10.

Flying Officer Edgar James ("Cobber") Kain, 22, has been killed in action.—*Reuter.*

Kain was born in New Zealand and at the close of March, when his "kill" officially numbered five Nazi planes (and a possible sixth), he was pronounced the first Ace of the R.A.F. and received the D.F.C.

In April Kain arrived in England to recuperate from 20 shrapnel wounds in the left leg and hand, but later returned to the fight. His official "bag" comprised two Dorniers and three Messerschmitts. He was recently engaged to Joyce Phillips, repertory actress in England.

WIN PIANOFORTE HONOURS

Miss Amy Tsang (left) and Miss Kathleen Lee, pupils of Mr. Harry Ore, who recently passed, with merit, the Trinity College of London examination for pianoforte (senior division).

CHILDREN ILL-FED IN CAMPS —Parents Allege

PARENTS OF ILFORD children at the new elementary "boarding school" camps made allegations of profiteering and lack of food at a protest meeting recently.

They demanded that committee of parents should be allowed MOK **** (No. VII) **** MOK to visit the camp to give advice and express criticism.

Mr. R. E. Gould, an official of the Parents' Association, said: "A parent told me that when he asked why his boy had not enough food, an official at the camp told him, 'What do you expect for 6s. a week?'

"I received furthercomplaints from parents concerning feeding at these camps, and many have told me that children are anxious to go into the hospital, where they can get more food."

Talk Of Epidemic

Four parents said that following a seven-hour outing in their usual Saturday hike last week the children returned at 5.30 p.m. and were given a plain tea, although since leaving the camp they had had only two beef sandwiches. Many had to buy food with their pocket-money.

The chairman, Mr. H. Harris, said: "There has been a hush-hush attitude towards the epidemic at Kennylands Camp, near Reading, and I think that parents should be given all figures concerned."

V. C. Meets Prison Camp Comrade

A Canadian soldier and an "old Contemptible" V.C., who had not seen each other since they were prisoners of war in Germany 25 years ago, met again in London recently.

They were Mr. Frank Godley, V.C., formerly of the Royal Fusiliers, and Mr. J. A. J. Leslie, formerly a sergeant of the K.O.S.B.'s who recently enlisted in Canada.

More than 1,800 "Old Contemptibles" were assembling at Finsbury to march to St. Paul's Cathedral for their annual memorial service when Mr. Godley caught sight of a tall lean Canadian.

Two V.C.s On Parade

Their eyes met, they recognised each other and met with outstretched hand.

"We last saw each other as prisoners of war in Doebritz in Germany 25 years ago," said Mr. Leslie.

Two V.C.s were on parade yesterday, the other being Mr. S. J. Bent, formerly of the East Lancashires. He and Mr. Godley are school caretakers with the L.C.C.

"The ywon't have us this time," Mr. Bent said. "They tell us we are more use at home. Both our schools are open and maybe if trouble comes we shall have a chance to do our bit then."

The service at St. Paul's was attended by the Lord Mayor in state.

CORONER CRITIC OF MILITARY

The military authorities were criticised by the Belfast coroner (Dr. Lowe) recently for having allowed a soldier to drive a Bren gun carrier on a public road when he had not previously driven one.

"They should use the barracks to allow drivers to practise with these machines of death," he said.

The carrier mounted a footpath, and Mrs. Harriet Knowles, of Crumlin Road, Belfast, was killed.

Verdict: "Accidental death."

Fiancee Still Waiting

"I'll be back in half an hour," Claude Henderson told his fiancee. But Eileen Holden has waited at her home in South Norwood in vain for more than a week. They were to have been married on Whit Monday.

Henderson was discharged from the Army following a motor accident in France in which he received head injuries, and it is thought this may have resulted in loss of memory.

The missing man is described as 5ft. 6ins. tall with an operation scar on his right wrist. HMe was wearing a dark blue jacket, grey flannel trousers and a fawn mackintosh.

King's Doctor In Car Smash

Sir Farquhar Buzzard, Extra Physician to the King and Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford University, was injured recently in a collision between his car and another near Dorchester, Oxfordshire.

Sir Farquhar, who is 68, was taken to the Radcliffe Infirmary, but was removed later to his home at Christ Church. His injuries were slight, but he may be confined to bed for a few days.

The driver and passenger in the other car were also slightly injured.

Murder Charge After 11 Months

RECENTLY a man of 28 was charged at Leeds with the murder of Ethel Wraithmell, parts of whose body were first found at Scholes nearly 11 months ago.

The arrest of the man, whose name was divulged, followed the discovery of another missing limb by Superintendent J. Craig, Chief of Leeds C. I. D., after inquiries in the North.

On June 10 last a Leeds naturalist found a parcel containing an arm, leg and the girl's head in a wood at Scholes, near Leeds.

Part of the torso was found a few days later in a wood three miles away.

During their 11 months' investigation police took over 1,000 statements. A £250 reward was offered for information.

Accused Of Killing Farmer's Daughter

Dan Doherty (28), a married man, of Ballyhillin, Malin, Co. Donegal, was remanded at Malin recently charged with the murder of Hanna Margaret Doherty, 29-year-old farmer's daughter.

The girl had been missing for a week when her body was found by a search party on the hillside near her home at Middleton, Malin Head. There were head and face injuries.

Sun Spots Blamed For War

SUN spots are one of the main causes of such evils as war, and this year should see the end of hostilities—according to the Abbe Theodore Moreux, director of the Observatory at Bourges.

From an astronomical point of view, he says, 1940 is analogous to 1918, which saw the end of the world war. He advances the story that sun spots have a strong effect on mass emotions, and are one of the primary causes of upheavals such as the present conflict.

The Abbe's theory, according to the British United Press, is that sun spots erupt every eleven years, and are followed by a period of upheavals, quarrels, and antagonisms on this planet.

Among the products of these "moments of solar exasperation" he cites the war of 1870, the French invasion of Tunisia, the Sudan and Indo-China in 1881, of Madagascar in 1893, of Morocco in 1905, the world war, Abdel Krim's revolt in Morocco in 1927, the Italian campaign in Ethiopia, the Japanese invasion of China, the Spanish civil war, and the present conflict.

However, "sun spots and magnetic disturbances are now beginning to show diminishing activity," and the Abbe thinks that this year should bring peace.

Seeing Red At School

ARTICLES in the current edition of the school magazine at Hamilton Academy, the Lanarkshire public school, have been variously described as smutty, anti-Christain, atheistic, Communistic, and blood-red revolutionary.

Bailie D. C. Orr, of Hamilton, said that these articles had been contributed by senior members of the school.

For weeks, he said, complaints had been coming in to individual members of the Lanarkshire Education Committee about the subversive influences in the school.

SPECIAL MEETING

Bailie Orr has tabled a resolution condemning "the subversive and undesirable teachings and conduct of members of the staff of Hamilton Academy."

A petition has been signed by 26 members of the committee asking the chairman to call a special meeting.

Tel. 28151.

MEN'S
AERTEX CELLULAR
SPORTS SHIRTS
IN THE VERY NEWEST COLOURS & DESIGNS
FROM $10.50 PER GARMENT
MEN'S WEAR DEPARTMENT.
LANE CRAWFORD'S
The House of Quality & Service

Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

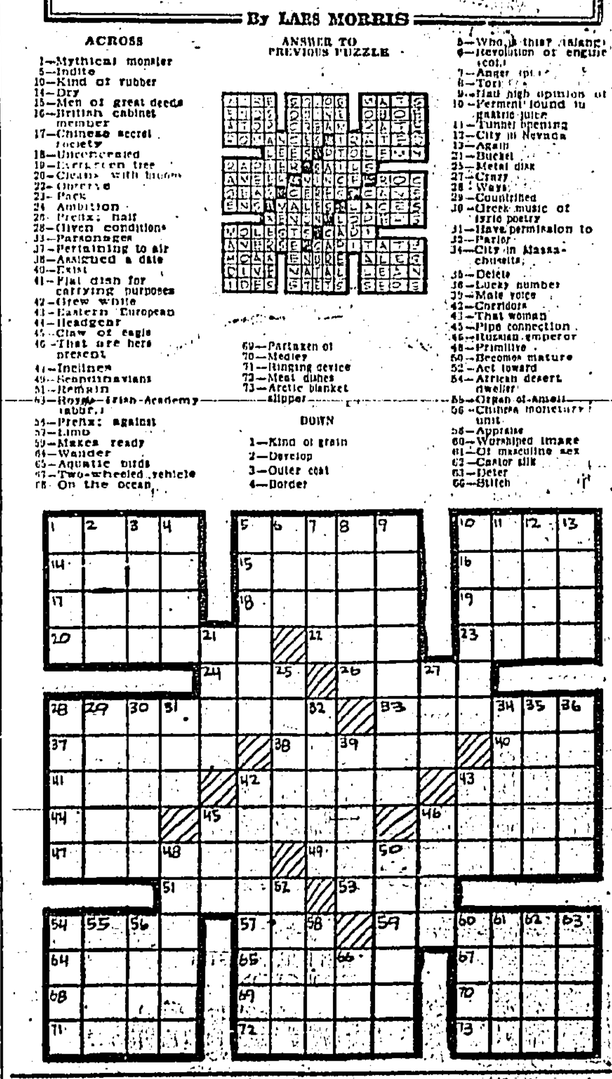
ACROSS

1—Mythical monster
5—Indite
10—Kind of rubber
14—Dry
15—Men of great deeds
16—British cabinet member
17—Chinese secret society
18—Unencumbered
19—Evergreen tree
20—Clean with hoops
22—Observe
23—Pack
24—Ambition
26—Prefix: half
28—Given conditions
33—Paraonages
37—Pertaining to air
38—Analgued a date
40—Exist
41—Flat dish for carrying purposes
42—Grew white
43—Eastern European
44—Headgear
45—Claw of eagle
46—That are here present
48—Inclines
49—Scandinavians
51—Remain
53—Royal Irish Academy (abbr.)
55—Prefix: against
57—Limb
59—Makes ready
64—Wander
65—Aquatic birds
67—Two-wheeled vehicle
68—On the ocean
69—Partaken of
70—Medley
71—Ringing device
72—Meat dishes
73—Arctic blanket slipper

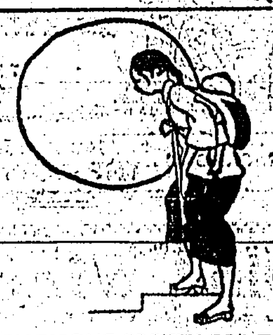
DOWN

1—Kind of grain
2—Develop
3—Outer coat
4—Border
5—Who is that (slang)
6—Revolution of engine (col.)
7—Anger (pl.)
8—Tori
9—Had high opinion of
10—Ferment found in gastric juice
11—Tunnel opening
12—City in Nevada
13—Again
21—Bucket
25—Metal disk
27—Crazy
28—Ways
29—Countified
30—Greek music of lyric poetry
31—Have permission to
32—Parlor
34—City in Massachusetts
35—Delete
36—Lucky number
39—Male voice
42—Corridors
43—That woman
45—Pipe connection
46—Russian emperor
48—Primitive
50—Become mature
52—Act toward
54—African desert dweller
55—Organ of smell
56—Chinese monetary unit
58—Appraise
60—Worshiped image
61—Of masculine sex
62—Castor silk
63—Deter
66—Bitch

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE



CORNS
are killed and loosened with just one application of Gets-It. A drop or two ends the torture of throbbing corns. A few days later you can lift off the corn root and all.
GETS-IT
Makes all forget corns



HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN
WE ARE AT WAR
Yes! Fighting a battle against
DISEASE
IGNORANCE
and POVERTY
Help us to win!

KING'S
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

NEXT CHANCE : Melvyn Douglas - Joan Blondell in
ColumbiaPicture : "THE AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS"

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30–5.15 7.15–9.30

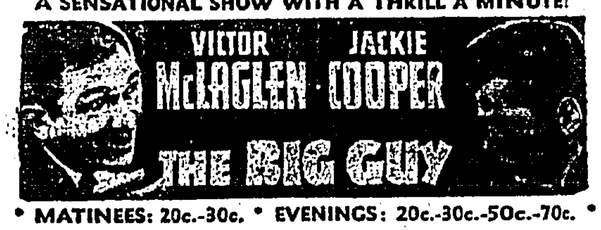
ORIENTAL THEATRE

TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS

FLEMING ROAD WANCHAI TEL. 26473

SPECIAL RETURN ENGAGEMENT FOR TO-DAY ONLY
A MIGHTY SPECTACULAR DRAMA OF THE WEST!
The thrill of a grandstand seat to watch a new empire being born with more thrills than you ever saw before.
THOUSAND FRONTIER TERRORS TO EXCITE YOU!

TWO DAYS ONLY—TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY
A SENSATIONAL SHOW WITH A THRILL A MINUTE!



• MATINEES: 20c.-30c. • EVENINGS: 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c. •

STAR THEATRE
HANKOW RD. KOWLOON. DAILY AT 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.20 TEL. 57795

• TO-DAY ONLY •

WALT DISNEY'S
FIRST FULL LENGTH PRODUCTION . . .

TO - MORROW: GARY COOPER - MERLE OBERON "THE COWBOY AND THE LADY"

Dine, Wine & Dance
at—
CHANTECLER
176-179 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel. 50021.

EXPLORER PRINTED COLDEST BOOK

Capt. Joyce Dies

CAPTAIN Ernest Edward Mills Joyce, the Antarctic explorer, whose death was announced recently, was the first Antarctic printer.

He and two other members of Shackleton's expedition in 1907 produced the first book ever written, printed, illustrated, and bound in the Antarctic. It was called "Aurora Australis."

When Shackleton was planning his Nimrod expedition he was presented with a complete printing outfit, including a supply of paper.

None of the party, however, knew how to use the unusual gift. They decided to learn.

While Joyce and another man attended a printing works to learn the art of type-setting and making-up a page, a third member of the "printers' section" was taught the mysteries of etching and lithography.

"Rogue's Retreat"

Months later, far away in the frozen South, the party began to spend their winter.

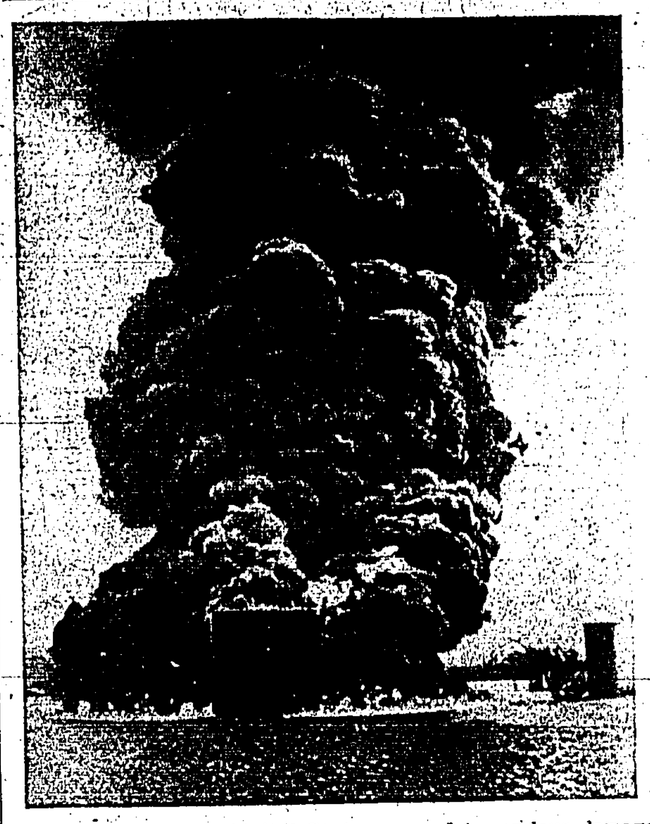
Joyce's cubicle, known as "The Rogue's Retreat," became the printing house.

As the story of the expedition was written it was put into type. A lamp had to be placed under the type-rack to keep the type from freezing, and a lighted candle was placed under the inking plate.

Finally a book of 120 pages was produced.

Later Shackleton wrote: "The book had at least assisted materially to guard us from the danger of lack of occupation during the polar nights."

Captain Joyce, who was 65, served with Scott from 1901 to 1904, with Shackleton from 1907 to 1909, and won fame in 1914-17 with the expedition which laid depots for Shackleton.



A FLOOD in Penna, United States, caused tremendous damage recently. The flood burst oil tanks, causing an explosion and setting the tanks on fire. This vivid picture was taken after the explosion.

LATE NEWS

OFFICIAL H.K. PROCLAMATION

The following Proclamation was issued in a "Gazette Extraordinary" this morning.

"By His Excellency Norman Lockhard Smith, Esq., Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint George, Officer Administering the Government of the Colony of Hongkong and its Dependencies.

"I, the said Norman Lockhart Smith, being satisfied thereof by information received by me, do hereby proclaim that war had broken out between His Majesty and Italy.

"Given under my hand and the Public Seal of the Colony at Victoria, Hongkong, this eleventh day of June, 1940.

"Published by His Excellency's Command.

R. A. C. NORTH,
Colonial Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING."

QUEEN'S THEATRE
HONGKONG. DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 P.M. TEL. 31453

• TO-DAY ONLY •

'Silky' Kilmount . . . the boldest and most astonishing character in fiction!

ROBERT MONTGOMERY
in
The EARL OF CHICAGO
with
EDWARD ARNOLD · REGINALD OWEN · EDMUND GWENN
Screen Play by Lenore Coffee · Directed by Richard Thorpe
PRODUCED BY VICTOR SAVILLE

TO - MORROW : CAROLE LOMBARD & BRIAN AHERNE
An R.K.O. Picture : in A. J. Cronin's "VIGIL IN THE NIGHT"

• NEW SHIPMENT JUST ARRIVED •

THE PERFECT POPULAR PIPE

Dr PAT
PERFECT CLEANING
COOL & DRY SMOKE

NO CONTACT BETWEEN TOBACCO & MOISTURE

A DRY Smoke ! —$4.25 only— A COOL Smoke !

Ingenohl's Cigar Stores "La Perla del Oriente" and other tobacconists

ALHAMBRA THEATRE
NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2.30-5.20-7.20-9.30. TEL. 56856

• SHOWING TO-DAY •

STAND BY, AMERICA!
Everybody's cheering the mightiest musical since "The Great Ziegfeld"! A Big Parade of love, laughter, spectacle, music... without equal!
IN MAGNIFICENT TECHNICOLOR!

with FRANK MORGAN · RAY BOLGER · FLORENCE RICE · MISCHA AUER · NEWMAN BING · REGINALD GARDINER
"Photographed in Technicolor"

NEXT CHANGE : CAROLE LOMBARD - BRIAN AHERNE
R.K.O. Picture : in "VIGIL in the NIGHT"

TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS.
CATHAY
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30 P.M.
MATINEES 20c. 30c. 40c EVENINGS 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c. 80c.

• FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY •

Hollywood's Great War Drama Which The Nazis Tried to Suppress! The Story of the Heroic British Nurse Who Sacrificed Her Life in the cause of Humanity!

• TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY •
A BOMBSHELL OF SENSATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT!
KAY KYSER - ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"That's Right You're Wrong"
Edward E. Horton — RKO RADIO Picture

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.20 7.20-9.30

MAJESTIC THEATRE

NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 87222

MATINEES: 20c.-30c. • EVENINGS: 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.

• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •
THRILLS! ACTION! ADVENTURE!

HIS FLYING HOOFS . . . PRIDE OF THE BLUEGRASS!
HIS FIGHTING HEART. . . PRIDE OF THE NATION!

with EDITH FELLOWS · JAMES McCALLION · Directed by WILLIAM McGANN
Original Screen Play by Vincent Sherman · A WARNER BROS. PICTURE

• THURSDAY AND FRIDAY •
WARNER BROS.' COMEDY KNOCKOUT!
It May Be Not Art . . . But It's Darn Good Fun!
"KID FROM KOKOMO"
PAT O'BRIEN · JOAN BLONDELL · WAYNE MORRIS

A WHOLE INCH OFF . . .

The minute you close the zipper of THE AMAZING NEW "KLEINERT'S" PETAL-FRESH STURDI-FLEX REDUCERS just unpacked by us, together with "COMFORMA" SPORT BRIEF, ideal for GOLF, TENNIS and SWIMMING; and "12 INCH" SOFT RASCHEL TWO WAY STRETCH GIRDLES, well-groomed for adequate figure moulding. Many other striking new silhouettes in belts, girdles, chiffon panties. FIRST seen in Hongkong.

WE INVITE YOU TO SEE THEM!

MODE ELITE
Kayamally Building, Gordon's Mezz.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

BRITISH MOST ECONOMICAL CAR
FLYING STANDARD
"EIGHT"
NOW IN STOCK
Ordinary Saloon (2-door)
OPEN TOURER
43 – 45 m.p.g.
FAR EAST MOTORS
Phone 59101 26 Nathan Road
KOWLOON

"Hongkong Telegraph"
Dollar Telegrams: "China Morning Post, Ltd.,
T.T.: "Newspaper" Hongkong."
Lighting in Hongkong Harbour
High Water:—12.24.
Low Water:—19.54.

The Hongkong Telegraph.
SECOND EDITION
FOUNDED 1881 No. 10174 二拜禮 號一十月六英港香 TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1940. 日六初月五 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS $30.00 PER ANNUM

Library, Supreme Court

NEW SELECTION—
KLEINERT'S
BATHING CAPS
All cols. from $1.50 ea.
SNAPPY
BEACH HATS
from $2.50 ea.
WHITEAWAY'S

ROOSEVELT ANNOUNCES AMERICAN AID FOR ALLIES AS ITALY HANDS IN DECLARATIONS OF WAR

By REYNOLDS PACKARD
"UNITED PRESS" STAFF CORRESPONDENT

ROME, JUNE 10 (UP).—MUSSOLINI HAS PLUNGED ITALY INTO WAR AS GERMANY'S ALLY WITH THE BOAST TO HIS PEOPLE THAT "BRITAIN AND FRANCE, WHO HAVE TRIED TO KILL ITALY, WILL BE CRUSHED.

In a historic speech from the balcony of the Venice Palace, the Italian dictator carried 45,000,000 people and "ten million bayonets" into European slaughter because, he said, "Italy has done all that is humanely possible to halt the war."

FORMAL DECLARATIONS

Half-an-hour before Mussolini began his speech, Ciano summoned the British and French Ambassadors and handed them the formal declaration of War, signed by King Victor Emanuel.

Italy thus departed from the example set by Germany, which has not yet formally declared war on any nation.

150,000 JAM SQUARE

"Italy, proletarian and fascist, is strong, united and ready as she has never been before," Mussolini shouted to the 150,000 people jammed in the square before his palace.

"This gigantic battle is of the poor people against the fierce, rich holders of the world's gold.

"A nation of 45,000,000 people is not really free unless it has free access to oceans!

"We are taking action, in time, against the Democracies—who—have tried to kill Italy.

"We take up arms to resolve the problems, firstly, of continental frontiers and, secondly, of overseas frontiers.

"The die is cast! Italy does not intend to bring in other people. We simply want to break the chains tying us in the Mediterranean.

"I have only one order to give—'win'!

"We will win!

"Italians, take up your arms!"

London Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A Foreign Office announcement of

Turn to Page 7, Third Column

Western Front

ENEMY 25 MILES FROM PARIS

Government To Move Archives

By RALPH HEINZEN
UNITED PRESS WAR CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—French Government offices have begun moving from Paris.

The roads are clogged with swarms of refugees fleeing to the south from the massive assaults led by 4,000 tanks, which have carried the German blitzkreig to within 25 miles of the capital:

In his broadcast to-day, however, the French Premier declared that France may face many difficulties, but she is not down.

He asserted that the French armies are retreating only slowly and that the military position is good.

He declared the Allies have always been ready to negotiate for peace, in which they have been supported by President Roosevelt, but all their efforts have had no effect.

The threat of an Italian attack from the rear have made the hour darker as General Weygand's armies fight to stem the Nazi tide, the Premier said.

German tank columns are operating south of Beauvais and others are reported to have smashed through Normandy to Seminfericur to the northwest of Paris.

Heavy German columns are also attacking on the Tardenois plateau and threaten to flank Soissons and Rheims.

Nazi Pressure Tightens

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—To-night's war communique states that from the sea to the Oise River the enemy has decentuated his pressure between the roads from Amiens to Rouen and from Amiens to Vernon.

Vernon is on the Seine River south of Rouen.

The enemy has reached the lower

Turn to Page 7, Second Column

LATEST

POLICE TAKE ACTION

An official Police announcement was issued this morning concerning the position of Italians in Hongkong, consequent upon Mussolini's declaration of war against the Allies.

It was stated: "Similar steps are being taken with regard to Italians as were taken in the case of Germans in September, 1939. In cases where internment is not ordered, measures for restriction of movement are being imposed. At the present moment, no women are being interned."

ITALIAN TROOPS MASSING

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

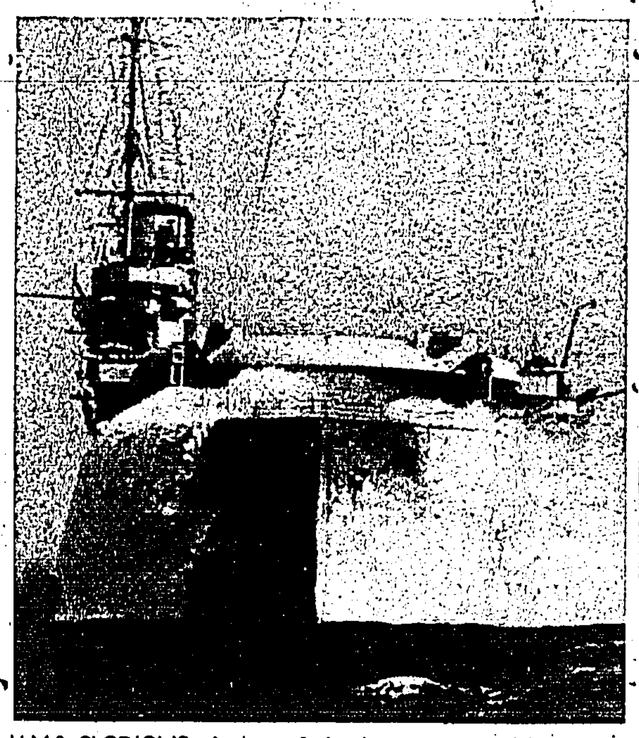
BELGRADE, June 11 (UP).—It is reported that a large Italian force has landed at Port Zara in Albania, near the Yugo-Slavian frontier.

Further troops have been landed on the Italian island of La Stovo, near the Dalmation coast.

Italy is reported to be massing troops on five fronts.

See Back Page For Further Late News

AIRCRAFT CARRIER SUNK



H.M.S. GLORIOUS, the last of the large cruisers built during the World War to be converted into aircraft carriers, taking a heavy sea in the Mediterranean.—Glorious was a sister-ship of Courageous, which was torpedoed earlier in the war.

German Battleships Off Narvik

GLORIOUS LOST IN NAVAL ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 11 (UP).—It is officially admitted by the Admiralty that the £4,200,000 aircraft carrier Glorious has, as claimed by the German High Command yesterday, been sunk in a naval battle with the German battleships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau.

In addition, the following vessels have been lost in the encounter.

The two "Defender" class destroyers Acasta and Ardent, which were escorting the Glorious;
The 5,666-ton oil tanker Oil Pioneer;
The 19,840-ton troop transport Orama, formerly of the Orient Line.

The naval battle occurred shortly after the Allied withdrawal from Narvik, in the course of which the two 26,000-ton Nazi battleships appeared suddenly on the scene.

The Admiralty states that the total tonnage lost in the encounter was 50,706 tons.

Fate Of Crew

The normal complement of the Glorious was 1,216. The fate of the crew has not yet been ascertained. Glorious was a sister-ship of the Courageous, sunk by torpedo earlier in the war. She was one of the large cruisers built during the latter part of the World War, originally costing £2,119,000. Conversion into an aircraft carrier in 1934 cost an additional £2,025,000.

H.M.S. Orama was well-known on the Australian run. Of 10,000 tons, she was built in 1924 and was taken over by the Government at the outbreak of war.

The Acasta and Ardent, of 1,375 tons, were sister ships of the destroyers of the Eighth Destroyer Flotilla which were stationed in Hongkong before the outbreak of war. None of the vessels sunk are equipped to fight with battleships.

The Gneisenau was reported to have been sunk and the Scharnhorst crippled in the early fighting off the Norwegian coast.

Turn to Page 7, Second Column

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINA, JUNE 10 (UP).—PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HAS ANNOUNCED THE INTENTION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THE ALLIES ALL ITS RESOURCES IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST TOTALITARIANISM.

U.S. To Send Her Resources

The President, in the gravest speech an American public has listened to since President Wilson's fateful Declaration of War in 1917, denounced Italy for her entry into the European War.

"The United States," he declared, "will send its resources to the aid of the Allies in their magnificent fight.

"America cannot safely become a lone island in a world dominated by the philosophy of force.

Cannot Remain Isolationist

"Such an island may be the dream of those who still talk and vote as Isolationists.

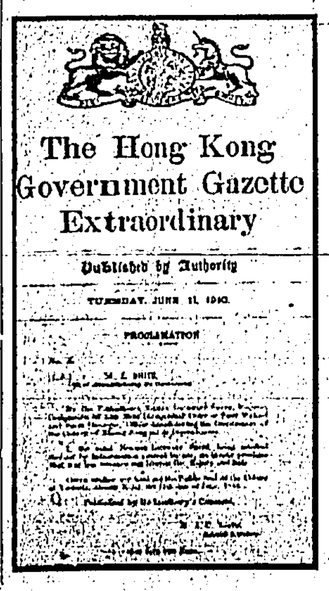
"But such an island represents to me, and to the overwhelming majority of Americans, a helpless nightmare of people without freedom, people lodged in prison, handcuffed and hungry and fed through the bars day by day by the contemptuous masters of other continents.

Grave Disquiet

CHARLOTTEVILLE, June 10 (Reuter).—The promise that the United States would extend its material resources to the opponents

Turn to Page 7, Fourth Column

His Majesty At War With Italy


The Hong Kong Government Gazette Extraordinary
Published by Authority
TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1940.
PROCLAMATION

Startling Official Announcement

MASS NAZI RAIDS ON BRITAIN REVEALED

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The revelation that hundreds of German aeroplanes have dropped bombs on English counties during the past few days was made in an official Ministry of Information communique to-night.

The Germans, says the Ministry communique, are attempting desperately to immobolise Britain's fighters.

This measure has completely failed.

"The one thought in British minds to-day is to sustain the battle front, and the British people are prepared to endure the attacks which would otherwise be directed against the Allied armies," the Ministry states.

Unshakeable Confidence

"Every enemy aeroplane which crosses the British coast, and every bomb which falls on Britain, diminishes by so much the German effort at the front.

"The British people have unshakeable confidence in the military genius of the French High Command and in the traditional heroism of the French soldier.

"Faced with the menace of Nazi slavery, every free man must say to himself, 'Victory at all cost and sooner death than defeat'."

Pre-War Bread To Be Maintained

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Every effort is being made to maintain the present high standard of bread. The darkish bread of the last war is said to be unlikely to reappear.

There is no immediate shortage of tea but consumers are asked to economise in order to save shipping space for more vital purposes.

Compulsory Service In Singapore

SINGAPORE, June 10 (Reuter).—The Compulsory Service Bill was passed by the Legislative Council of the Straits Settlements to-day.

All British Europeans are liable under this Bill for service with the local forces.

The Council also passed a Bill for the intensive training of local volunteer defence forces.

ITALIANS IN H.K.

Authorities Start To Take Action

Police have not yet arrested Italian residents or seized Italian property in the Colony. It is expected that they will act this afternoon.

As soon as Mussolini's announcement was known in the Colony, officers of the special branch, hastily called from their homes, were sent to Italian business premises. Plans for this action had been made for some time.

Italians "Shadowed"

A number of officers were also sent to watch the homes of Italian residents. Their instructions were that they were not to restrict the movements of enemy subjects, for the moment, but were to keep a close watch on them.

This was partly due to the fact that, until the official gazettal in the Colony that a State of War existed between Great Britain and Italy, there was no authority under which the police could act.

The State of War was proclaimed in a Government Gazette this morning. The Commissioner of Police (Mr. T. H. King) immediately held a conference with senior officers of his department to discuss what action would be taken.

Mr. King told the "Hongkong Telegraph" that there was no announcement that could be made at the

Turn to Page 7, First Column

DEFENCE MINISTER DIES IN PLANE CRASH

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Norman Rogers, the Minister of National Defence, was killed when an Air Force plane in which he was travelling from Ottawa to Toronto crashed at Newtonville, a town on Lake Ontario.

Three members of the crew were also killed.

His Career

Mr. Norman McLeod Rogers, M. A., B. Litt., B. C. L., was born in 1894 and educated at the Acadia and Oxford Universities. A historian and politician, he served in the Great War. He was Professor of History at the Acadia University in 1922, and later became Secretary to Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King. From 1929 to 1935 he was Professor of Political Science at Queen's University and was Counsel for the Nova Scotia Government Royal Commission of Economic Enquiry in 1934.

He was Minister of Labour in the King Government in 1935, and in the present government he was appointed Minister of National Defence.

Only yesterday he addressed a

Turn to Page 7, Fifth Column

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words $2.50

for 3 days prepaid

WANTED TO BUY.

WE PAY high prices for all gold and silver articles, diamonds, jades and jewels. Apply China Gold Refining Co. Room 6, Pedder Building, 2nd floor.

FOR SALE.

SHIPMENT of "Cooper's" Sheets and Pillow Cases. A few remaining which are being sold at discount prices on the premises of Mollers' Steamship Co., 3rd Floor, St. George's Building.

"HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERA" Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price $1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

POST OFFICE

GENERAL HOLIDAY

On Thursday, the 13th June, the General Post Office and Kowloon Central Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to noon, Sheungwan Branch Post Office will be open from 8 a.m. to 10 a.m. and the other Branch Post Offices will be entirely closed.

There will be one collection from the pillar boxes as on Sundays one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11.30 a.m. and one delivery of registered correspondence at 11 a.m.

There will also be one delivery of ordinary correspondence at 11 a.m. from the Branch Post Offices at Stanley, Taipo and Un Long.

The Money Order Office will be entirely closed.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m., Registered and Parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service" London date, 1st June. ....June 11.
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 4th June. ....June 11.
Europe via Suez and Straits (London date, 1st May) ....June 11.
Manila ....June 11.
Manila ....June 11.
Saigon ....June 11.
Shanghai ....June 11.
Shanghai ....June 11.
Japan and Shanghai ....June 11.
Shanghai and Amoy ....June 11.
Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 5th June ....June 12.
Canton ....June 12.
Haiphong ....June 12.
Manila ....June 12.
Sandakan ....June 12.
Shanghai. ....June 12.
Shanghai ....June 12.
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 5th June. ....**June 13.**

OUTWARD MAILS

Tuesday, June 11

Shanghai ....12.30 p.m.
Fort Bayard ....3.30 p.m.
Saigon ....5.30 p.m.
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 5.30 p.m.**
G.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 7 p.m.**
Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 5.30 p.m.**
G.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 7 p.m.**
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu and U.S.A., by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service."
K.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 5.30 p.m.**
G.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 11, 5 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 11, 7 p.m.**
Straits ....7 p.m.

Wednesday, June 12

Fort Bayard ....10.30 a.m.
Parcels only for Tientsin ....Noon.
Formosa ....5.30 p.m.
Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France (Paris and Northern Provinces only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service".
K.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 12, 5.00 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 12, 5.30 p.m.**
G.P.O.
Reg. ....**June 12, 5.00 p.m.**
Ord. ....**June 12, 7.00 p.m.**

Thursday, June 13

Canton ....7.15 a.m.
Swatow and Parcels only for Shanghai ....9.30 a.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., C. and S. America via Vancouver B.C.,—(Parcels for Canada).
G. P. O. and K. P. O.
Parcels, ...June 13, 10 a.m.
Reg., ...June 13, 11.15 a.m.
Ord., ...June 13, Noon.
Bangkok ....Noon.
Sandakan. ....Noon.
Amoy ....Noon.
Saigon, Straits and London via Long-Sea-Route.
G.P.O. & K.P.O.
Parcels, ...10.00 a.m.
Reg., ...11.15 a.m.
Ord., ...Noon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHINA ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Inc. in U.S.A.
Address: 226 Gloucester Building, Hongkong.

The above firm registered in the U.S.A. has no connection whatsoever with the A.E.G. China Electric Company which heads the list of enemy firms in China published in the Government Gazette of June 7, 1940.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our Stores and Dispensing Departments will be closed at 8 p.m. every evening commencing 10th June, 1940, until further notice.

GRAND DISPENSARY, LTD.
KING'S DISPENSARY.

SUN-KIST

CANNED

FRUITS and VEGETABLES

Insist on Sunkist

Sole Distributors
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Vol. X No. 2 May, 1940

THE
HONG KONG NATURALIST

A quarterly illustrated journal principally for Hong Kong and S. China.

Birds and Butterflies of Hong Kong.

Notes on Vegetable Insect Pests in Hongkong

The Typhoon of Nov. 23, 1939.

Hail and Halos

A Synopsis of the Fishes of China.

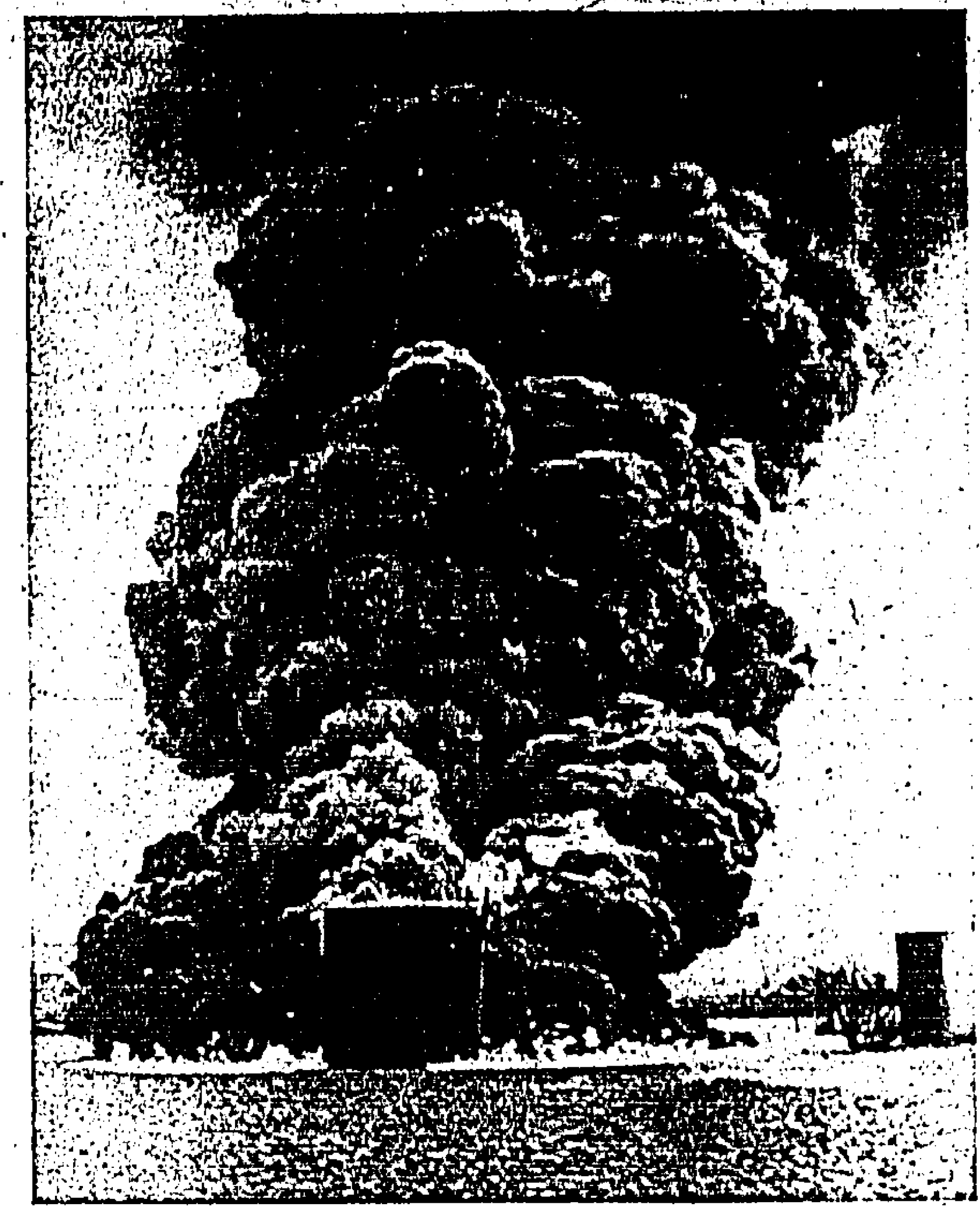
etc., etc.

PRICE $2.00

Prepaid subscription $7.00 (Back-Numbers from Vol. IV. available)

On Sale at Morning Post Building.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 Cures Discharges. No. 2 Cures Blood Poison. No. 3 Cures Chronic Weaknesses. English Price in Chemists, or other Recovery ... Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co. Haverstock Rd., N.W.3 London. DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS for the Liver Kidneys—weak kidneys & bladders.



A FLOOD in Penna, United States, caused tremendous damage recently. The flood burst oil tanks, causing an explosion and setting the tanks on fire. This vivid picture was taken after the explosion.

LETTERS

Monroe Doctrine

To The Editor,
The "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir,—I am, and so are a group of my friends, very interested in knowing what the "Monroe Doctrine" really is. We would be obliged if you would be so kind as to let us have any information you possess on the subject.

OLD SUBSCRIBER IN MACAU.

**The Monroe Doctrine, which is named after former President Monroe of the U.S.A., briefly lays down that European Powers shall be prevented from taking a controlling share in the politics of the two American continents. The original Monroe Declaration was the result of American apprehension that the combination of European Powers known as the Holy Alliance would interfere in South America and restore the Spanish colonies, which had asserted their independence, to the crown of Spain. On several occasions since its inception the Doctine has been enforced. Its spirit permeated the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, in which Great Britain and the United States mutually renounced the right of colonising, fortifying or occupying any portion of Central America. It was enforced against Maximilian who, by French intervention in Mexico, had been made Emperor. Both Cuba and Hawaii have felt its influence. It was enforced against Germany in 1917, when the Kaiser sought to involve Mexico in the European War. Since the outbreak of the current war, President Roosevelt has extended the provisions of the Doctrine to apply to such far away places as Greenland and islands in the Pacific. No foreign Power can make war on Canadian soil without incurring U.S. intervention, and every land in North and South America is protected against invasion.—Ed.*

Singapore's Importance

May Decide Fate of Far East

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In the Far East, Singapore is one of the most important points in the world, declared Professor Denis Saurat, Director of the French Institute, lecturing in London to-day on Anglo-French co-operation in Asia.

He declared that the fate of China would be the fate of India but for the British forces in the Far East.

In Strong Position

Fortunately Singapore was in a very strong position. French experts who had visited the island declared it to be practically impregnable.

Professor Saurat said there was complete unity in Franco-British action in the Far East, including the entente for the defence of Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Malaya.

There were also Java and Sumatra belonging to the Dutch allies and American interest in the Philippine Islands.

Co-operation With French

Stressing French pride in Indo-China, Professor Saurat said that the Allies had agreed to co-operate in its retention.

Turning to China, he said the Japanese were the masters of China in theory and not in practice. There were at present three large dogs fighting in China—Japan, Russia and United States.

Whatever the outcome, Britain and France held the key position not only of the Far East but perhaps of the world.

Future Of Far East

The future of the Far East was for the Allies to decide. There were British interests in China centring at Hongkong and Shanghai, but there were also very strong interests concentrated in Malaya and Singapore.

Not only was this the only road to India but it was also the key to Australia.

But Britain and France must learn the lesson they failed to learn after the last war, not to allow other influences to grow over-strong in the Far East.

"We have all the cards in our hands. Let us play them the right way," he said.

Mussolini's Cowardness & Treachery

Outspoken Broadcast By Duff-Cooper

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. A. Duff-Cooper, Minister of Information, broadcast to Canadian, American and home listeners to-night.

"Mussolini has timed the blow with characteristic cowardness and teachery," he said.

"It will be remembered for generations as one of the vilest things in history.

"Mussolini has waited for more than nine months until France has fought desperately against great odds.

Stabs Friend In Back

"At last the opportunity to stab an old friend in the back in the hour of that friend's greatest peril has proved too strong a temptation for Mussolini to resist.

"It is also very tragic that there is so much we love and admire in Italy and the Italian people.

"Had they a democratic system of government which allowed the will of the people to prevail, they would never have entered into this war on the side of their heriditary enemy against their hereditary friends.

Fearful Fate Awaits Them

"The foolish crowd of young Fascists who were cheering this afternoon in Rome little know of the fearful fate that awaits them.

"Whatever temporary successes they may achieve in the earlier days of warfare they will certainly be defeated in the end.

"Mussolini will bring misery and starvation upon his people.

"He will leave nothing behind him but curses from those he had betrayed and he will increase the number of ruins for which Italy has so long been famous."

Mr. Duff Cooper said that Italy had never won a war without assistance except against the unfortunate Abyssinians who were armed with spears against tanks and with bows and arrows against poison gas.

In her struggle for independence in the last century she was assisted at every turn both by Great Britain and France.

Lessons Of Last War

It was French soldiers and not Italians who drove the Austrians out of Italy.

Germany was no more likely to win the war with the assistance of Italy than without her.

On the contrary it was more than likely that Italy would prove a liability rather than an asset as indeed she proved to her Allies in the last war.

"I believe the news that Italy has joined in the war is well timed to strengthen the endurance and to encourage the hearts of the French and British people. We know the Italians of old and we know that whatever other qualities they may possess we can never fail to beat them on the field of battle," he concluded.

—RADIO—

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Third of "Toast" Series On Naval Occasions

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 845 k.c's. and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c's. per second.

H. K. T.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.
12.30 Dance Music by Jack Harris and His Orchestra.
1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.
1.03 Selections from Gilbert and Sullivan's "The Pirates of Penzance."
1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.
1.45 Lucienne Boyer and Tino Rossi in French Songs.
2.15 Close Down.
6.00 An hour of Dance Music.
7.00 Closing local Stock Quotations.
7.02 A Variety Programme.
7.30 London Relay—The News.
8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.
8.03 Chausson—Symphony in B Flat Major, Op. 20.
Orchestre de la Societe des Concerts du Conservatoire cond. by Piero Coppola.
8.35 Sea Shanties by John Goss (Baritone) and Cathedral Male Voice Quartet.
8.45 Studio—The "Toast" Series on Naval Occasions No. 3: "The Convoys and The Escorts."
8.57 Strauss—"Der Rosenkavalier" Suite.
Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Karl Alwin.
9.15 London Relay—News Summary.
9.30 London Relay—"Cards on the Table."
9.45 Richards Crooks (Tenor) and the Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.
10.15 Dance Music and Variety.
11.00 Close Down.

ROYALTY FOR CANADA

Dutch Family Reported To Have Left Britain

Washington, June 10.

The Netherlands Minister to-day declined to confirm or deny reports that members of the Dutch Royal family were *en route* to Canada seeking refuge from the expected *blitzkrieg* against the British Isles.

Mr. F. E. M. Groenman, Dutch Minister in Canada, is reported to be in Halifax awaiting the arrival of important personages from abroad.—*United Press.*

CRIPPS IN BUCHAREST

London, June 10.

Sir Stafford Cripps, who has been appointed new British Ambassador to Russia, has arrived at Bucharest on his way to Moscow from Sofia.—*United Press.*

The Hongkong Telegraph Tenth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1940.

Two Silver Trophies Awarded by ILFORD LTD.
for the best and second-best entries.

Four Silver Trophies Awarded by EASTMAN KODAK CO.
First Prizes in each of the four Sections.

$250 CASH PRIZES $250

SECTION ONE

General Pictorial: Land and Seascapes: Architecture: Street Scenes, etc.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50.

SECTION TWO

Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50.

SECTION THREE

Still Life and Table Top Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50

SECTION FOUR

(Craftsmen's Section)

The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. $30. 3rd. $20. 4th. $12.50.

RULES

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
2.—No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the *Hongkong Telegraph.*
5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
7.—All entries to be either black, sepia, or toned pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a smaller print in black and white.
9.—No picture to entered in more than one Section.
10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes:—10×12, 16×20.
11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
12.—Members of the Staffs of the *Hongkong Telegraph* and the *South China Morning Post* are not permitted to compete.
13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.
14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the *Telegraph* offices within seven days.

ENTRY FORM

SECTION ....
NAME ....
ADDRESS ....

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry in Sections 1, 2 and 3

J. ULLMANN & CO.

Established 1860

LIFETIME

WATCH

SELFWINDING

WATERPROOF

STAINLESS STEEL

SHOCK RESISTING

ANTIMAGNETIC

$75.—

THE MEN'S WRIST WATCH OF QUALITY

SWITZERLAND'S BEST

J. ULLMANN & CO.

Chater Road

MAGAZINE PAGE

How Much Do You Give Your Wife?

SPOTLIGHT ON SOME FAMILY BUDGETS

THE question, "How much do you give your wife?" depends on the question, "How many bills do you let her settle?"

Take housekeeping money. Wife buys the food, the cleaning materials. All right. But does she pay for the heating? What about the odd chemists' bills? Flowers?

So before we tackle this question let us consider the whole question of who pays what and how you spend your money.

There are two ways of handling your income. Ninety-nine per cent. of the men seem to do it the wrong way.

★

THE RIGHT WAY. You can add together your war tax, rent, rates, clubs, insurance and any other big bills—in fact, all the bills which come in quarterly or less frequently—divide the answer by twelve, and religiously put aside this sum of money every month.

This way you may have to do without cigarettes or the cinema at the end of the month. But you do not lose a single night's sleep through worry. You don't have to trouble when those little buff envelopes arrive and hide them behind the clock.

THE WRONG WAY. Regulate your own expenditure at roughly the level of that of your friends. Allow your wife as little as you can settle for (because she'll certainly overspend it), pay the household bills promptly when they come in, and put aside whatever is left over. Then when the big bills come in you'll find you haven't enough, so you have to mobilise that $200 you were keeping to have a holiday.

★

HERE are five typical family systems. See where you fit in.

Scheme 1. The man hands his entire income over to his wife, who gives him back some pocket money.

Scheme 2. Husband gives his wife a dress allowance and pays all other bills himself.

Scheme 3. Husband gives wife a dress allowance *and* a house-keeping allowance, and pays all the big bills himself (if he can).

Scheme 4. Husband gives wife an allowance and *gives himself a definite allowance*, instead of just putting his hand in his pocket whenever he wants something. Banks the rest of the income—a definite sum at the beginning of the month. But no effort is made to reckon whether this sum will prove adequate on quarter day.

Scheme 5. The honour system, or total muddle. Put all the money in the bank, and husband and wife each draw cheques when they like, relying on one another not to overdo it.

★

NOW when it comes to making your wife an allowance remember these four points:

Twenty to 25 per cent. of the housekeeping money may go on something you can't see—cleaning (including laundry). It seems irritating spending money just to stay the same, but that's how it goes.

Clothes mean more to a woman than just coverings to keep out the cold. A good deal of the money she spends on them really ought to go down on your budget under Entertainment.

Women are usually reasonably businesslike about immediate expenditure. Few of them can look more than a week or two ahead. Quarterly bills catch them unprepared. Half-yearly bills floor them.

Women invariably embezzle. Your wife will without a qualm borrow money from the housekeeping account to enable her to get that heavenly little hat that's so cheap.

Women are born optimists. If your wife gives you an estimate of what she needs for clothes, remember that what she means is: "This is the lowest possible sum for which, by the greatest luck, and if I get everything at a sale, I *might* be able to dress myself."

Take a look at your wife. Base your budget on her character. Then let her make her mistakes her own way.

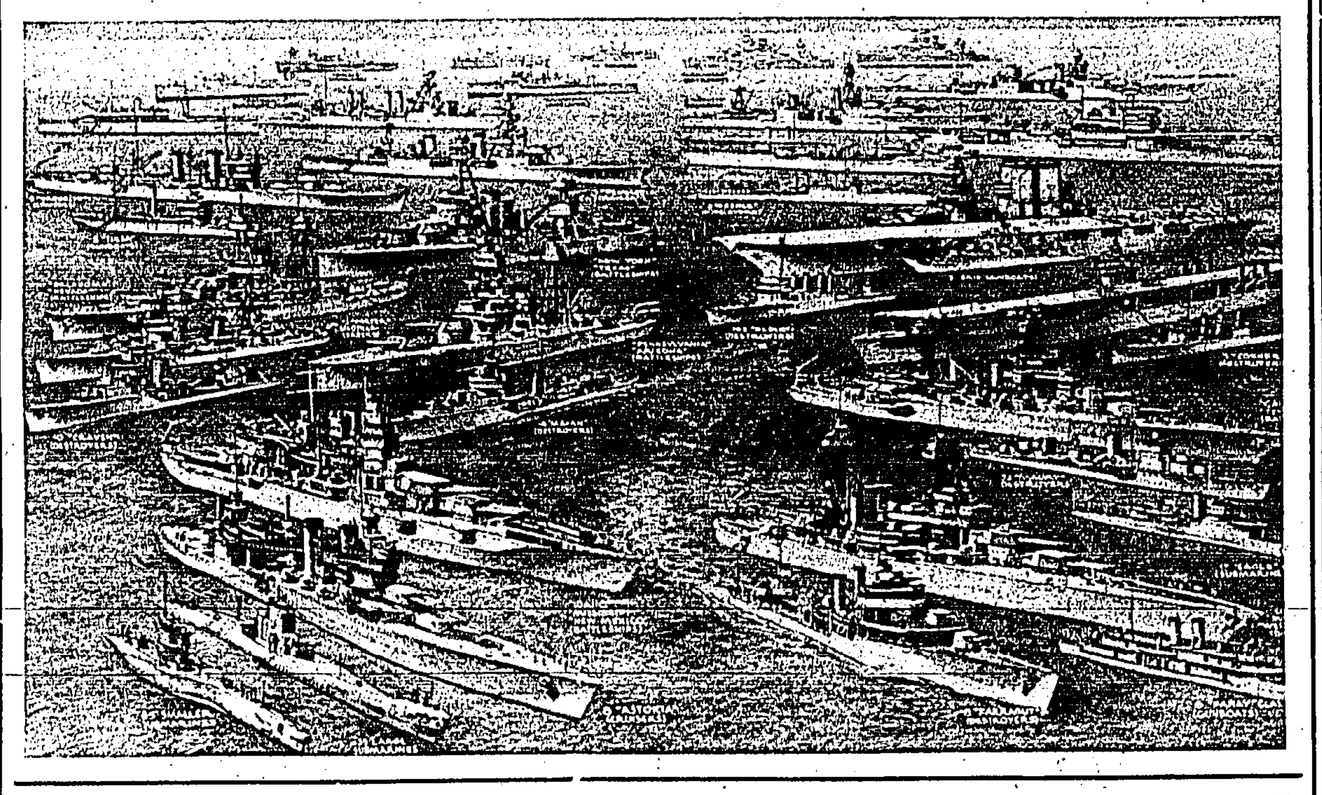
If she has no head for figures, she'll let you do the job and flatter you about your "reliability."

If she's the determined sort she'll probably settle how you spend your income, anyway.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty

"I don't like repeating myself, dear—what did I say was the matter with you the last time Aunt Minnie wanted to visit us?"

NAVIES OF THE GREAT POWERS-3.....AMERICA



THE FIRST V. C.

The first V.C. of the war was awarded last week to Capt. Warburton Lee, R.N., for his exploit at Narvik.

One thousand one hundred and fifty-seven men have received the Victoria Cross, so far. Two of these were given a bar as well—Lieutenant Arthur Martin-Leake and Captain N. G. Chavasse, both of the R.A.M.C.

Lieutenant Martin-Leake won the V.C. in 1902, the bar in 1915. Captain Chavasse won the V.C. in 1916, the bar in 1917.

There have been two cases of father and son winning the medal—Lord Roberts in 1858, his son in 1900; Captain Walter Congreve in 1900, his son in 1916.

★

The scope of the award was increased in 1911 to include Indian troops.

In 1920 women became eligible for the Victoria Cross.

Nurses of all kinds can now receive this award, and civilians of either sex regularly or temporarily "under the orders, direction, or supervision of naval, military or Air Forces of the Empire."

The first V. C. was Midshipman C. D. Lucas, who picked up a shell on the deck of a warship and flung it overboard. That was on June 20, 1854.

The youngest V.C. was John Travers Cornwell, sixteen years old, at the battle of Jutland. The award was made posthumously for "staying at his post on the Chester, in spite of being mortally wounded, until the end of the action."

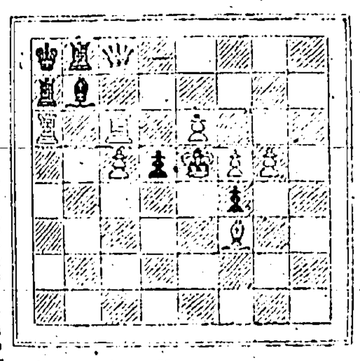
The V.C. is worn before any other decorations.

It entitles a man below the ranks of commissioned officer to £10 a year, with £5 a year extra for a bar.

The intrinsic value of the cross is threepence.

CHESS—the KING OF GAMES

CHESS has been called "The King of Games and the Game of Kings." Both in the East and in the West it has had innumerable Royal devotees to whom it was unsafe to say "Checkmate," which means "the King is dead." From the Eleventh Century onwards, when it was introduced into Europe from the East, probably by returned Crusaders, it was the favourite game of the nobility. Indeed, as you find in the mediaeval romances, a knowledge of chess was taken as sufficient proof of noble birth. To-day, for the first time in its long and distinguished history, it has become a democratic diversion.



It is not easy to estimate how many chess-players there are in the world. In the Introduction to one of his excellent treatises on its strategy and tactics, Dr. Lasker, a former world's champion, who has given exhibitions of his profound artistry in every civilised country, estimated the number of players requiring odds of a Queen from any master at 1,000,000. Fifty thousand would be content with a Rook, 20,000 with a Knight, 5,000 with Pawn and Move, and 1,000 could play on equal terms without, however, having more than a forlorn hope of victory. He did not take into consideration the vast multitude of mere "wood-shifters," who know little more than the moves.

* * *

The player without experience of club-play often has a grossly exaggerated idea of his strength. I remember one of these private prodigies telling me that he had never been beaten—and I was able to place him at once, just as "W. G." knew that the batsman who said he had never been bowled for a blob should be No. 11 on the order of going in, no lower place being available. A village tyro, who would beat his cronies, was persuaded to take part in one of Blackwood's exhibitions of simultaneous play. He was soon mopped up, but when asked to describe his experiences proudly explained: "But I chocked (checked) him, and he had to move his King!" Never miss a check!—he had got as far as that fallacious maxim.

Since Lasker's estimate was published the chess-playing population of the world has vastly increased. During the War a very large number of young men found that chess was an antidote to every kind of anxiety. In a letter from the Western Front a friend told me that he could forget everything when engaged in a skittle game. "When I put the bits back in the box," he added, "it seems to me that we have a symbol of death and the life to follow. Like them, we'll be taken out and set up again on the board of life some day."

* * *

When peace broke out, the love of chess spread, new clubs were formed and old ones increased their membership. More than a hundred matches are now played in London during a single week, and the number of club members there and in the provincial cities and towns must run far into five figures, perhaps into six. For every club player there must be ten who are content to play at home, trying to solve problems and studying the published games of masters, if they know the notation. There may be three-quarters of a million players in England.—It is for the benefit of the isolated students that I give a clever two-mover which seemed to me and other experienced disciples of Caissa without any solution—till the catch in the position was disclosed.

In Continental countries every other person can play chess, which is often taught in the schools. A tournament was recently held in Russia, for which there were 700,000 entries, and a vigorous chess propaganda is being carried on in the United States, which has already produced a number of brilliant young artists capable of winning international tournaments. I should say there are now between 20,000,000 and 30,000,000 chess players in the world, and each year will see an increase in quality as well as quantity.

The reasons why chess is becoming one of the universal games are not far to seek. In the first place, it satisfies the innate artistic instinct which find no scope in mechanical or monotonous occupations. Secondly, it is a cure for worry—you can think of nothing else when involved in a position full of exciting possibilities.

The humblest novice gets as many thrills out of his artless effort as the "great master" does out of a game which ends in a blaze of sacrificial splendour. Providence seems to collaborate with the former. I well remember an old gentleman at a provincial club who had won several absurd skittle games from an even weaker opponent saying with deep satisfaction: "The pieces have been droppin' very well for me to-night." An example of the unconscious humour which is often noticed in chess resorts, especially those where what a British champion calls "cafe chess," can be seen in full effervescence.

* * *

Thus, the less an onlooker knows about it all the more ready he is to tell you just where you missed a win. Hence Blackburne's satirical saying, "It's not the filthy lucre I object to so much as the filthy looker-on." It is entertaining to hear regular opponents at skittles indict one another for thinking over a move too long. "Wake me up when he moves," says one of them to a spectator, and the other gets his own back by asking, "Is this bed-and-breakfast chess?" Even more amusing is the frequent excuse of the loser of a bout of conversational chess, "You talked me out of the game."

When you have learnt to comprehend the characteristic style of a super-master—the profundity of Lasker, the subtle simplicity of "Capa," the mystic vision of Alekhine, the reasonableness of Euwe—you see that chess is a personal art. And, sometimes by taking thought but more often by happy accident, you yourself may make a picture on the board and collaborate in a game the record of which will be studied a thousand years hence.

CLEARANCE, 1 WEEK ONLY

Special Offer in Cotton House Dresses at $5.00 $7.50 and $10.00 each

(worth double)

A limited selection only

2 ONLY IN LARGE SIZES To be Cleared at $2.50 each

Call Early

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

PARLOPHONE

RADIO'S FAVOURITE ORCHESTRA MASCOTTE (Waltzes)

R 2403	Waltzes of the world	Potpourri.
R 2472	After the Ball	Songs d'Automne.
R 2512	Song of Hawaii	Dream waltz.
R 2521	Cavalier	Once on the Rhine.
R 2561	Women of Vienna	You and you.
R 2578	Artists life	Vienna Bonbons.
R 2642	Voice of spring	Autumn murmurs.
R 2656	Acceleration	Budapest.
R 2671	Caresses	Blue like a cornflower.
R 2682	Tidings of spring	Valse Basque.
R 2691	Amphitryon	You will never know.
R 2433	Vienna citizen	Indian summer.
R 2390	Music of the Spheres	My lucky day.
R 2312	Waltz of the dolls	Exultation.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY
MARINA HOUSE 10 QUEEN'S ROAD C. PHONE 24648

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

HONGKONG to SINGAPORE direct

First Week In July

HONGKONG to SAN FRANCISCO direct

Last Week In June

★ ★ AMERICAN ★ ★ PRESIDENT LINES
"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"
AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR AND UNITED AIR LINES.
18 Pedder Street Telephone 23171.

The STORY OF OUR PREMIER

During ten years of exile, from 1929 until 1939, Churchill saw men in office who were far less able than he. For Ramsay MacDonald as Nationalist Prime Minister he had nothing but contempt.

"He has", he said, "more than any other man the gift of compressing the largest amount of words into the smallest amount of thought."

Towards Stanley Baldwin his attitude was polite but regretful. "He used to be wiser," he told the House in 1935. "He used frequently to take my advice."

As for Mr. Chamberlain, Churchill has been known in private life to wring his hands in despair over the feeble policies of "that undertaker from Birmingham."

One of his gibes in the House cannot exactly have improved the situation. Malcolm MacDonald, the Colonial Secretary, had occasion to remark in the course of a speech, "I cannot remember the time when I was not told stories about Bethlehem, where the Prince of Peace was born." Churchill turned to his neighbour. "I thought," he said, "it was Birmingham."

* * *

WINSTON CHURCHILL was born on November 30, 1874, in Dublin where his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, was secretary to his father, the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from 1876.

Lord Randolph Churchill was a brilliant parliamentarian, who later distinguished himself in many offices, but chiefly as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

It is one of the great regrets of Winston Churchill that he never really got to know his father intimately since he was nearly always occupied with public affairs, and had little time to devote to his family.

Deep Affection For Mother

On the other hand, he had a deep affection for his mother, an American lady, who was one of the outstanding society figures of her day. It was from her that Winston Churchill acquired that cosmopolitan outlook which has characterised his later life.

It was to his nurse, however, Mrs. Everest that he owed the happiness of his childhood. She was his confidente and constant companion. His friendship for her, like most of his friendships was deep and lasting, continuing up to her death.

At the age of seven he was despatched to St. James preparatory school, one that modelled itself on Eton, and it was here he acquired that distaste for study which lasted for a considerable time.

In fact like Bernard Shaw, he now might very well say "I had a very good education, but it was interrupted while I attended school."

He hated mathematics and Latin and, as a consequence, found it difficult when the time came to pass the entrance examination into Harrow.

However, he did succeed, but never advanced beyond the third form, because of his weakness in the classics and mathematics.

Good Working Arrangement!

He had a good working arrangement with a boy in the sixth form, he says, who construed his Latin for him in return for an English essay each week; a subject in which the senior boy was very weak.

This arrangement worked very well until one day the headmaster summoned the sixth form boy to congratulate him on his excellent essay, which he proceeded to discuss. The youth did not know what the headmaster was talking about and was dismissed with the comment that he was obviously better with his pen than with his tongue.

From Harrow, he just succeeded in getting into Sandhurst where his education really began. Here he found congenial subjects, mastered them quickly and soon advanced to a very high position in his year.

When he had completed his military course at Sandhurst, he found that the Spanish war in Cuba in 1895 was the only fighting going on at this time and, as he very much wanted to see what real war was like, he obtained permission to accompany the Spanish troops. It was a leisurely campaign in which nothing very serious happened and which obviously was going to take a long time to bring to a conclusion, so he returned to England after having had his baptism of fire.

Gazetted to 4th Hussars

He had been gazetted to the 4th Hussars, a cavalry regiment, and proceeded to Bangalore in India. Here he continued his studies through the books his mother despatched to him. He read the best of English literature, philosophy and history, and never relaxed his efforts to make himself a master of English phrase, but, of course, he was not a bookworm, far from it; owing to his amazing energy, he was seldom fatigued, and was therefore able to spend a good deal of time playing polo, a game, of which he was passionately fond, and at which he was an adept.

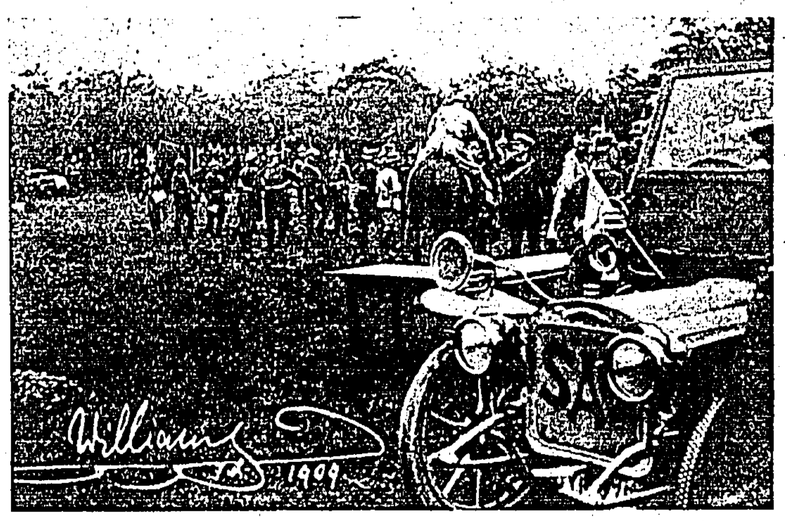
He accompanied the Malakand Field Force and took part in the Tirah campaign on the north west frontier.

About the former he wrote an excellent book which won the commendation of Lord Salisbury and the approval of all the critics.

After considerable difficulty he managed to get a commission which enabled him to join Kitchener's army, in the Sudan which at that time was dealing with the Dervishes.

At the battle of Omdurman he took part in the famous cavalry charge which he describes in that vivid manner which naturally followed from his mastery of English and his actual experiences in the charge.

CHURCHILL'S ILLUSTRIOUS ANCESTOR, the Duke of Marlborough, victor of Blenheim (1704), was England's greatest general. His family has given England countless soldiers and statesmen.



KAISER WILHELM GREETED CHURCHILL at German army manoeuvres in 1909. Churchill was a Cabinet member. The Kaiser signed the picture with the Anglicized version of his name which he liked to affect with English visitors.

His Experience With Kitchener

"Nothing like the Battle of Omdurman," he says, "will ever be seen again. It was the last link in the long chain of those spectacular conflicts whose vivid and majestic splendour has done much to invest war with glamour. Everything was visible to the naked eye. The armies marched and manoeuvred on the crisp surface of the desert plain through which the Nile wandered in broad reaches, now steel, now brass. Cavalry charged at full gallop in close order, and infantry or spearmen stood upright ranged in lines or masses to resist them. From the rocky hills which here and there flanked the great river the whole scene lay revealed in minute detail, curiously twisted, blurred and interspersed with phantom waters by the mirage.

"The collision was now very near. I saw immediately before me, not ten yards away, the two blue men who lay in my path. They were perhaps a couple of yards apart. I rode at the interval between them.

"They both fired. I passed through the smoke conscious that I was unhurt.

"The trooper immediately behind me was killed at this place and at this moment, whether by these shots or not I do not know.

"I checked my pony as the ground began to fall away beneath his feet. The clever animal dropped like a cat four or five feet down on the sandy bed of the watercourse, and in this sandy bed I found myself surrounded by what seemed to be dozens of men. They were not thickly packed enough at this point for me to experience any actual collision with them.

"Whereas Grenfell's troops next but one on my left was brought to a complete standstill and suffered very heavy losses, we seemed to push our way through as one has sometimes seen mounted policemen break up a crowd.

"In less time than it takes to relate, my pony had scrambled up the other side of the ditch."

Saved Life of Brother Officer

He was mentioned in despatches for saving the life of a brother officer on the north west of India and also for his courage in the battle of Omdurman.

It was after this battle when he was returning up the Nile enjoying the peace that follows victory that an Irish doctor claimed a portion of his skin to cover the wound of a soldier whose life depended on such a sacrifice. He cheerfully went through the ordeal which, he said, was like being skinned alive and to this day he bears the scars, but he helped to save the soldier's life.

In 1899, he entered politics, but was defeated as a Conservative in his first election at Oldham.

Boer War Correspondent

The Boer war broke out, and he promptly went out as a war correspondent for the "Morning Post" at a salary of £250 per month with expenses paid.

Just before he embarked for South Africa, several cases of the finest champagne were presented at a farewell dinner to his friend Lord Gerrard, who was told that he had to share them with him. In order to make sure that there would be no delay at the base, he labelled them "Castor Oil." When he and Lord Gerrard had been at Durban some days they sent a telegram of enquiry only to be told that, owing to shortage of supplies, the castor oil had been distributed among the base hospitals, but fresh supplies of the medicine had now arrived and would be despatched in due course to take the place of that which had been appropriated.

In Natal he joined an armoured train which was making a reconnaissance into the country and which was ambushed by the Boers. He worked valiantly under fire for two hours to remove the wrecked wagons, and succeeded, but instead of proceeding with the "engine to safety" he remained with the company of soldiers, and afterwards was confronted by a Boer on horse back who levelled his gun at him. As he had no weapon of any sort upon him he had to surrender. His captor was none other than General Louis Botha who afterwards became one of his greatest friends. This is what he says about him in his autobiography:—

"In 1913, when he, General Botha, returned from a visit to Germany where he had been taking the waters for a cure, he warned me most earnestly of the dangerous mood prevailing there. 'Mind you are ready' he said. 'Do not trust those people. I know they are very dangerous. They mean you mischief. I hear things you would not hear. Mind you have all your ships ready. I can feel that there is danger in the air. And what is more,' he added, 'when the day comes, I am going to be ready too. When they attack you, I am going to attack German South West Africa and clear them out once and for all. I will be there to do my duty when the time comes. But you, with the Navy, mind you are not caught by surprise.'"

Again later in 1919, he writes: "Many high personages visited me at the War Office, but there was only one whom I myself conducted down the great staircase and put with my own hands into his waiting car, and that was Louis Botha."

Escape from Internment

Winston Churchill has always had a great capacity for making friends and keeping them.

As a prisoner then he was interned in a camp in Pretoria, but, of course, loss of liberty merely stimulated his power of invention and so he escaped by literally walking past the sentry after climbing a fence.

He boarded trains by night and finally arrived exhausted at a house which, by luck, was owned by an Englishman, who hid him in a coal mine for three days; and then smuggled him into another goods train which carried him into Portuguese East Africa.

This exploit made him the most discussed person in Africa and England, and paved the way for his success in a second attempt to enter Parliament for Oldham after the war was over.

In 1908, he married the daughter of Sir H. M. Hozier, a colonel of Dragoons, and their wedding was the outstanding event of the 1908 London season.

Like so many episodes of Winston Churchill's career, his wedding did not pass without stormy incident. A score of militant suffragettes, agitating for the vote, chained themselves to the railings of the church while the marriage was being solemnised.

As the Conservative Party was committed to Tariff Reform, he went over to the Liberal Party and won a seat by a good majority in the election in North West Manchester. He was made President of the Board of Trade, and in 1910 Home Secretary, in which capacity, remembering his own miserable experience as a prisoner in South Africa, he did a great deal to improve prison life in England, by providing literature, and entertainment to relieve the deadly monotony which weighed so heavily upon the more intelligent prisoners.

His Work at The Admiralty

In 1911, he was made First Lord of the Admiralty and it was due to his untiring exertions in the office that the fleet was ready for its great task in 1914, and was able to bring about the final and complete surrender of the whole German Fleet at Scapa Flow in 1918.

He sponsored the naval expedition to Antwerp and, as he said, and, as many German experts admitted, he delayed the capture of the city by five days and so saved Calais. In spite of that, however, a section of the Cabinet disapproved of this expedition.

Again later he conceived that idea of forcing the Dardanelles, but the Expeditionary force had finally to be withdrawn. The enterprise failed not because, as some have claimed, the idea was wrong, but because those responsible for executing it failed to act on the scale he had recommended.

Introduces the tank

He resigned his office and proceeded to France, from which place he urged the introduction of the new weapon—the tank which was to play such an important part in the war.

He was recalled to England by Mr. Lloyd George now Prime Minister, who made him Minister of Munitions and later Secretary for War and for the Air.

Later, in 1924, he became Chancellor of the Exchequer, a post he held with conspicuous success till the government was defeated in 1928.

As a speaker and debator, Winston Churchill has no equal in the House of Commons.

When Joynson Hicks was defending a certain measure and Winston Churchill was disagreeing with him by shaking his head, Joynson Hicks said: "but I am only expressing my own opinion." "And I," said Winston Churchill, "am only wagging my own head."

When Wedgewood Benn lost his temper at some remark Winston Churchill had made, he said "The Honourable member should not generate more anger than he can contain."

And he can also be incisive as for example when he said "When the Honourable member is about to get up to address the House, he doesn't know what he is going to say, when he is standing up he does not know what he is saying and when he sits down, he doesn't know what he has said."

CHURCHILL WAS CAPTURED by Boers during the Boer War when they derailed a British troop train. He was taken to Pretoria as a prisoner (above), but escaped alone over a prison wall. He was then a war correspondent at £250 month.

His Warnings went heedless

Since 1933, Winston Churchill repeatedly drew attention to the secret rearmament of Germany about which he seemed to get information from very special sources. It was largely owing to his warnings that the nation finally woke up to the danger and began to put its house in order.

When the present war broke out, he was invited by the Prime Minister to assume the post of First Lord of the Admiralty, the same office he held in the beginning of the last war, and in that capacity he backed up the Navy in its grim silent struggle to overcome the U-boat menace.

Outside politics, Mr. Churchill's interests are mainly in the literary field in which he has achieved considerable fame, especially with his outstanding work: "The Life of Marlborough" and "The World Crisis."

At an earlier date, he wrote novels but found that he had a namesake in the United States, who was doing exactly the same thing, so he wrote a letter to him saying that in future to avoid confusion he proposed to call himself Winston Spencer Churchill.

As recreations he has two main hobbies, painting in water colours and brick-laying, his skill in which was recognised by the Bricklayers Union which enrolled him as a member.

It is against Mr. Churchill that the German direct their most violent attacks, because they fear him most.

Commentary on modern war

Yet on reading his autobiography and his thoughts and adventures it is difficult to see why it should be so.

This is his commentary on modern war:

"The obliteration of the personal factor in war, the stripping from high commanders of all the drama of the battlefield, the reducing of their highest function to pure office work, will have profound effects upon sentiment and opinion.

"Hitherto the great captain has been right revered as the genius who by the firmness of his character, and by the mysterious harmonies and inspirations of his nature could rule the storm.

"He did it himself; and no one else could do it so well. He conquered there and then. Often he fell beneath the bolts and the balls, saviour of his native land.

"Now, however, illogical as it may seem and even unjust, his glamour and honours will not readily descend upon our calculating friend at the telephone."

"This worthy must assuredly be rewarded as a useful citizen, and a faithful perspicacious public servant; but not as a hero.

"The heroes of modern war lie out in the cratered field, mangled, stifled, scarred; and there are too many of them for exceptional honours.

"It is mass suffering, mass sacrifice, mass victory. The glory which plays upon the immense scenes of carnage is diffused.

"No more the blaze of triumph irradiates the helmets of the chiefs. There is only the pale light of a rainy dawn by which forty miles of batteries recommence their fire, and another score of divisions founder to their death in mud and poison gas."

His philosophy with regard to war is best expressed in his own words:

"In war resolution, in defeat defiance, in victory magnanimity, in peace goodwill," and lastly with regard to his religious views here again are his own words: "Many centuries were to pass before the God that spake in the Burning Bush was to manifest Himself in a new revelation, which nevertheless was the oldest of all the inspirations of the Hebrew people—as the God not only of Israel, but of all mankind who wished to serve Him; a God not only of justice, but of mercy; a God not only of self-preservation and survival, but of pity, self-sacrifice and ineffable love.

"Let the men of science and of learning expand their knowledge and probe with their researches every detail of the records which have been preserved to us from these dim ages. All they will do is to fortify the grand simplicity and essential accuracy of the recorded truths which have lighted so far the pilgrimage of man."

HOW TO RALLY AFTER ILLNESS

It's an uphill business getting your strength back after serious illness or operation. There's only one thing that can help you—nourishment, plenty of it. But your stomach is as weak as your legs and you hate the thought and sight of food.

Doctors save the situation time and again by giving the convalescent patient Horlicks. It is food in a form which places no strain on the exhausted digestion—and its pleasant flavour restores the jaded appetite. Horlicks is a complete balanced food, containing all the elements needed for filling out the wasted body with healthy flesh and repairing tattered nerves.

Thousands of people owe their quick recovery to the abundant vitality and energy that Horlicks has poured into their veins. Get Horlicks from your store to-day. Always keep a supply in the house. (3)

BANKS

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853

Paid-up Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £3,000,000
Reserve Fund £3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.
38 Bishopsgate, E.C.2.
Sub-Agencies in London:
117/119, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3.
West End Branch:
14/16, Cockspur Street, S.W.1.
Manchester Branch:
52, Mosley Street, Manchester, 2.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Alor Star	Harbin	Rangoon
Amritsar	Hongkong	Saigon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Semarang
Batavia	Ilollo	Seremban
Bombay	Karachi	Shanghai
Calcutta	Klang	Singapore
Agencies:	Kobe	Sitiawan
Clive Street	Kuala	Sourabaya
Fairlie Place	Lumpur	Taiping
Canton	Kuching	Tientsin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tongkah
Cebu	Manila	(Bhuket)
Colombo	Medan	Tsingtao
Delhi	New York	Yokohama
Haiphong	Peiping (Peking)	
Hamburg		
Hankow	Penang	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for One Year or shorter periods in Local or Other Currencies at rates which will be quoted on application.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS also opened in Local Currency and Sterling with interest allowed at rates obtainable on application.

The Bank's Head Office in London undertakes Executor & Trustee business, and claims recovery of British Income Tax overpaid, on terms which may be ascertained at any of its Agencies and Branches.

R. A. CAMIDGE,
Manager.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

MISSING!

ONE BRIDEGROOM!

Last seen trailing desperate criminal. If found...dump in nearest ashcan (*The heel!!*) No reward!

His blushing bride

FOUND!

The gayest and most delightfully different hit of the year!

Melvyn DOUGLAS ★ Joan BLONDELL

The AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS

with RUTH DONNELLY, CLARENCE KOLB, EDWARD BROPHY

Directed by ALEXANDER HALL

Associate Producer EVERETT RISKIN

A Columbia Picture

ALSO THE LATEST BRITISH NEWSREEL

STOCK MARKET REPORT

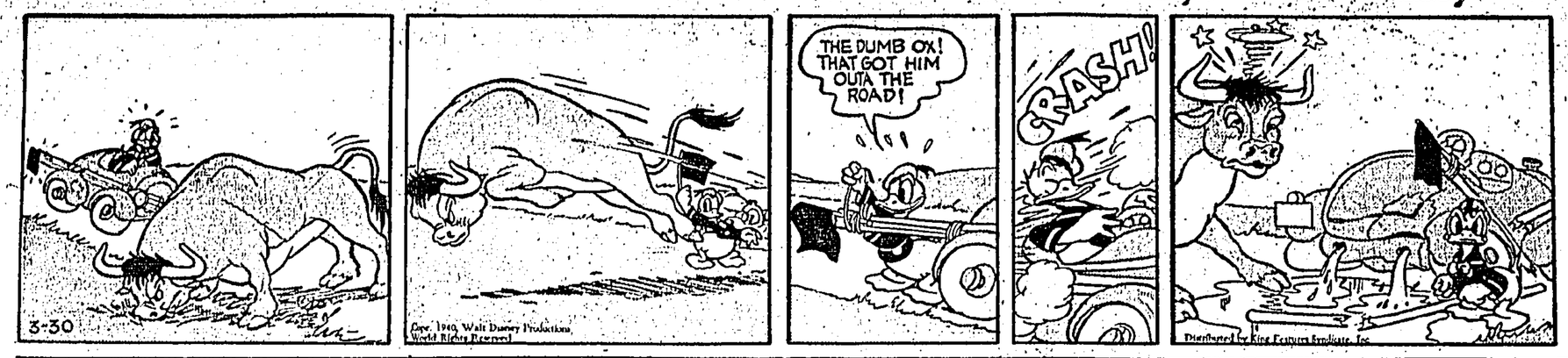
Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

A better turnover was recorded with business being transacted in H.K. Govt. 4% Loan at 103, H.K. Banks at $1335/40 and Electrics at $68½.

Buyers.

H.K. Banks $1,335
Providents $3.00
Trams $16.10
Electrics $68.60

DONALD DUCK By Walt Disney



SPECIAL OFFER
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
1 TIN AYLMER PEARS LARGE SIZE
1 TIN MONUMENT THICK CREAM 6 OZS.
for $1.40
ORDER THEM NOW!
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
TEL. 28151

Italian Entry

JOY IN BERLIN

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, June 10 (UP).—Italy's entry into the war is received with undisguised joy.

Exultant military circles claimed that the Allied communications north of the Seine between Paris and Le Havre have been shattered and that the position of the French Army is "hopeless."

Von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, broadcast an official statement after Mussolini had made his speech.

"The irresistible power of the German and Italian peoples and the unalterable friendship between the two great leaders makes victory certain," he declared.

Hitler sent a telegram to King Victor Emmanuel and Ribbentrop sent one to Ciano.

"Together we shall march to victory," they said.

There are reports here that the Italians have already marched into the French Riviera, but these are doubted.

The German High Command claims that the Germans have advanced along a 210-mile front, overrunning General Weygand's line everywhere.

Military authorities here said German troops are now approaching the lower Marne—threatening the region where the Allies in the World War made their successful last ditch stand.

New Church House

King Performs The Opening Ceremony

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The King, as head of the Church of England, to-day opened the new church house in the Dean's Yard, behind Westminster Abbey.

The King wore his Field-Marshal's uniform and was accompanied by the Queen.

They were received by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York.

The building cost £55,000.

Church's Mission

The King, in declaring it open, recalled that the foundation stone was laid three years ago by Queen Mary. He said: "I feel confident that the Church will endeavour, in these anxious days, to inspire the people with calmness and courage.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, in welcoming the King said: "We pray your majesties may soon be in the providence of God, rejoice in the victory whereon the salvation of the whole world depends, with the attainment of lasting justice and peace."

FRENCH EAGER FOR FRAY

Near East Forces Well Prepared

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—"Reuter's" special correspondent on the Syrian-Turkish frontier, after touring Syria and Lebanon, wires:

"I saw something of the formidable French forces that are not only waiting but individually almost hoping for action in the Near East. They include, besides French conscript troops, the colourful Spahis and dashing Circasian cavalry.

Arrangements Perfected

"A section of these Circasians form the personal bodyguard of General Eugene Mittelhauser, the French Commander-in-Chief in the Levant.

"The forces are well spread out at different parts of the country. Some are billeted in tiny villages, others are encamped in the rocky mountain ranges. All have been busy since the outbreak of war in perfecting and completing preparations.

"Morale is excellent. As one Parisian told this correspondent, 'We are prepared for anything except perhaps boredom.'"

Islamic Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The New York "Times" war correspondent, Joseph Levy, writing from Cairo, describes the reaction in Cairo to any attack from Italy.

"Any observer with a thorough knowledge of Islamic religious psychology would not hesitate to affirm, that the most modern armaments, tanks, Gestapo and OGPU methods would have a very slight chance against a Moslem religious war because every faithful Mohammedan sincerely and unflinchingly believes that dying for his religion is a sure road to Paradise.

"If Mussolini is well informed about Mohammed and his religion he would think twice before making an air raid on Cairo.

A Great Disappointment

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Cordell Hull, the U.S. Secretary of State, said Italy's entry into the war would prove a great disappointment to peoples everywhere and a great human tragedy.

Allied Naval Power Unbroken

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A "United Press" syndicated article by Admiral Yates Stirling says that with all its great advances in air power, Germany has not demonstrated anything like superiority over naval power. The British and French fleets are still easily able to maintain and blockade Germany; German merchant shipping is still off the seas, and there are some indications too that surface warcraft are improving their ability to resist air attack.

They are keeping closed many lines of transport which, in a long war, may well strangle Germany.

Edgar J. ("Cobber") Kain hailed as the first air ace of the war has been killed in action. A New Zealander, he wore around his neck, attached to his identification tag, a Maori luck charm. "Cobber" is New Zealand slang for "Pal."

"COBBER" KILLED IN ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—Edgar James "Cobber" Kain, the war's greatest ace, has crashed to a flaming death after sending 40 German planes to destruction in eight months as a combat pilot.

He was 22 years old, 6 feet tall and a famous rugby player. He died on the western front in an accident.

His parents were enroute from New Zealand to attend his wedding to Miss Joyce Phillips, a British actress, next month.

New Zealand's Regret

WELLINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—It was with very deep regret that New Zealand learned of the death of "Cobber" Kain, the first R.A.F. pilot to win distinction in France.

He has been killed on active service in an air accident.

"Cobber," who was 22 years of age, was a native of Wellington.

Mr. Peter Fraser, the Prime Minister of New Zealand, to-day paid deep tribute to the young ace whose death, he said, has caused the deepest sorrow throughout the Dominion.

BRITAIN READY

Italy's Threat Will Be Answered

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Ministry of Information states that the preparations of the Allied Government regarding Italy are complete and that they will know how to meet sword with sword.

In the struggle between civilisation and the pagan hordes of Germany, the Fascist Government have waited to intervene at a moment of embarassment for the Allies.

It is hoped by this unchivalrous and cowardly policy to secure for Italy such plunder as Germany will graciously permit her to have.

Contempt Of The World

But what the Italians will in fact experience is the contempt of the world and the armed might of the two Empires which Italy has wantonly attacked.

This is to be a long war and it will be fought on land and in the air with vast resources at the disposal of the Allies. It will be fought until the German menace is lifted from Europe.

There is no hope, therefore, of Italy obtaining great successes in a short while and at little cost.

She will be called upon for great sacrifices to Germany's advantage.

Decision Discounted

The Allied Governments, for some time have discounted Italy's decision.

The Balkan people will have noted Mussolini's reassuring words in their regard.

The axis Powers have been prodigal of such assurance as Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg have learnt to their cost.

Canada Declares War

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Commons has unanimously voted a declaration of war against Italy.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King moved the resolution, declaring it expedient that the Canadian Government should declare a state of war against Italy on behalf of the people of Canada.

Mr. Hanson, Leader of the Opposition, seconded the resolution.

Know Where We Stand

In moving the resolution, Mr. Mackenzie King said that knowing where Italy stands has freed the hands of Britain and France for more vigorous action.

Mr. Mackenzie King added: "While the Allied world breathes hard, it may truly be said that it breathes more easily. During the past several months, Mussolini was like a carrion bird of prey.

"We cannot stand idly by in face of this new threat to democracy."

The Senate subsequently approved the war resolution and then adjourned.

Italy's Vulnerability

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Hugh Dalton, Minister of Economic Warfare, in an interview, stated that Italy is most vulnerable to economic blockade.

She is dependent on outside sources for almost every important war material—oil, metals, rubber, iron ore and coal. She cannot last long.

Once her present stocks are exhausted, she will become a grave economic liability to Hitler.

NORWEGIAN ANNOUNCEMENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced by the Norwegian Government, which is now domiciled in England:

"Our position now is similar to that of the Netherlands.

"His Majesty King Haakon is King of the Norwegians.

"The Government has a completely solid backing.

"Norway's 4,600,000 tons of shipping is at the disposal of the Allies."

Consul Uninformed

The Norwegian Consul General in Hongkong, Mr. D. F. A. W. Wesman, told the "Telegraph" this morning that he has not yet been officially informed of the latest events in Norway.

King Haakon In London

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—King Haakon of Norway, accompanied by Crown Prince Olav, arrived in London to-night.

They were welcomed in England by His Majesty the King and drove to Buckingham Palace with him.

GALLANT R.A.F.

Not Counting Cost In Ceaseless Action

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communique issued to-day declares that the Air Force is continuing energetic action in the great battle with gallantry and an admirable spirit.

The crews are doing everything possible without counting the cost.

Wonderful Achievements

The communique adds that over 75 tons of explosives were dropped on the enemy marching columns and tons of explosives were dropped on tanks while several bridges over the Oise have been destroyed.

Over 30 enemy machines were brought down. One of our group pursuit planes obtained 12 victories without a single loss of life.

Extensive Bombing

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communique says that in the last 24 hours, medium and heavy bombers of the R.A.F. actively attacked the enemy's lines of communication immediately behind the fighting fronts.

Armed vehicles, mechanical and transport columns and troop concentrations were also heavily bombed in the Abbeville, Amiens, Beauvais and Rouen areas.

Every crossing on the Somme, Aisne and Oise was repeatedly attacked during the night and serious damage was caused to ammunition dumps and supplies.

Other formations bombed a large number of military objectives in Rhenish Prussia and the Ruhr.

Four of our aircraft are missing.

The squadrons of R.A.F. in France have been further reinforced.

King Carol's Anniversary

Britain's Sovereign Sends Message

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King has sent a message to King Carol of Rumania congratulating him on the tenth anniversary of his accession to the throne.

"I have watched with respect and admiration the efforts you have been making to preserve the independence and neutrality of Rumania and I wish you continued success," said the message.

"It is my earnest hope that Rumania may be spared the horrors of war."

Growing Collaboration

His Majesty the King also refers to the growing collaboration between the Balkan countries and their determination to resist aggression from any quarter.

"This entity of purpose is of supreme value at the present time."

His Majesty also expressed complete confidence in the outcome of the struggle and says; "We are bearing a very heavy burden in our fight for the liberties of mankind but we have never entertained the slightest doubt that we shall achieve a victory which will enable the peoples on this continent to enjoy the peace of justice and freedom."

PARIS IN STATE OF DEFENCE

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—The French capital was placed in a state of defence to-day.

The permanent staffs of the Ministries evacuated on Sunday and to-day they went to the provinces.

The heads of the Government will remain here.

The outskirts of Paris were heavily bombed on Sunday night, particularly the rail heads.

HITLER BECOMES PIOUS

BERLIN, June 10 (Reuter).—Hitler has telegraphed the King of Italy the following message:

"Providence has willed that against our intentions we are compelled to defend the freedom and future of our peoples in the struggle against Britain and France.

"In this historic moment, we are sure that we shall win and then the vital rights of our two nations will be secure for all time."

I want to tell you about..

THE NEW FEATURES OF THE KOTEX PAD

THE KOTEX LABORATORY has developed an improved type of moisture-resistant material ... made specially for Kotex sanitary napkins. And a protective panel of this material is now placed between the soft folds of every Kotex pad! ... So remember this new Kotex feature — all you who believe in "Safety First"! Remember, too, all the other advantages Kotex has to offer ...

Many a time—you'll be thankful Kotex doesn't make "tell-tale outlines"! Just compare the flat, pressed ends (patented by Kotex) with the thick, stubby ends of other napkins! It's easy to see why Kotex never makes embarrassing bulges...

Easy to see why it's so comfortable, too! Kotex is made in soft folds (with more absorbent material where needed ... less in the non-effective portions of the pad). Naturally, Kotex is less bulky than pads with loose, wadded fillers! And the soft cotton under the gauze makes it less apt to chafe!

Kotex comes in 3 sizes, too! Super—Regular—Junior. Kotex is the only popular-priced napkin that offers you a choice of 3 different sizes! (So you may vary the size pad according to each day's needs!)

All 3 sizes have soft, folded centers ... flat, tapered ends ... and moisture-resistant "safety panels". All 3 sizes sell for the same low price!

FEEL ITS NEW SOFTNESS
PROVE ITS NEW SAFETY
COMPARE ITS NEW, FLATTER ENDS.

"You scarcely know you're wearing it!"

CONCENTRATED — THEREFORE ECONOMICAL

If you want to save money, yet use the best dentifrice you can buy, try the Kolynos "dry brush" technique.—That is, use only a half-inch of Kolynos on a dry brush. See how quickly Kolynos becomes a pleasant-tasting, active foam that surges into every crevice on and between the teeth. Stains and discoloration disappear almost at once.

Start this amazing Kolynos "dry brush" technique today. You'll see how really clean and sparkling your teeth can be and how economical Kolynos is to use.

For further ECONOMY BUY the LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

N.Y.K. LINE

IMMINENT SAILINGS
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT

LIVERPOOL, via SINGAPORE, MARSEILLES, (CASABLANCA), etc. ..... NEXT WEEK
Shanghai, Japan, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES ..... NEXT WEEK
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, via MANILA and Way Ports ..... END OF JUNE
VANCOUVER and SEATTLE ..... FORTNIGHTLY

FREIGHT ONLY

CALCUTTA ..... THIS WEEK
NEW YORK via JAPAN, LOS ANGELES & PANAMA ..... THIS WEEK
BOMBAY ..... END OF JUNE

Complete Information From Your Agent or:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
KING'S BUILDING TELEPHONE 30291.
General Passenger Agents in the Orient for Cunard White Star Line

WATSON'S

LAVENDER TALCUM POWDER

A TOILET NECESSITY FOR COMFORT

COMBINING THE FRAGRANCE OF OLD ENGLISH LAVENDER WITH MILD ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT QUALITIES IN IMPROVED FORM.

IN LARGE SIZE CONTAINER ..... 80 cts.

REFILLS ..... 60 cts.

PREPARED BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

EST. 1841.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS

MOUTRIE PIANOS

1875—S. MOUTRIE & CO., THE PIONEERS WHO BUILT PIANOS IN THE FAR EAST SPECIALLY TO WITHSTAND CLIMATIC CONDITIONS.

1940—MAINTAINING THAT PRESTIGE, THE MOUTRIE PIANOFORTES OF TO-DAY ARE THE CHOICE OF MUSICIANS.

CATALOGUES ON REQUEST

DEFERRED PAYMENTS ARRANGED

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

York Building Chater Road.

EMPRESS LUXURY

Speed across the Pacific by luxurious *Empress* liners, then . . . Victoria . . . stop over if you wish . . . and Vancouver in Canada's Evergreen playground.

NEXT SAILING FROM HONGKONG

SECOND WEEK IN JUNE.

(Omitting Honolulu)

Fast through *AIR CONDITIONED* trains from ship's side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles of travel through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes can be included as optional routes on your coast-to-coast trip. Stop over anywhere you wish.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway, and a quick crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic fleet.

NEXT SAILING TO MANILA

THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY

For full information consult your travel agent,

or

Union Building, Hong Kong. Telephone 20752.

Canadian Pacific

World's Greatest Travel System

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange

Chicago Board of Trade

Manila Stock Exchange

Winnipeg Grain Exchange

Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York

Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal

New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange

Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

Shanghai Stock Exchange

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA and BUENOS AIRES

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

GONE

ARE THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE

And Gone with them are the old-fashioned methods of waxing the carriage.

Have you been using the same auto wax for years . . . simply through force of habit? . . . Don't use a horse and carriage auto wax.

It is no longer necessary to work all day, to wear yourself out . . . to RUB and RUB, in order to attain a waterproof, weather resisting wax finish for your car.

Try WHIZ LONDON COACH WAX for longer lasting beauty for your automobile and less work for you. Your waxing troubles, like the horse and buggy, will be Gone

Sold Here HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE Stubbs Rd.

DEATH

BLISS.—On June 11, 1940, at the Queen Mary Hospital, Evelyn Jane, dearly-beloved wife of A. W. Bliss and mother of Babs, Eileen and Sonny. Funeral will pass the Monument to-day at 5 p.m. No flowers by request.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Tuesday, June 11, 1940.
Wyndham St., Hongkong
Telephone: 26615

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1936. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Associations, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

Fore-arm Hongkong

BIGGER and deadlier surprises have befallen the Allies in the past month than ever before in our history. The Nazis have invented an entirely new strategy of war. Petrol used simultaneously in the air and on the ground has disorganised the calculations of the Allied General Staffs as completely as gunpowder confused the tactics of commanders in the Middle Ages.

We can be sure that fresh surprises will be sprung upon the Allies by Hitler. And Hitler is apt to be aped. That is why, in this integral part of the British Empire, we must use more imagination in our defensive measures than we have in the past.

Hongkong, we can assure our readers, is quite safe—for the present. On the only occasion in its near-century of history in which it was menaced, we had plenty of warning. There were massive concentrations of troops on our frontier: we had time to demolish bridges, prepare roads for dynamiting, evacuate many of our women and children. There will be no such warning again.

For the safety of the Colony it is time for all of us, soldiers and civilians alike, to think ahead. Not because we believe that we may be menaced, but because we should believe that we cannot be taken by surprise.

Our volunteers should be mobilised, even if only partially, as suggested by a correspondent. They should wear their uniforms and carry their rifles to their offices. Not because, as suggested by another correspondent, uniformed volunteers would look impressive and would feel more fully their sense of responsibility, but because it is sane common-sense to know that they are soldiers at a moment's notice. An un-uniformed soldier or civilian who fires on or opposes an invader is a *franc tireur* and, as such, liable to face a firing squad.

More and more food should be conserved in the Colony. The Government should appeal to householders to lay in adequate supplies. Our water supply is a matter to which even greater attention should be given. Hongkong depends entirely upon reservoirs, which (events in Europe have conclusively proved) can be destroyed by bombing despite A.A. defences. This is the time to put in order all the wells and pumps on which we may be forced to rely.

In all the invasions which the Germans have so far carried out, the most disrupting and dismaying factor has been the sudden appearance of secret enemy agents in the heart of the invaded country. We have many such potential fifth columnists in Hongkong who are not Germans or Austrians. A system of identity cards for all Chinese inhabitants should be instituted. We should weed out those Chinese who might aid an enemy and not us. It is no use blinding ourselves to the fact that, whilst an overwhelming majority of the Chinese people are friendly towards the British, there are in our midst supporters of an anti-Chungking regime whose avowed object is the destruction of westerners in China and who would support any enemy who attacked us.

We want to be ready for any emergency—because the more prepared we are the less likely is that emergency liable to arise. It used to be fore-warned is fore-armed. In modern warfare to be fore-armed is to be fore-warned.

IS MUSSOLINI A Sawdust Caesar?

—it depends what angle you take the picture from

HE was the son of a blacksmith, and he became First Man in Rome.

He rebuilt the city of the Caesars.

But—

He never marched on Rome. He sat at home. When he went it was by invitation, and he travelled "soft" in a Pullman. He struggled into his black shirt as the train got into Rome station.

☆ ☆ ☆

Once he fled abroad to dodge military service, and was posted as deserter.

Once he led a riot against an Italian invasion of Africa.

And he opposed Italy's entering the war.

When he was drafted to the front he spent fewer than forty days in the trenches, and though he bears the mark of more than forty wounds, he got them in a training school, miles in the rear, when a hand grenade went off accidentally.

So George Seldes, former Rome correspondent of the "Chicago Tribune," says in a bitter, brilliant investive against Mussolini, "Sawdust Caesar" (Arthur Barker, 12s. 6d.). He seeks to strip away the myth of Mussolini as her-leader, and to tell the story of an Italian gangster, rising by craft and violence to run a nation-wide racket.

The author specifically charges the Fascist regime with the murder of Matteotti, the Socialist leader. That is an old charge and an ugly one. But this is the first time to my knowledge that Mussolini has been accused of taking over the Mafia, Italy's secret terrorists, and employing them as an official Black Hand gang.

If things can really go like that in Italy you may wonder why it is that Mr. Al Capone is sitting in Alcantraz Jail, California, instead of running the United States from the White House.

☆ ☆ ☆

Mussolini's father was a Socialist and an atheist, and he named his heir Benito, after Benito Juarez, the Mexican rebel. He beat Benito frequently with a leather belt. Mussolini's mother was devout, and sent Young Hopeful to the school of the Salesian friars at Faenza. He fought his fellows, and the good friars, in turn, beat him.

When his father took up innkeeping, and turned the bar into a nest of Anarchists, Socialists, and Syndicalists, Master Benito found plenty of scope for scrapping in his spare time. The rest of his day was taken up with teaching. As he made no bones about his disbelief in religion he got into frequent trouble.

The police kept their eye on him. His time was coming for military service. One day they turned their backs for a moment, and Mussolini bolted over the frontier into Switzerland.

He had two shillings in his pocket and no friends. He fled and not because he feared service, but because he hated service. He slept under bridges, he came near starvation. He was locked up as a vagabond.

Serrati, the secretary of the local Socialist party, had pity on him and took him in. He found him a job as bricklayer's mate.

Switzerland expelled Mussolini as a dangerous agitator. He found refuge in Austria. And there he began his career as journalist, working with Cesare Battisti. His paper was Socialist, and Nationalist—that is, it was pro-Italian and against the Austrian Government. Naturally, it was violent.

☆ ☆ ☆

In the middle of it all, Mussolini went back to Italy and served his time in the Bersaglieri, famous Alpine regiment. He returned to Austria, and was jailed again.

When he left Austria for good it was to plunge into strikes, riots and plots at home. He advocated revolution, with plenty of blood in it. Eleven times in all Mussolini went to prison.

He became editor of "Avanti," chief Socialist newspaper. He rose to lead the Socialist Party of Italy. War came, and he called for neutrality in the foreign war, and civil war at home—up to September 21, 1914. On September 25 he clamoured for all Italy to march to save ravished France.

A howl went up from the Socialist ranks—*CHI PAGA?* (Who has paid?) He was accused of taking French gold. The charge has not been proved. Seldes repeats the story told by Maitre Torres in the French courts that Mussolini was paid 15,000 francs down and 10,000 francs a month.

Mussolini was expelled from the Socialist Party. "You hate me because you love me!" he yelled above the din. "You may tear up my Socialist card! You cannot deprive me of my Socialist faith!"

On November 1 he launched a new journal, "Il Popolo d'Italia," dedicated to urging war and savaging his late colleagues.

Where was Fascism born? On September 24, 1914, in the brain of Mussolini. It did not take a physical form until October 1917, when with Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, he formed the Fascio di Resistenza to organise defence after the collapse of Caporetto.

☆ ☆ ☆

But it was d'Annunzio and not Mussolini who carried the thing through after the war. It was the poet, not the politician, who seized Fiume for Italy, and prepared to hold it for Italy even against Italian royal troops.

Mussolini spent those hectic and fake-heroic years organising his party in the industrial north. The Fascist chief at this time was talking red revolution. He supported the seizure of the factories and the general strike. He came out with a programme of land nationalisation.

Only when the Bolshevik menace died away did Mussolini denounce it. By 1922 the Red forces were hopelessly split, and trade was rising again.

It was the army, says Seldes, not Mussolini, who planned to kick out the old Liberal regime and set up a dictatorship of Big Business. They offered the job first to d'Annunzio, who refused it. Mussolini was only third choice.

The army *allowed* the Blackshirts to march on Rome. Only about 8,000 went, not the 100,000 that the legend tells of. The rest arrived by rail.

☆ ☆ ☆

Since then Mussolini has consolidated, "eliminated from circulation" his enemies, side-tracked his friends. He has been the journalist who suppressed free journalism. All that, says the author, by ruthless gangstering, and yet the present state of Italy is desperate.

Desperate indeed, if all this is true. For if Mussolini is really no more than a ferocious hoodlum, the twentieth-century version of a Renaissance *condottiere*, how will you measure the height of the great and cultured nation over which he towers?

Mussolini most publicised figure in the world, always insists on being photographed from below so that he looks like a giant. Seldes gives another shot, taken from above, to make him look a dwarf. Nothing can lie like a camera.

Frank Owen

CARTOON . . . . . By Strube

THE WARNING

(In the film, Pinocchio is warned by his conscience, Jiminy Cricket)

HITLER'S CHALLENGE

Britain Must Give The Answer

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—"Hitler has flung down a challenge to liberty, democracy and civilisation itself.

"It is in your power to give him the answer," said Mr. Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, when he inaugurated the War Saving Week to-day.

"The whole attitude of this war," he said, "must be how we can help. Nothing will suffice except the mobilisation of all our resources to the last man and the last shilling.

Cannot Abandon Issue

"These times of trial only make us resolve not to abandon the issue which we have joined.

Despite the present misfortunes and set-backs, we can count on many great assets to bring us to victory and peace.

"There is the great character of the French Army with its courage, determination and wonderful resistance.

"Our brothers-in-arms in the Dominions are sending men and materials in ever-increasing strength.

More United Than Ever

"Our sea power still remains on the increase. Our own great soldiers have earned immortal fame during the past few weeks. We know that our airmen are superior when they face odds of four to one.

"Finally, our country itself is as united as never before under our great indomitable Prime Minister and leader.

"We must do our utmost to reduce the odds and strengthen our fighting men to aid them to victory. In this war there must be no non-combatants."

Press Comment

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The British Press to-day was editorially concerned with the war savings campaign.

The total of small savings has already reached £200,000,000. The number of war savings groups has already reached 90,000.

The "Times" says that an intensive drive is now taking place. War production must grow more and more whatever the sacrifice required.

The "Daily Telegraph" comments that the old Romans said that thrift was revenue. To-day for the British people, it is also national service. It provides silver bullets not only against parachutists but also that enemy legions on the battlefield will be overthrown.

ITALIANS IN H.K.

FROM PAGE ONE

moment but that something might be available shortly.

Shipping Offices Taken Over

Since early this morning, officers of the special branch have taken over the premises of the Lloyd Triestino line, in Queen's building. Officers stationed at the door closely question all visitors and refuse to give any information. They are keeping a special watch on documents in the offices.

Other Italian business offices are believed to be under similar guard, but police will not divulge how many firms or private residents are affected.

Priests Unaffected

It is understood that the Italian priests in the Colony will not be affected by any action taken. Except for clerics, there are less than 16 Italian residents in the colony.

Police officers were also stationed this morning at the Italian Consulate-General. No callers were allowed to enter the offices where police were closeted with the Italian Consulate staff.

It is not known yet to which neutral consulate the Italian Consul General (Marquis G. Pagano de Mellot) will hand over the affairs and documents of his consulate.

Police are also silent on the movements of the Consulate staff who are expected to leave the Colony. It is not known where they will go nor how many will be included in the consulate party.

Opened As Usual

The office of the Lloyd Triestino Line in Queen's Building was open as usual in the morning and a customer was being attended to by a European member of the firm when two European officers of the Special Branch accompanied by others entered at 9.40 a.m. and began to question the official. Another European assistant arrived a few minutes later and joined the party carrying out the investigation.

French Consul Silent

The French Vice-Consul, M. Renner, declined to comment on the latest developments. "I have no information to add to what has already appeared in the morning papers," he said.

ENEMY 25 MILES

FROM PAGE ONE

Seine at certain points where some elements have crossed the river.

He is everywhere held by vigorous counter-attacks.

Between the road from Amiens to Vernon and the course of the lower Oise, his infantry has been less incisive.

It has been above all by means of his Air Force that he has sought to harass the movements of our units by a repeated bombardment on their rear.

To the east of the Oise River, enemy columns, which had debouched in the afternoon, only succeeded in extending the bridge-head that he established yesterday by pushing as far as La Retournes.

Allies Stand Their Ground

To the east of the Aisne, the enemy has extended his attacks to all openings as far as Beaumont.

Everywhere our troops have stood their ground and offered a most energetic resistance to the enemy by defending the ground foot by foot and by counter-attacking.

Many air reconnaissances have been effected over the front and back areas. Flights were made over Namur Donnueschingen.

Convoys have been bombed by our Air Force at Forges-les-eaux, Soissons and Pont Avelt.

Our fighters, in their covering missions, have achieved important victories.

Our fighter group, under the command of Major Thibaudet, particularly distinguished itself by bringing down in one expedition 12 enemy machines.

All our planes which participated in these engagements returned without bearing the trace of one bullet.

American Comment

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

NEW YORK, June 11 (UP).—Editorials in virtually all American newspapers comment on General Weygand's famous "last quarter of an hour" Order of the Day.

The newspapers believe that so long as the French Army remains intact, even the loss of Paris will not irreparably damage the Allied cause.

"Even if the French Army should have to fight in the streets of the capital, or even leave the capital behind, it will still not be beaten," says the "Herald-Tribune".

Still A Fighting Chance

"It will still have France at its back and it will still make every withdrawal a means for organising a more desperate and more determined resistance."

"The French have shown before that they can be as fanatical as anyone in the defence of their own homes, their soil and their previous freedom," says the "New York Times".

"As long as the French Army is in the field and the British Navy keeps the sea, the Allies will still have a chance for victory," declares the "Sun".

GLORIOUS LOST

FROM PAGE ONE

With the exception of the newly-launched Deutschland, which is not yet commissioned, they are the largest warships in the German Navy. They have a standard displacement of 26,000 tons and were launched in 1936. They are armed with nine 11-in. guns.

North Sea Battle

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Admiralty announces that it must now be presumed that the aircraft carrier, H.M.S. Glorious (Capt. G. D'Oyly-Hughes, D.S.O., D.S.C.), the transport steamer Orama, the tanker steamship Oil Pioneer, the destroyers Acasta (Commander C. E. Glassfurd) and the Ardente (Lt. Commdr. J. F. Barker) have been lost.

The communique announcing these losses states that as no further information has been received regarding the naval operations in connection with the withdrawal communique, and as up to the present it has not been possible to establish communication with certain ships, the Admiralty regrets that it must be presumed that these ships have been lost.

No Troops Aboard

It is known that the Orama had no troops aboard.

The two destroyers, Acasta and Ardente were in company with the Glorious and are probably the vessels referred to in the German communique as destroyer and submarine chaser. No news has been received from either of these vessels.

The German communique states that there are several hundred survivors from our ships.

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Enemy aliens between 60 and 70 years of age who have previously only had to obey limited restrictions are now being interned.

250,000 STAND AND LISTEN TO IL DUCE

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In a running commentary before Signor Mussolini's speech, the Rome radio announcer stated that 80,000,000 Germans would be listening to Il Duce's words.

He added: "Let us salute them at this moment when we are now 150,000,000 standing together."

The commentator estimated that about 250,000 people were gathered in the Palazzo Venetia.

They carried posters bearing the names of towns and territories claimed by Italy.

All Shops Closed

All shops were closed to enable their employees to hear Mussolini.

Loud speakers installed in all squares and restaurants and cafes broadcast Fascist songs and military marches before the speech.

Following a demonstration in honour of Mussolini, the crowd went to the Royal Palace where they cheered King Victor.

ITALY'S ENTRY INTO WAR

FROM PAGE ONE

Mussolini's notification that a state of war existed as from one minute past midnight to-night says:

"The rash and foolhardy decision of Il Duce will not have come as a surprise to the people of this country. It has been obvious for many weeks that he had decided on the side of the Germans.

"It is equally obvious that a great majority of the Italian people are opposed to this step.

Materialistic Grounds

"The Duce's decision was taken on the most completely materialistic grounds. It is clear that his moves were inspired purely for gain and that his entry into the war was timed for the moment when the Allies were facing the crest of the German invasion.

"He doubtless hopes to profit by what he wrongly anticipates will be an overwhelming German victory.

"Both the British and the French Governments have made it clear in recent weeks to Mussolini that they are perfectly prepared to examine in friendly consultation the grievances which Italy was believed to nourish concerning her position in the Mediterranean.

"The reason can only be that Mussolini calculates that he will be able to gain more by plunging his people into the horrors of war.

Blackmail

"In his speech, he first spoke of the events of quite recent history. These, he said, could be summarised in the words: 'Half promises, constant threats, blackmail and finally the League siege of 52 states.'

"Mussolini forgot to mention the agreement between Britain and Italy of April 16, 1938, whereby the Italian Government acknowledged at the time that all outstanding differences between the two countries were liquidated, the status quo in the Mediterranean was recognised, and that machinery was provided for settling any future disputes.

Concrete Evidence

"This is concrete evidence that neither the British people nor the British Government ever desired war with Italy, believing that there was no essential point of conflict between them or at any rate none that could not be settled by pacific means.

"The Allied Governments have repeatedly made plain their willingness to act on this agreement, freely made by Italy, and to discuss any difficulties between them.

"Mussolini has deliberately chosen to tear up that agreement and to plunge his country into war. He will alone be responsible for the misfortunes that this war will bring to Italy.

Duce's Promises

"As to the Duce's promise not to attack the particular countries that he named, the world can judge to what extent his policy is purely opportunist and entirely without scruple.

"The promise solemnly made to-day will be broken the moment it seems to suit his methods with no more compunction than Hitler showed when he invaded Denmark and Belgium in face of the most formal promises of non-aggression.

"No country, therefore, is likely to attach the least value to the assurances contained in Mussolini's speech to-night."

Hungary Neutral

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BUDAPEST, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced that Hungary intends to remain neutral in the hope that the peace of southeastern Europe will not be disturbed by Italy's entry into the war.

Hostilities Start At 7 a.m. H.K.T.

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—M. Reynaud, the French Premier, announced by radio broadcast that Italy declared war on France and Britain at 4.30 p.m. to-day.

The Premier said hostilities against Italy will commence at midnight.

Swiss Reaction

ZURICH, June 10 (Reuter).—No official views have yet been expressed on Italy's entry into the war.

The declaration has not come as a surprise to the Swiss public although it has made a deep impression.

Mussolini's statement that he did not wish to draw other nations, including Switzerland, into war is considered reassuring.

Nevertheless, Switzerland is obviously more precarious since it is surrounded by belligerents.

Anti-Italian Riots

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Anti-Italian riots, in which bottles were thrown and fire arms were used, broke out in Soho, London, to-night.

The windows of several Italian restaurants were smashed.

Scores of police are now patrolling the streets.

In Liverpool considerable damage was done to premises which are run by Italians.

Italy's Black-Out

ROME, June 10 (Reuter).—Italy to-day celebrated Navy Day.

The Italian War Minister ordered a partial black-out of the whole country, beginning to-night.

U.S. ARMY TO BE BIGGER

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Representatives Military Committee to-day authorised legislation increasing the regular army from 280,000 to 400,000.

It was also authorised that the President, when Congress is not in Session, can call out territorials for "use or training" within the United States.

AMERICAN AID FOR ALLIES

FROM PAGE ONE

of force was made by President Roosevelt in his address at the University of Virginia.

The President said the people and Government of the United States had seen with the utmost, urgent and grave disquiet the decision of the Italian Government to engage in the hostilities.

The sympathies of the American republics lie with those nations which are giving their lifeblood in combat against the gods of force and hate.

The Obvious Course

Two obvious course would be pursued simultaneously. "We will extend to the opponents of force the material resources of this nation, and at the same time will harness and accelerate the use of those resources so that we ourselves in the Americas may have equipment and training equal to any emergency.

"All roads leading to the accomplishment of these objectives must be clear of obstructions. The signs and signals call for full speed ahead."

President Roosevelt called on Americans for effort, courage, sacrifice and devotion.

He related how the United States Government had tried to swerve Italy from war and said that he had proposed that if Italy would refrain from going to war, he would be willing to ask for assurances from other powers concerned that they would execute faithfully any agreement made to effect readjustments desired by Italy.

Unfortunately, Mussolini was unwilling to accept the procedure suggested.

U.S. Offer Rejected

The President said he had expressed the Administration's willingness to try and co-operate with the Italian Government, when the appropriate occasion arose, for the creation of a "more stable world order through the reduction of armaments and through the construction of a more liberal international economic system."

But by chosing to preserve what it termed its "freedom of action," and to fulfil what it states are its promises to Germany, Italy had manifested a disregard for the rights and security of other nations and for the lives of peoples who are directly threatened by this spread of the war, and had given evidence of its unwillingness to attempt to achieve its aspirations by peaceful means.

Earlier in his speech, the President alluded to Isolationists thus: "Some still hold to the now obvious delusion that we of the United States can safely permit the United States to become a lone island in a world dominated by the philosophy of force. Such an island may be the dream of those who still talk and vote as Isolationists.

Hellish Nightmare

"Such an island represents to me and to the overwhelming majority of Americans to-day the hellish nightmare of a people without freedom, people lodged in prisons, handcuffed, hungry and fed through bars from day to day by the contemptuous, unpitying masters of other continents.

"It is natural that we should ask ourselves now how we can prevent the building of that prison and the placing of ourselves in the midst of it."

No Secret Session Of Parliament

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Reuter understands that in view of the latest developments in the war situation, and particularly in view of Italy's entry into the war, there will be no secret session in Parliament to-morrow.

REYNAUD SPEAKS

Denounces Decision By Mussolini

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—"We are in the sixth day of the greatest battle of our history," said M. Paul Reynaud, the Premier, when broadcasting to the nation to-night.

"The conflagration which began on the Somme has now extended to the east as far the Meuse.

"Our armies have manoeuvred and have not left one strong point without inflicting great losses on the enemy.

"It is at this very moment when France is wounded but valiant and devoted, when she is fighting against German hegemony for its own independence as well as for that of the whole world, that Mussolini has chosen to declare war on us.

France Cannot Die

"Great personages, including His Holiness the Pope and President Roosevelt, have tried to avert this extension of the war. But their efforts were in vain.

"And for what reason did Mussolini decide that blood must flow? When at 4.30 p.m. to-day our Ambassador in Rome asked Count Ciano this question, his reply was: 'Mussolini is only carrying out the plans which he has made.'

"Hostilities begin at midnight to-night. France enters this war with a pure conscience. France cannot die."

CANADA DEFENCE MINISTER DIES

Continued From Page 1

joint meeting of Empire and Canadian clubs on the present war situation.

His Last Speech

TORONTO, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Norman Rogers, the Canadian Minister of Defence, yesterday addressed a joint meeting of Empire and Canadian clubs.

The present seriousness of the situation did not warrant expression of optimistic platitudes, he said. It was better to face the grim realities with courage and resolution, but they must not lose for a moment their supreme confidence of final victory.

Loyal naturalised Canadians of enemy extraction need not fear internment, he said.

He believed that Canada would never need to subscribe to the total conscription.

THE NEGUS IN LONDON

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Emperor of Abyssinia left his Bath home to-day before news of Italy's declaration of war was made known.

He later arrived in London where he is staying at a West End hotel.

No information is available regarding the purpose of his visit.

New York Cut Off From Paris

NEW YORK, June 10 (Reuter).—Radio and telephonic communication between New York and Paris stopped early to-day without any indication when it would be resumed.

It was pointed out that the Paris transmitting station is 16 miles north-west of the city.

Hence it is thought here that the interruption may be due to military activities.

ALL AVAILABLE BRITISH FORCES FOR FRANCE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—The Ministry of Information announces:

"Despite the imminent danger of a German invasion of the United Kingdom, the British Government and the British nation are of the unanimous opinion that all their available forces should be directed without delay to the scene of battle."

British Troops Leave

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—It is realised that the fate, not only of Britain and France but of the whole world, depends upon the heroic struggle of the French armies against Hitler's barbarous hordes," says a Ministry of Information statement to-night in connection with the decision to send all available British forces to France.

Important contingents of new troops have already embarked for France to reinforce the British forces already fighting side by side with the French Army.

The British Fleet is still shelling German troops along the coast.

MORE MUNITIONS FROM CANADA

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—Two munition factories with a combined capital of $20,000,000 will be constructed in Canada immediately, according to Mr. Howe, the Minister of Munitions.

He declared that the munitions will be financed with British, Canadian and French capital.

One will be a shell-filling factory, and the other will produce nitro-cellulose explosives.

FOUND ONLY IN

Manhattan

PYJAMAS

Made of light weight summer materials, cut loose and easy and all fitted with the elastic BAND OF COMFORT.

Plain colours, white and stripe designs.

From $14.50 per suit—less 10% cash discount.

MACKINTOSH'S LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

EWO PILSNER

The New Lighter Brew.

The system that provides

QUALITY AIR CONDITION DRYCLEANING

for all types of Clothing and Household Accessories

CARPET SHAMPOOING UNDERTAKEN PREPARATORY TO STORING

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Head Office & Works 57032

Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Flr., Tel. 28938 | Hong Kong Depot, Tel. 21279

Kowloon Depot, Tel. 58545 | Peak Depot, Tel. 20352

Parisian Grill

Air-Conditioned

Music during Lunch & Dinner

Tel. 27880 for reservations. Open till 1 a.m.

LAXATIVE AID

From Nature's Herbs

A selection of herbs having valuable medicinal properties, carefully blended by expert chemists to an old and reliable formula, comprises

GOLDEN GRIFFIN LAXATIVE TEA

A palateable beverage with a mild yet positive laxative effect, the tea will be welcomed by all who are troubled with constipation.

Sold in two sizes $0.75 and $2.00 at chemists and department stores, or obtainable direct from the sign of the

GOLDEN MEDICINAL GRIFFIN TEAS

"A Tea for Every Trouble"

G. T. FULFORD CO. LTD (OF CHINA) PROPRIETORS.

3rd. Floor. St. George's Bldg. Tel. No. 20358.

Fulford Co. Ltd. sell a separate blend of Golden Griffin Medicinal Tea for every ill. Each Tea contains not less than twelve distinct ingredients; and they are sold under a money-back guarantee.

MODERNIZE YOUR BATHROOM WITH THE LATEST

Newly styled and newly efficient, are bathroom fixtures which can be installed in your home now at moderate cost.

Call 20269 or visit our offices for full estimates on all styles.

C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.

St. George's Bldg., Chater Road

ATHLETICS IN FAR EAST

Hongkong Suffers In Comparison With P.I., Shanghai And Japan

(By "Tinker")

STATISTICS, usually, are not the best means of making sports comparisons, in fact, several people go as far as to say that they do not agree with the compiling of sports statistics at all, but in athletics, at least, times and distances are often the only facts upon which one can assess relative values.

The more important track meets of Shanghai have just been held, and, co-incidentally, the East Asia Athletic Meet at Tokyo has just concluded. To this latter meet went the stars from the Philippines, and the times and distances were most illuminating.

As odious as ever, this comparison is especially so—to the Colony. But in fairness it must be pointed out that the East Asia Meet attracted the best athletes there are (China excepted) in the Far East. Both the Filipinos and the Japanese are of world Olympic standard and it is hardly expected that little Hongkong could produce runners and jumpers to reach up to them.

With Shanghai, however, it is somewhat different; the community there seems more virile and larger.

The figures appended below are (to the best of my knowledge) the best there have been this year. The comparison is interesting. All Hongkong's times for the running events are expressed for metres, and those of Shanghai for yards, and it must be explained that the metric distances are *shorter* than the corresponding distances in yards (except, of course, in the case of the 100 metres and 100 yards).

TRACK SUPERIORITY

As regards the track, therefore, it will be seen that the Colony is worse off than Shanghai in all distances. The only event in which there is any close similarity is in the 800 metres and the 880 yards. The first named distance is approximately 874 yards, and, therefore, the Colony's time of 2 mins. 10.5 secs. can be said to be better than Shanghai's.

On the field, we take priority in the High Jump and the Javelin Throw, and nowhere else.

However, for the 400, 800 and 1500 metres the Colony's times could be better, inasmuch that there is one here at the moment, whose past (and not long past) performances for both Cambridge and Achilles are a guarantee that our times could be brought below those of Shanghai.

BRILLIANT RECORD

SHANGHAI'S time for the 100 yards was made by Cecil Edwards in the recent two-day annual track and field meet, and with his 10 seconds flat, it was thought that a record had been established. But it was later discovered that at the Police sports in 1929 Gus Johannson covered that distance in the flying time of 9.8 secs., and that has never been bettered.

P.I. SPRINTERS

A GLANCE at the figures below shows that the Philippines were successful in all the sprint events, and in very fine times, too. In all cases where necessary, I have converted metric distances into feet and inches, and they are, therefore, approximate.

I have been unable to find any figures for the women of Shanghai.

Men

	HONGKONG	S'HAI	EAST ASIA MEET
100 metres	11.3	—	10.7 (P.I.)
100 yards	—	*9.8 (10.00)	—
200 metres	24	—	22.3 (P.I.)
220 yards	—	23.1	—
400 metres	55.3	—	49.5 (P.I.)
440 yards	—	51.5	—
800 metres	2.10.5	—	1.56.5 (P.I.)
880 yards	—	2.10	—
1500 metres	4.44.4	4.27.5	4 mins. (Manchukuo)
1 mile	—	4.39	—
Marathon	—	—	2 hrs. 39 mins. 59 secs. (Japan)
110 metres High Hurdles	17	16.2	14.9 (Japan)
400 metres Hurdles	—	—	54.4 (P.I.)
400 metres Relay	—	—	42.1 (P.I.)
Long Jump	20 ft. 5 ins.	22 ft. 10 ins.	23 ft. 10.9 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	5 ft. 11⅝ ins.	5 ft. 7½ ins.	6 ft. 4.3 ins. (Japan)
Hop-step-jump	41 ft. 4½ ins.	45 ft. 1 in.	—
Pole Vault	10 ft. 9¾ ins.	11 ft. 1.4 ins.	12 ft. 9½ ins. (Japan)
Javelin	177 ft.	162 ft. 5ins.	204 ft. 9.2 ins. (Japan)
Shot Put	41.1 ft.	41 ft. 8¾ ins.	43 ft. 9.8 ins. (Manchukuo)
Discus	116 ft. 6 ins.	121 ft. 3.9 ins.	142 ft. 6.9 ins. (Japan)

* Shanghai Record.

Women

Javelin	81 ft. 4 ins.	—	140 ft. 0.4 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	4 ft. 4 ins.	—	5 ft. 2.9 ins. (Japan)
Long Jump	15 ft. 2 ins.	—	18 ft. 9.9 ins. (Japan)
400 metres Relay	—	—	60.6 secs. (Japan)

Latest Call-Over For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The following is the latest call-over for the Derby:

Lighthouse 9/4 o. 5/2 t.
Star Dust 5/1 t and o.
Tant Mieux 7/1 o. 8/1 t.
Pont Leveque 100/8 t and o.
Hippius 100/8 o.
Paques, Blacktoni, Pharatis 100/6 o.
Golden Tiger, Turkhan 20/1 o.
King of Trumps, Moradabad 33/1 o.
Ridley 50/1 o.

Starters And Jockeys For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Starters and riders in the Derby, to be run at Newmarket on Wednesday, are.

Black Toni (Lowrey), Golden Tiger (Beasley), Hippius (E. Smith), King of Trumps II (Nevett), Lighthouse II (Perryman), Moradabad (D. Smith), Olidon (Lane), Pharatis (E. Elliot), Pont Leveque (Sammy Wragg), Paques (Weston), Ridley (Taylor), Stardust (Harry Wragg), Turkhan (Smirke), Tant Mieux (Gordon Richards), Solway Firth (Beary), War Lord (Arthur Wragg), Romulus (Marshall).

The riders of Cavalry King and Dinshaw have not been announced.

SWIMMING PROSPECTS

Challenge For Colony's Titles From Lai Chung Union

By "RIPPLE"

WHEN IT FIRST came into existence five years ago, the Lai Chung Swimming Union, started by that able coach Mr. S. H. Wong, and held under the auspices of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., was little known. It was only last year that the Union blossomed into a powerful swimming organisation that gave the Colony some of its finest swimmers.

Perhaps the most well-known among them is Chan Chun-nam, the "legless wonder" who, last year, broke a few Chinese National records in the middle and long distances and won the Colony harbour race and 880 yards, besides providing Lawrence, Colony champion, with the stiffest opposition he had had for years, in the other Colony events for which he entered. What is his form this year? Well, all I can say is he has a few cards up his sleeve which will stump many of the would-be champs in the Colony.

Another of their star swimmers is Yau Sai-kwan, 15-year-old runner-up in the harbour race last year, and runner-up to Chan in all the Chinese Amateur Federation middle and long distance competitions. Despite his stature, slimness and youth, he has a perfect form. His leg beat synchronises with his arm stroke in a perfect rhythm of motion, and if he keeps up his present form, he is training with Chan, I do not doubt but that he will repeat his last year's performances.

* * *

LAU Tai-ping is another companion-at-arms who is splashing his way through the routines under the coaching of S. H. Wong, side by side with Chan and Yau.

This youngster, he is only 14 years of age, also gained renown in his baptism last year, being third in the harbour race, and in all the events for which Chan and Yau entered.

His style is very much the same as Yau's—a powerful leg beat with synchronizing arm action. He has at times beaten Yau in the practice swims, but, I think, at a pinch, Yau would beat him.

However, S. H. Wong seems to think his pets will improve much more before the season really rolls in, and I, for one, will not argue with him, seeing the excellent results he has produced.

* * *

YOU will remember Fong Chung-yiu, who swam second to Enrique Chan last year in the Colony's record-breaking 100 yards breast stroke event? You do? Well, Fong had been training all the year round for the C.A.A.F. 200 metres event, and did not pay particular attention to the 100 yards. This year, however, S.H. has persuaded him to concentrate on the 100 yards, and he glides through his routine like a piece of board towed by an M.T.B.

* * *

LAU Yiu-ting is the back stroker that seemed always to lose by a touch to A. K. Rumjahn in the 100 yards. What has become of him? Unfortunately for him, he has taken on a job that keeps him from attending S.H.'s classes every evening. I had occasion to meet him once at the "Y", and I heard him express the one wish to "beat Rumjahn at all costs." It is costing him a lot—sacrificing his leisure hours, actually sweating, in the pool, going through his swimming routine, but, he tells me, "if I beat him, all this will have its recompense.

Lawn Bowls

Only Two Matches In Pairs Tourey

ONLY TWO MATCHES were played in the Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship yesterday, owing to the sodden condition of most greens. At the Civil Service C.C., J. A. Remedios and L. A. Gutierrez beat E. G. Post and A. E. Carey 22-16, and at the Hongkong F.C. W. L. Walker and J. Deakin beat J. Pau and G. S. Ladd 23-11.

It was not until the last few heads that Remedios and Gutierrez could call themselves safe. It was a keen duel, which was made the more interesting by the fine efforts of the losers.

The second game was a walk-over for Walker and Deakin. On the 7th head they led 0-3, and then with a series of 3,1,3,2,1 went into a 16-3 lead and then 21-8 on the 17th.

Football Meeting

Future Conditions For Touring Teams

Adoption Of Suggestion From Malaya Assn.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION was reached at a meeting of the Hongkong Football Association yesterday regarding future tours by local teams. Co-operating fully with Malaya, with regard to the circular letter which was received in Hongkong recently, it was decided that future touring teams should first obtain permission from the Governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong F.A.

Mr. W. Pryde was in the Chair, and was supported by Mr. C. A. Goldenberg (Hon. Secretary), Mr. Lee Wai-tong (Chinese Amateur Athletic Federation), Capt. Peal (Army Area Sports Board), Mr. Walter Hanming Chen (South China), Mr. W. E. Hollands (Eastern), Mr. J. Skinner (Hongkong Football Club) and Mr. C. Guimgam (Grounds Committee).

It was decided to co-operate fully with Malaya in their decision regarding touring teams. In future, teams wishing to make tours must first obtain permission from the governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong Football Association.

Mr. Skinner proposed, in view of the number of teams touring, that the teams should, on their return to the Colony, submit a statement of accounts regarding expenses.

Mr. Pryde said that before teams were given permission to affiliate, the Association ascertained whether the ruling members of the club were well-known or responsible personalities, and if they were approved the Club was admitted. He did not see what right they had to demand to see a statement of accounts, but this was actually covered by one of the rules.

WAR DONATION

Mr. Hollands' proposal that $1,000 be donated to the British War Organisation Fund was carried unanimously.

The date of the annual meeting was fixed for July 12.

A letter was read from the Sing Tao Sports Club applying for permission to tour Singapore, Rangoon and the Philippines.

The Chairman referred the Council to the circular from Malaya which, he said, they should support fully. The circular stated.—Authority will not be given by this Association to any of its Affiliates to tour in your territory unless a written permission is first received from you. May I request that your Association will reciprocate in like manner with regard to suggested tours in Malaya by teams from your territory."

Mr. Pryde said the wording of this paragraph was quite clear and he felt that the Sing Tao Sports Club should first obtain permission from either the Football Association of Malaya or the Singapore Football Association before applying to the Hongkong Football Association.

WORTHY TEAM

The question was raised as to whether Sing Tao could field a team worthy of the Colony. The Secretary said he had received 23 forms of registration. The players registered were Tang Kwong-sam, Fung King-cheung, Leung In-chan, Leung Wing-chiu, Lee Tin-sang, Yeung Shui-ying, Tsang Tsun-wan, Mak Shui-hon, Lau Tin-sang, Soong Ling-sing, Tam Chan-kuen, Hou Yung-sang, Tsui Ah-fai, Siu Tim-lin, Kwok Yin-ki, Ip Pak-wa, Cheung Wing-tsoi, Au Shi-ngok, Lee Wing-on, Lai Kwok-chiu, Chan Tak-fai, Lai Shiu-wing and Lee Ping-chiu.

Mr. Chen said many were former South China players. The Chairman agreed, it was very unfortunate that one club should suffer.

Mr. Hollands said it was apparent that Sing Tao were in a position to field a team worthy of the Colony and that providing permission was first obtained from Malaya, they should sanction the tour.

Medal Awards For Life Saving

SWIMMING ENTHUSIASTS at Laichikok beach on Sunday were treated to an excellent display of land and water life-saving drill by students of La Salle College, when the boys were undergoing an examination in life-saving.

The manner in which the candidates carried out the exercises was gratifying, and reflected on the efficient teaching of their instructor, Mr. Matthew Young. Sub-Inspector R. J. Hunt, life member of the Royal Life-Saving Society and Hongkong representative, examined the students, and at the conclusion pointed out the great importance of life-saving.

The following passed the tests for the Bronze Medallion and the Intermediate certificate.—Robert Yong, Michael Yong, Ngan Din-yin, Leung Kwok-wah, Lam Hak-hoi, Tsoi Sik-sui, Alberto Santos, Richards Malig, Robert Truong, Ronald Sequeira, Raymond Larson and Hung Mum-chui.

Mr. Matthew Young was awarded the First Class Instructor's certificate.

Financier Slips Net

A ROUND-THE-WORLD man-hunt for John Woolcot Forbes, the Australian financial magnate who is wanted on a £130,000 conspiracy charge in Sydney, has proved the ease with which spies could slip into or out of Britain through Ireland.

Although Forbes was seen at a race meeting in Eire a few weeks ago, Scotland Yard has now circulated his description and photographs with a message that he is in London—for the second time since the war began.

Forbes, a big-money race track gambler and ex-managing-director of one of the largest financial concerns in Australia, disappeared from Sydney 17 months ago.

Very Dark Blooze

"Kindly rest on your oars, Timothy. That, contraption is getting you nowhere. And it squeaks. And the Eton Boating Song is *not* in the key of D."

"*What's up, Peter? Got a head?*"

"Like a gasometer. Very painful. And that noise you're making goes through it like a pneumatic drill."

"*Wasn't I on the warpath by your side? And look at me — no more hangover than an innocent little child.*"

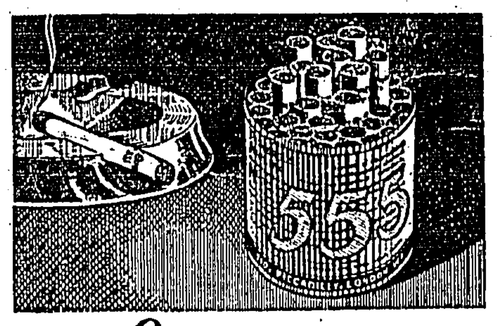
"Well, it's not natural. It just proves that the Devil looks after his own."

"*I look after myself, old son. Last night I took a sizeable swig of Rose's Lime Juice before hitting the hay. That's how to kill off the aftermath of alcohol.*"

"You wouldn't lead me up the garden, Timothy?"

"*Peter, you wrong me. I've seen the light and I'm passing on the tip.*"

"Then, if you will kindly step ashore, we will seek out a vendor of Rose's. It's time I fell into good habits."



IT'S THE QUALITY THAT MATTERS

It is not by chance alone that State Express 555 are known as "the best cigarette in the world." The discriminating palates of almost two generations attest to this fact, yet they cost so little more to enjoy.

STATE EXPRESS 555

50 for $1.30

THE BEST CIGARETTE IN THE WORLD • COSTS SO LITTLE MORE

AN UP-TO-DATE PHOTOGRAPH

Your family and friends want it business often demands it—so have that new portrait made today. The few minutes required will be well spent.

MEE CHEUNG PHOTOGRAPHERS
15, 23, Ice House Street. Tel. 26379.

FOR THE 1 MAN IN 7 WHO SHAVES EVERY DAY

A Special Shave Cream—It's Not a Soap, Needs No Brush!

Daily shaving leaves many men's faces raw and sensitive. Yet, because of his business and social status, one out of every 7 men must shave every day.

To meet this condition, Williams' has now developed GLIDER—a special cream for daily shavers. With *no* soap base, it's a complete departure from ordinary shave creams. No brush. No lather. Not sticky or greasy.

A superabundance of moisture is contained in this rich cream. It won't dry on your face. Applied with the fingers, it quickly softens each whisker. A protective layer is formed over which your razor glides. Off comes each hair at the base without scraping. Like a cold cream, Glider helps keep your skin smooth all day. Glider is the result of nearly 100 years' experience in making fine shaving preparations.

Sole Agents:
W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

METROPOLE HOTEL
CENTRAL - CLEAN
COMFORTABLE - FIREPROOF

• KING'S THEATRE •

COMING ATTRACTION

SEE IT!

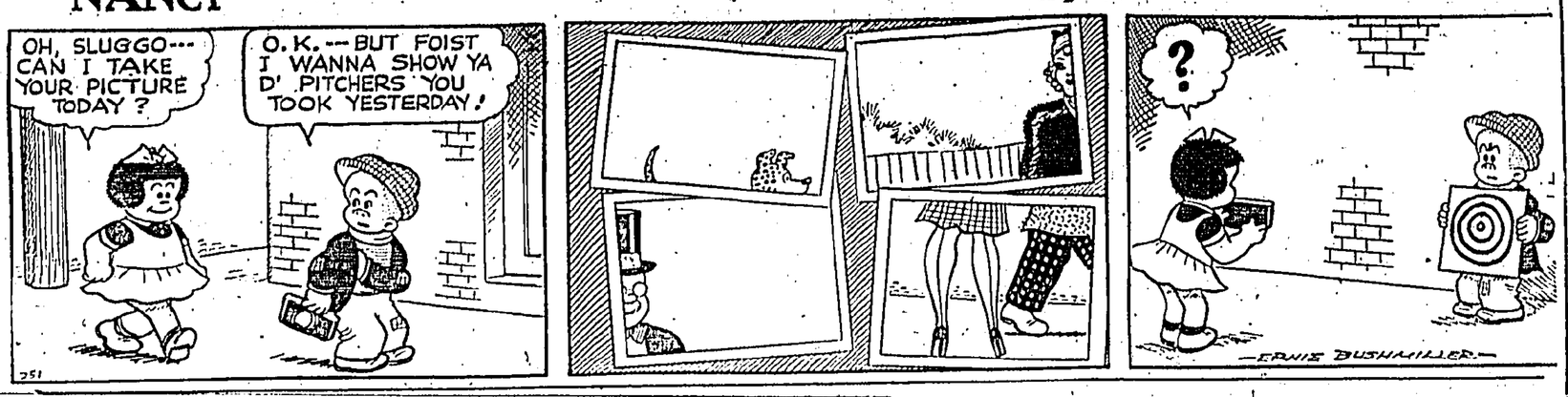
"WINGS OF THE NAVY"

with

GEORGE BRENT
OLIVIA DeHAVILLAND
JOHN PAYNE

Frank McHugh • John Litel
Victor Jory • Henry O'Neill
Directed by LLOYD BACON
A COSMOPOLITAN PROD'N
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
Original Screen Play by Michael Fowler

NANCY By Ernie Bushmiller



Ex-Haulage Hand Among R.A.F. Heroes

WON MEDAL IN HIS FIRST AIR ACTION

A TWENTY-YEAR-OLD aircraftman who was a haulage hand until he joined the R.A.F. last year has won the Distinguished Flying Medal in his first action.

Aircraftman 2nd Class John Richard Mayor, of Warrington, was air-gunner in one of three planes attacked by Messerschmitt fighters recently.

The battle lasted 35 minutes, and the official announcement says that with his accurate fire Mayor disabled one of the engines of an enemy fighter and "undoubtedly saved his aircraft from being shot down."

His plane was hit many times, but even when his turret was put out of action he got in a last burst of fire at the Germans.

Stavanger Heroes

The awards are also announced of the Distinguished Flying Cross to Flight-Lieutenant Gareth Thomas Butler Clayton, 26-year-old Llandudno man, and of the Distinguished Flying Medal to 23-year-old Corporal Leonard Yeomans, an ex-compositor, of Hull.

Flight-Lieutenant Clayton led a subformation on a bombing raid of Stavanger, pressed home his attack in face of enemy fighters and heavy anti-aircraft fire, unloading bombs among a number of German aircraft.

Returning from a raid on Stavanger Yeomans gunned an attacking Messerschmitt for 65 minutes.

In a second list of awards of six D.F.C.s and three D.F.M.s the Air Ministry says they are for "gallantry and devotion to duty," but links no names with a catalogue of individual deeds.

The awards are:

Distinguished Flying Cross

Sqdn. Ldr. Charles Eric St. John Beamish (native of Dunmanway, County Cork).

Flt.-Lieut Christopher Dermot Salmond Smith (Bruton).

Flyg. Offr. Desmond Frederick Burt Sheen (Sydney, Australia).

Flyg. Offr. John Patrick Stracey Smyth (Exmouth).

Pilot Offr. Douglas Dennison Weightman (Edinburgh).

Pilot Offr. David Alexander Willis (St. Boniface, Manitoba).

Distinguished Flying Medal

Sgt. John Anthony Mawson Reid (Newport).

L.A.C. John Edward Newby (Ramsgate).

L.A.C. Arthur Henry Webster (Aldershot).

WAR AND WINTER AT THE ACADEMY

THIS war-time Academy will be remembered (if at all) as the Snow-and-Searchlight Show.

It is distinguished by three portraits by Augustus John, Cathleen Mann's Major-General Carton de Wiart and (to my sadly unprogressive eye) a Suffolk landscape by Algernon Newton. Artists of the School of Splodge will pass this last painting with the one devastating word, "Neat."

No comic Belchers. Only one M.F.H. in the old glossy school. Only one child in a green dress, with red shoes and equally red cheeks (both carefully high-lighted) and a teddy-bear in the corner of the canvas.

Nevinson's Picture

War and Winter have provided the chief subjects, searchlights and snow. The war, indeed, has this year a good deal to answer for, having inspired C. R. W. Nevinson to a small, crowded canvas. "The Unending Cult of Human Sacrifice," with Christ on a cross, a forest of bayonets, jumbled soldiers of all centuries, mediaeval banners, modern aeroplanes.

Topical in feeling, crude in accomplishment, is Cyril J. Ross's "Nazi Persecution and Sacrilege, A. D. 1939," with its Storm troops pillaging a synagogue.

There are Norman Wilkinson's "Air Battle," Dame Laura Knight's bright and brittle winter scene with a land-girl at the plough, those innumerable searchlights—over London—all pictures of this year, none of them Picture of the Year.

For Trafalgar Square

Four exhibits will become familiar sights to Londoners, the bronze groups by W. McMillan and Charles Wheeler—fine, flowing sculptures of dolphins ridden by odd mermen and mermaids—soon to be set up in Trafalgar Square for the Jellicoe and Beatty Memorial fountains.

L. H.

Recluse Sisters' Hietelen £18,000

LARGE quantities of banknotes, stocks, shares and securities, worth from £18,000 to £20,000 have been found by police searching a mansion at Polmont, Stirlingshire, in which two aged sisters lived alone.

When the police first went to the house they found 80-year-old Agnes Gibb dead and 83-year-old Jessie Gibb lying unconscious beside her.

Jessie has now died in Falkirk Royal Infirmary.

The bank notes and other valuables which the police found at the week-end were in hiding places in different parts of the house.

The sisters had lived a hermit life. A brother and sister died within the last two years.

Fire Engine Try-out End In Crash

Dundee councillors, including a 72-year-old magistrate, were injured and had to be taken to hospital when one of the latest types of fire engines, on which they were travelling, was in collision with a motor-car.

The delegation was inspecting Glasgow's new fire-fighting equipment.

First Ace Of The War Killed

London, June 10.

Flying Officer Edgar James ("Cobber") Kain, 22, has been killed in action.—*Reuter.*

Kain was born in New Zealand and at the close of March, when his "kill" officially numbered five Nazi planes (and a possible sixth), he was pronounced the first Ace of the R.A.F. and received the D.F.C.

In April Kain arrived in England to recuperate from 20 shrapnel wounds in the left leg and hand, but later returned to the fight. His official "bag" comprised two Dorniers and three Messerschmitts. He was recently engaged to Joyce Phillips, repertory actress in England.

WIN PIANOFORTE HONOURS

Miss Amy Tsang (left) and Miss Kathleen Lee, pupils of Mr. Harry Ore, who recently passed, with merit, the Trinity College of London examination for pianoforte (senior division).

CHILDREN ILL-FED IN CAMPS

—Parents Allege

PARENTS OF ILFORD children at the new elementary "boarding school" camps made allegations of profiteering and lack of food at a protest meeting recently.

They demanded that committee of parents should be allowed to visit the camp to give advice and express criticism.

Mr. R. E. Gould, an official of the Parents' Association, said: "A parent told me that when he asked why his boy had not enough food, an official at the camp told him, 'What do you expect for 6s. a week?'

"I received further complaints from parents concerning feeding at these camps, and many have told me that children are anxious to go into the hospital, where they can get more food."

Talk Of Epidemic

Four parents said that following a seven-hour outing in their usual Saturday hike last week the children returned at 5.30 p.m. and were given a plain tea, although since leaving the camp they had had only two beef sandwiches. Many had to buy food with their pocket-money.

The chairman, Mr. H. Harris, said: "There has been a hush-hush attitude towards the epidemic at Kennylands Camp, near Reading, and I think that parents should be given all figures concerned."

V. C. Meets Prison Camp Comrade

A Canadian soldier and an "old Contemptible" V.C., who had not seen each other since they were prisoners of war in Germany 25 years ago, met again in London recently.

They were Mr. Frank Godley, V.C., formerly of the Royal Fusiliers, and Mr. J. A. J. Leslie, formerly a sergeant of the K.O.S.B.'s who recently enlisted in Canada.

More than 1,800 "Old Contemptibles" were assembling at Finsbury to march to St. Paul's Cathedral for their annual memorial service when Mr. Godley caught sight of a tall lean Canadian.

Two V.C.s On Parade

Their eyes met, they recognised each other and met with outstretched hand.

"We last saw each other as prisoners of war in Doebritz in Germany 25 years ago," said Mr. Leslie.

Two V.C.s were on parade yesterday, the other being Mr. S. J. Bent, formerly of the East Lancashires. He and Mr. Godley are school caretakers with the L.C.C.

"The ywon't have us this time," Mr. Bent said. "They tell us we are more use at home. Both our schools are open and maybe if trouble comes we shall have a chance to do our bit then."

The service at St. Paul's was attended by the Lord Mayor in state.

CORONER CRITIC OF MILITARY

The military authorities were criticised by the Belfast coroner (Dr. Lowe) recently for having allowed a soldier to drive a Bren gun carrier on a public road when he had not previously driven one.

"They should use the barracks to allow drivers to practise with these machines of death," he said.

The carrier, mounted a footpath, and Mrs. Harriet Knowles, of Crumlin Road, Belfast, was killed.

Verdict: "Accidental death."

Fiancee Still Waiting

"I'll be back in half an hour," Claude Henderson told his fiancee. But Eileen Holden has waited at her home in South Norwood in vain for more than a week. They were to have been married on Whit Monday.

Henderson was discharged from the Army following a motor accident in France in which he received head injuries, and it is thought this may have resulted in loss of memory.

The missing man is described as 5ft. 6ins. tall with an operation scar on his right wrist. HMe was wearing a dark blue jacket, grey flannel trousers and a fawn mackintosh.

King's Doctor In Car Smash

Sir Farquhar Buzzard, Extra Physician to the King and Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford University, was injured recently in a collision between his car and another near Dorchester, Oxfordshire.

Sir Farquhar, who is 69, was taken to the Radcliffe Infirmary, but was removed later to his home at Christ Church. His injuries were slight, but he may be confined to bed for a few days.

The driver and passenger in the other car were also slightly injured.

Murder Charge After 11 Months

RECENTLY a man of 28 was charged at Leeds with the murder of Ethel Wraithmell, parts of whose body were first found at Scholes nearly 11 months ago.

The arrest of the man, whose name was divulged, followed the discovery of another missing limb by Superintendent J. Craig, Chief of Leeds C. I. D., after inquiries in the North.

On June 10 last a Leeds naturalist found a parcel containing an arm, leg and the girl's head in a wood at Scholes, near Leeds.

Part of the torso was found a few days later in a wood three miles away.

During their 11 months' investigation police took over 1,000 statements. A £250 reward was offered for information.

Accused Of Killing Farmer's Daughter

Dan Doherty (28), a married man, of Ballyhillin, Malin, Co. Donegal, was remanded at Malin recently charged with the murder of Hanna Margaret Doherty, 29-year-old farmer's daughter.

The girl had been missing for a week when her body was found by a search party on the hillside near her home at Middleton, Malin Head. There were head and face injuries.

Sun Spots Blamed For War

SUN spots are one of the main causes of such evils as war, and this year should see the end of hostilities—according to the Abbe Theodore Moreux, director of the Observatory at Bourges.

From an astronomical point of view, he says, 1940 is analogous to 1918, which saw the end of the world war. He advances the story that sun spots have a strong effect on mass emotions, and are one of the primary causes of upheavals such as the present conflict.

The Abbe's theory, according to the British United Press, is that sun spots erupt every eleven years, and are followed by a period of upheavals, quarrels, and antagonisms on this planet.

Among the products of these "moments of solar exasperation" he cites the war of 1870, the French invasion of Tunisia, the Sudan and Indo-China in 1881, of Madagascar in 1883, of Morocco in 1905, the world war, Abdel Krim's revolt in Morocco in 1927, the Italian campaign in Ethiopia, the Japanese invasion of China, the Spanish civil war, and the present conflict.

However, "sun spots and magnetic disturbances are now beginning to show diminishing activity," and the Abbe thinks that this year should bring peace.

Seeing Red At School

ARTICLES in the current edition of the school magazine at Hamilton Academy, the Lanarkshire public school, have been variously described as smutty, anti-Christain, atheistic, Communistic, and blood-red revolutionary.

Bailie D. C. Orr, of Hamilton, said that these articles had been contributed by senior members of the school.

For weeks, he said, complaints had been coming in to individual members of the Lanarkshire Education Committee about the subversive influences in the school.

SPECIAL MEETING

Bailie Orr has tabled a resolution condemning "the subversive and undesirable teachings and conduct of members of the staff of Hamilton Academy."

A petition has been signed by 26 members of the committee asking the chairman to call a special meeting.

Tel. 28151.

MEN'S
AERTEX CELLULAR
SPORTS SHIRTS
IN THE VERY NEWEST COLOURS & DESIGNS
FROM $10.50 PER GARMENT
MEN'S WEAR DEPARTMENT.
LANE CRAWFORD'S
The House of Quality & Service

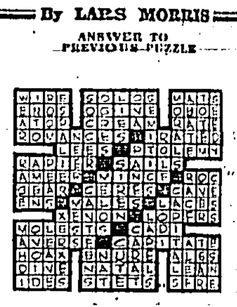
Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ACROSS

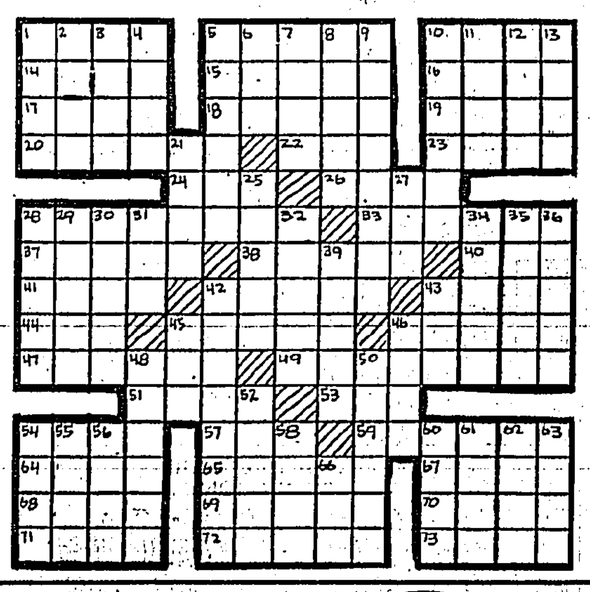
1—Mythical monster
5—Indite
10—Kind of rubber
14—Dry
15—Men of great deeds
16—British cabinet member
17—Chinese secret society
18—Unconceived
19—Evergreen tree
20—Cleans with broom
22—Observe
23—Pack
24—Ambition
26—Prefix: half
28—Given conditions
33—Parsonages
37—Pertaining to air
38—Assigned a date
40—Exist
41—Flat dish for carrying purposes
42—Grew white
43—Eastern European
44—Scrounger
45—Claw of eagle
46—That are here present
47—Inclines
49—Scandinavians
51—Remain
53—Royal Irish Academy (abbr.)
54—Prefix: against
57—Limb
59—Makes ready
64—Wander
65—Aquatic birds
67—Two-wheeled vehicle
68—On the ocean
69—Partaken of
70—Medley
71—Hinging device
72—Meat dishes
73—Arctic blanket slipper

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE



DOWN

1—Kind of grain
2—Develop
3—Outer coat
4—Border
5—Who is that (slang)
6—Revolution of engine (col.)
7—Anger (dial.)
8—Toft
9—Had high opinion of
10—Ferment found in gastric juice
11—Tunnel opening
12—City in Nevada
13—Again
21—Bucket
25—Metal disk
27—Crazy
28—Ways
29—Countries
30—Greek music or lyric poetry
31—Have permission to
32—Parlor
34—City in Massachusetts
35—Delete
36—Lucky number
39—Male voice
42—Corridors
43—That woman
45—Pipe connection
46—Russian emperor
48—Primitive
50—Become mature
52—Act toward
54—African desert dweller
55—Organ of smell
56—Chinese monetary unit
58—Appraise
60—Worshiped image
61—Of masculine sex
62—Castor silk
63—Deter
66—Stitch



stops pain in 3 seconds
CORNS
are killed and loosened with just one application of Gets-It. A drop or two ends the torture of throbbing corns. A few days later you can lift off the corn root and all.
GETS-IT
Makes you forget corns.

HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN
WE ARE AT WAR
Yes! Fighting a battle against
DISEASE
IGNORANCE
and POVERTY
Help us to win!

EXPLORER PRINTED COLDEST BOOK

Capt. Joyce Dies

CAPTAIN Ernest Edward Mills Joyce, the Antarctic explorer, whose death was announced recently, was the first Antarctic printer.

He and two other members of Shackleton's expedition in 1907 produced the first book ever written, printed, illustrated, and bound in the Antarctic. It was called "Aurora Australis."

When Shackleton was planning his Nimrod expedition he was presented with a complete printing outfit, including a supply of paper.

None of the party, however, knew how to use the unusual gift. They decided to learn.

While Joyce and another man attended a printing works to learn the art of type-setting and making-up a page, a third member of the "printers' section" was taught the mysteries of etching and lithography.

"Rogue's Retreat"

Months later, far away in the frozen South, the party began to spend their winter.

Joyce's cubicle, known as "The Rogue's Retreat," became the printing house.

As the story of the expedition was written it was put into type. A lamp had to be placed under the type-rack to keep the type from freezing, and a lighted candle was placed under the inking plate.

Finally a book of 120 pages was produced.

Later Shackleton wrote: "The book had at least assisted materially to guard us from the danger of lack of occupation during the polar nights."

Captain Joyce, who was 65, served with Scott from 1901 to 1904, with Shackleton from 1907 to 1909, and won fame in 1914-17 with the expedition which laid depots for Shackleton.

LATE NEWS

Invasion Of Switzerland Expected

LONDON, June 10 (Domei).—The German forces at dawn this morning started fierce onslaughts against the Maginot Line, according to information reaching here to-day.

This reported action on the part of the German forces is regarded as a preliminary to the German invasion of Switzerland in order to attack the flank of the Maginot Line.

It is further reported that the Germans are now concentrating large forces along the Swiss border.

London Round-Up

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—Within an hour of Mussolini's speech a great round-up of All Italians commenced in the London area.

Soldier's Assault On Two Women

James Robertson, a lance-sergeant of the Royal Scots Regiment was charged before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy this morning with assaulting Lo Chat, a 20-year-old girl and Kwok Chan, 28-year-old married woman, in Lockhart Road on June 9.

Sergt. Bentley for the Police said that Lo was being detained in hospital.

Robertson pleaded guilty to the charges, but craved extenuating circumstances.

He said that he left the Gloucester Hotel for Lockhart Road in a taxi. When he arrived at Lockhart Road he was set upon by a gang of Chinese, who gave him a severe beating and stole his note case containing $70 as well as his wrist watch. His blue patrol tunic was also ruined beyond repair.

The two women were apparently in the crowd, and when he resisted the attack, he might have struck them accidentally.

Sergt. Bentley said that Robertson was under the influence of drink at the time.

Robertson was ordered to pay $10 compensation to the woman Kwok, or seven days hard labour, and to pay $50 compensation to the girl in hospital or three weeks' hard labour. He was also bound over in a bond of $100.

Rain Mars Baseball Programme

NEW YORK, June 10 (UP).—Rain caused considerable interference with the Major Baseball programme today.—In one of the few games played, the Brooklyn Dodgers nosed out the Pittsburgh Pirates in the National circuit by 8-7.

The scores were:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Brooklyn	8	13	2

Battery: Hamlin, Kimball Cary, Pressnell, Phelps, Mancuso.

Pittsburgh	7	12	2

Battery: Sewell, Hintzerman, Butcher, Lanahun, Fitzsimmons, Macfayden, Davis, Fernandez.

The New York-Chicago game was postponed owing to rain.

Boston	12	21	0

Battery: Sullivan, Lopez.

St. Louis	2	7	1

Battery: Davis, Shoun, Owen.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

St. Louis	7	10	0

Battery: Kramer, Lawson, Swift.

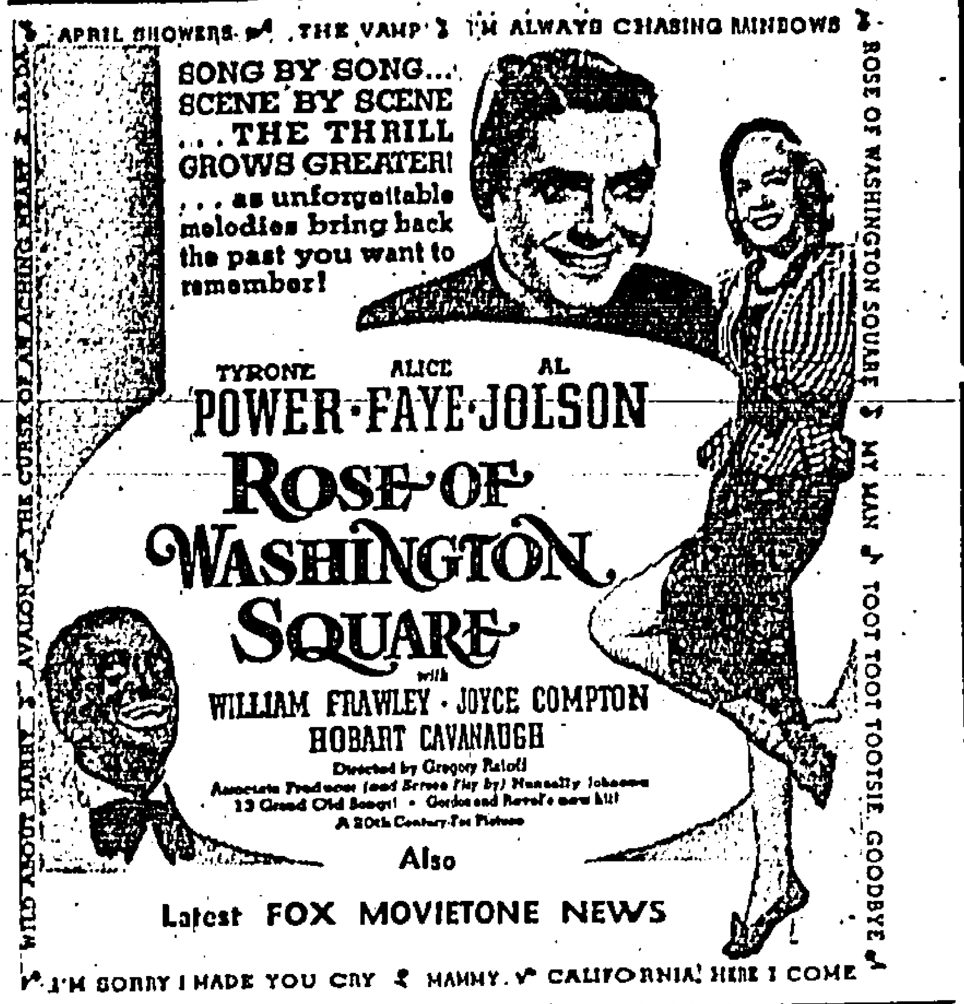
Washington	4	10	2

Battery: Hudson, Monteaguedo.

The Cleveland-Boston and Detroit-New York games were postponed through rain. The Chicago-Philadelphia game will be played at a later date.

KING'S AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

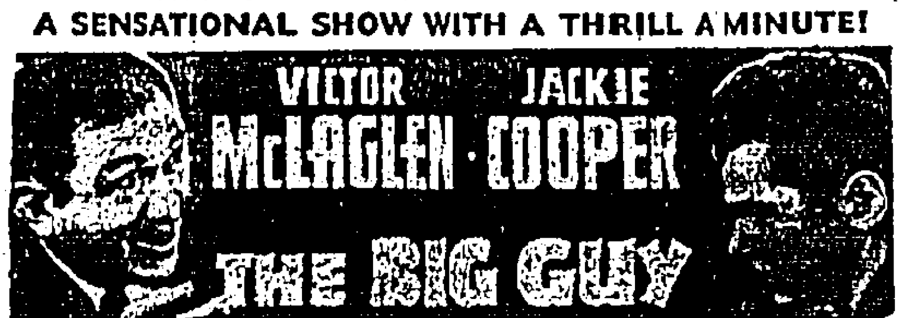


NEXT CHANGE : Melvyn Douglas - Joan Blondell in "THE AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS" Columbia Picture

ORIENTAL THEATRE — TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS — 4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30—5.15 7.15—9.30 — FLEMING ROAD WANCHAI TEL. 26473

SPECIAL RETURN ENGAGEMENT FOR TO-DAY ONLY
A MIGHTY SPECTACULAR DRAMA OF THE WEST!
The thrill of a grandstand seat to watch a new empire being born with more thrills than you ever saw before.
THOUSAND FRONTIER TERRORS TO EXCITE YOU!

TWO DAYS ONLY—TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY
A SENSATIONAL SHOW WITH A THRILL A MINUTE!



MATINEES: 20c.-30c. • EVENINGS: 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.

STAR THEATRE — HANKOW RD. KOWLOON. DAILY AT 2-30-5-20-7-20-9-20 TEL. 57795

• TO-DAY ONLY •

WALT DISNEY'S FIRST FULL LENGTH PRODUCTION...

TO-MORROW : GARY COOPER - MERLE OBERON "THE COWBOY AND THE LADY"

Dine, Wine & Dance at— CHANTECLER
176-179 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel. 50021.

QUEEN'S THEATRE — HONGKONG DAILY AT 2-30-5-15-7-20-9-30 P.M. TEL. 31453

• TO-DAY ONLY •

'Silky' Kilmount... the boldest and most astonishing character in fiction!

ROBERT MONTGOMERY as The EARL OF CHICAGO
with EDWARD ARNOLD • REGINALD OWEN • EDMUND GWENN
Screen Play by Lesser Samuels • Directed by Richard Thorpe
PRODUCED BY VICTOR SAVILLE

TO-MORROW : An R.K.O. Picture : CAROLE LOMBARD & BRIAN AHERNE in A. J. Cronin's "VIGIL IN THE NIGHT"

• NEW SHIPMENT JUST ARRIVED •
THE PERFECT POPULAR PIPE
Dr PAT
PERFECT CLEANING
COOL & DRY SMOKE

NO CONTACT BETWEEN TOBACCO & MOISTURE
A DRY Smoke! —$4.25 only— A COOL Smoke!
Ingonohl's Cigar Stores "La Perla dol Oriente" and other tobacconists

ALHAMBRA THEATRE — NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2-30-5-20-7-20-9-30. TEL. 56856

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

STAND BY, AMERICA!
Everybody's cheering the mightiest musical since "The Great Ziegfeld!" A Big Parade of love, laughter, spectacle, music... without equal!
IN MAGNIFICENT TECHNICOLOR!

THURSDAY — R.K.O. Picture — CAROLE LOMBARD - BRIAN AHERNE in "VIGIL in the NIGHT"

CATHAY — TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS. — TEL. 26020 — WANCHAI RD.
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, & 9.30. P.M.
MATINEES—20c. 30c. 40c. EVENINGS—20c. 30c. 50c. 70c. 80c.

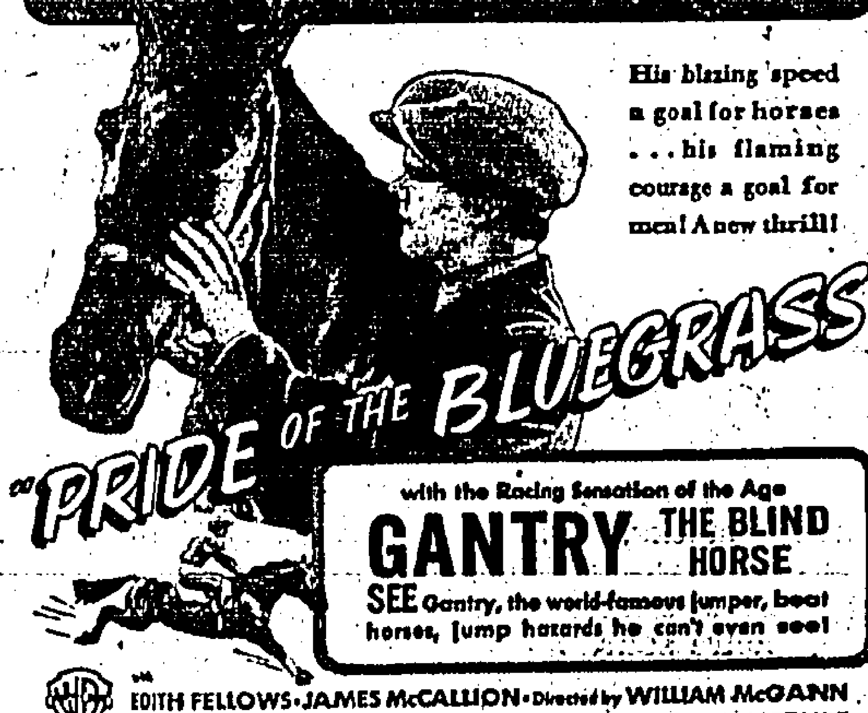
• FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY •

Hollywood's Great War Drama Which The Nazis Tried to Suppress! The Story of the Heroic British Nurse Who Sacrificed Her Life in the cause of Humanity!

• TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY •
A BOMBSHELL OF SENSATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT!
KAY KYSER - ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"That's Right You're Wrong"
Edward E. Horton — RKO RADIO Picture

MAJESTIC THEATRE — 4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30 - 5.20 7.20 - 9.30 — NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57222
(MATINEES. 20c.-30c. • EVENINGS 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.)

• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •
THRILLS! ACTION! ADVENTURE!
HIS FLYING HOOFS... PRIDE OF THE BLUEGRASS!
HIS FIGHTING HEART... PRIDE OF THE NATION!



with EDITH FELLOWS • JAMES McCALLION • Directed by WILLIAM McGANN
Original Screen Play by Vincent Sherman • A WARNER BROS. PICTURE

• THURSDAY AND FRIDAY •
WARNER BROS.' COMEDY KNOCKOUT!
It May Be Not Art... But It's Darn Good Fun!
"KID FROM KOKOMO"
PAT O'BRIEN • JOAN BLONDELL • WAYNE MORRIS

A WHOLE INCH OFF . . .
The minute you close the zipper of THE AMAZING NEW "KLEINERT'S" PETAL-FRESH STURDI-FLEX REDUCERS just unpacked by us, together with "COMFORMA" SPORT BRIEF, ideal for GOLF, TENNIS and SWIMMING; and "12 INCH" SOFT RASCHEL TWO WAY STRETTH GIRDLES, well-groomed for adequate figure moulding. Many other striking new silhouettes in belts, girdles, chiffon panties. FIRST seen in Hongkong.
WE INVITE YOU TO SEE THEM!
MODE ELITE
Kayamally Building, Gordon's Mezz.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

BRITISH MOST ECONOMICAL CAR
FLYING STANDARD
"EIGHT"
NOW IN STOCK
Ordinary Saloon (2-door)
OPEN TOURER
43 – 45 m.p.g.
FAR EAST MOTORS
Phone 59101 26 Nathan Road
KOWLOON

Manager,
Dollar T.T. is "Hongkong Telegraph"
Morning Post, Ltd.,
Hongkong.
Low Water:—19.54.

The
Hongkong Telegraph

FINAL EDITION

FOUNDED 1881 No. 16175 二拜禮 號一十月六英港香 TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1940. 日六初月五 SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS $30.00 PER ANNUM

NEW SELECTION—
KLEINERT'S
BATHING CAPS
All cols. from $1.50 ea.
SNAPPY
BEACH HATS
from $2.50 ea.
WHITEAWAY'S

Martial Law Declared As Republic Prepares to Honour Pledge to Allies: Greece And Rumania Call Up Reserves As War Threatens to Engulf Balkans

TURKISH DECLARATION OF WAR AGAINST ITALY BELIEVED NEAR

'IMPORTANT STATEMENT TO BE ISSUED IN ANKARA IN FEW HOURS'—SPOKESMAN

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ISTANBUL, June 11 (Domei).—Martial Law has been declared throughout Turkey.

A Turkish declaration of war against Italy, in accordance with Article II of the Franco-British Treaty of Mutual Assistance with Turkey, is believed imminent.

A Turkish Government spokesman this morning declared that the country will have no hesitation in honouring its pact with the Allies.

The Government, he said, will issue an important statement within a few hours.

°Article II of the Treaty of Mutual Assistance between Britain, France and Turkey, signed at Ankara on October 19, 1939, states:

"In the event of an act of aggression by a European Power leading to war in the Mediterranean area in which France and the United Kingdom are involved, Turkey will collaborate effectively with France and the United Kingdom and will lend them all aid and assistance in her power.

Rumanian Tension

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BUCHAREST, June 10 (Domei).—Italy's entry into the war has created the highest tension throughout the Balkans, despite Mussolini's assurance that he has no designs on his neighbours.

Rumania is immediately calling up further batches of Reservists, who have been ordered to report to their barracks immediately.

Greek Determination

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ATHENS, June 11 (Domei).—Greece is determined to fight if her territory is invaded, an official spokesman said last night.

Precautionary measures have been taken on the frontiers, which adjoin Turkey in the south east, Bulgaria in the north, Yugo-Slavia and Albania (Italian) in the west.

Special precautions are being taken in the islands along the Greek coast.

3,000,000 Men Mass Along Frontiers

ITALY'S FORCES READY TO MOVE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ROME, June 11 (UP).—Mussolini's war machine, totalling over 3,000,000 men, prepared to move into action before dawn this morning along at least five different fronts.

Transport ships, aeroplanes, submarines, tanks and infantry crouching along the borders were ready to move forward in attacks against the British and French lines exactly six hours after Mussolini declared war in the most traditional manner.

Although the possible points of attack are a military secret, Corsica, Malta, Tunisia and Gibraltar are mentioned as being the most likely to receive the Italian thrust.

General Vittorio Muti, Secretary of the Fascist Party, has already left Rome for some secret air base, from whence he is expected to lead the Italian air attacks.

Mussolini's sons, Bruno and Vittorio, have also assumed posts at air bases.

Ciano is also joining the Italian air force.

Italian Troops Massing

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BELGRADE, June 11 (UP).—It is reported that a large Italian force has landed at Port Zara in Albania, near the Yugo-Slavian frontier.

Further troops have been landed on the Italian island of La Stovo, near the Dalmatian coast.

Italy is reported to be massing troops on five fronts.

TWO SHIPS SCUTTLED

These Italians Are Just Like Rats

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CADIZ, June 11 (UP).—Two Italian ships—the 6,100 ton Italian liner Cellina and the 5,300 ton steamer Numidia—have been scuttled off Gibraltar to prevent capture.

All the crew of the Cellina and half the crew of the Numidia arrived at Cadiz in rowing boats. The remainder of the Numidia's crew were captured.

The scuttling was carried out with bombs and petrol.

Several Italian ships are still at the Contraband Control base at Gibraltar. They include the 23,900-ton trans-Atlantic liner Vulcania, which was taken in yesterday by British warships.

NORWEGIAN ANNOUNCEMENT

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced by the Norwegian Government, which is now domiciled in England:

"Our position now is similar to that of the Netherlands.

"His Majesty King Haakon is King of the Norwegians.

"The Government has a completely solid backing.

"Norway's 4,600,000 tons of shipping is at the disposal of the Allies."

Consul Uninformed

The Norwegian Consul General in Hongkong, Mr. D. F. A. W. Wesman, told the "Telegraph" this morning that he has not yet been officially informed of the latest events in Norway.

King Haakon In London

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—King Haakon of Norway, accompanied by Crown Prince Olav, arrived in London to-night.

They were welcomed in England by His Majesty the King and drove to Buckingham Palace with him.

Japan's Attitude To Lowlands

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, June 11 (Domei).—There is no change in Japan's attitude towards the Belgian and Netherlands Governments, the Foreign Office spokesman declared.

The two Governments have transferred their offices to foreign soil but they are regarded by the Japanese Government as still in existence, the spokesman added.

P.C. CHARGED

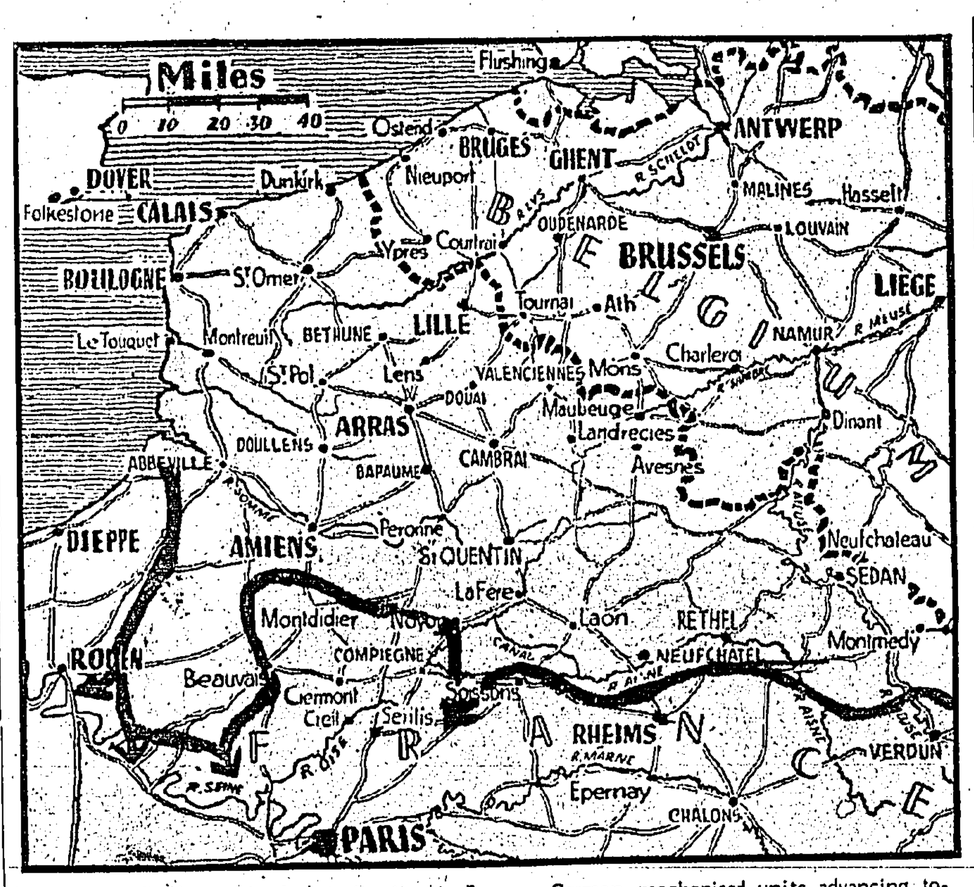
Police constable Chow Yuan-chun (PCD 166) was charged before Mr. R. Edwards at the Central Magistracy this morning with possession of 20 taels of opium, and was remanded for 24 hours.

Invasion Of Switzerland Expected

LONDON, June 10 (Domei).—The German forces at dawn this morning started fierce onslaughts against the Maginot Line, according to information reaching here to-day.

This reported action on the part of the German forces is regarded as a preliminary to the German invasion of Switzerland in order to attack the flank of the Maginot Line.

It is further reported that the Germans are now concentrating large forces along the Swiss border.



MAP ABOVE shows the latest situation in France. German mechanised units advancing towards the Seine from Abbeville and the Somme are now within 25 miles of Paris. The bulge near Soissons has widened and the city on the Aisne is now threatened with circumvallation. Elsewhere the front is still intact.

German Advance Accelerated As Pressure Grows

ADVANCE PANZER UNITS 25 MILES FROM PARIS

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

THE SECOND WEEK OF THE GREAT BATTLE OF FRANCE HAS OPENED WITH THE ENEMY APPRECIABLY CLOSER TO PARIS, WHICH WAS EVACUATED BY THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT THIS MORNING.

A "United Press" message from B.E.F. Headquarters admits that the German advance in the British sector has accelerated during the past 48 hours, despite most stubborn resistance from troops who have fought without rest for seven days.

The fighting was so bitter in this sector that both sides were forced to call an informal truce in order to bring the dead and wounded.

It is officially admitted in Paris that the enemy had increased pressure between Amiens and Rouen in the west and between Amiens and Verdun in the east.

On the south-western front, the Germans have succeeded in crossing the Seine at certain points.

Advance Panzer units are reported to be within 25 miles of Paris on the south-western front.

25 Miles From Paris

By RALPH HEINZEN
UNITED PRESS WAR CORRESPONDENT

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—French Government offices have begun moving from Paris.

The roads are clogged with swarms of refugees fleeing to the south from the massive assaults led by 4,000 tanks, which have carried the German blitzkrieg to within 25 miles of the capital.

In his broadcast to-day, however, the French Premier declared that France may face many difficulties, but she is not down.

He asserted that the French armies are retreating only slowly

Turn to Page 2, Fourth Column

Unique Situation In Shanghai As War Starts

SHANGHAI, June 11 (Reuter).—A unique situation is created by Italy's entry into the war against the Allies.

The armed forces of belligerents are continuing to garrison duties side by side.

Italian forces here comprise marines and sailors of two river gunboats. There are also the Conte Verde and six Italian freighters. These vessels are expected to stay in the neutral waters here.

Extra precautions are taken in all defence sectors to prevent incidents. Liberties are being curtailed and more patrols are out.

Although no official information is available regarding the measures discussed at the recent conferences by the Commanders of the European forces to maintain the status quo, "Reuter" learns from well-informed circles that there is every reason for confidence that there will be no untoward incidents between the armed forces of belligerent powers.

Several Italian residents told "Reuter" this morning that there is the possibility of a general exodus of Italians from the French Concession.

No Changes At Shanghai

SHANGHAI, June 11 (UP).—The British Embassy announced that there are no changes in the Shanghai situation as a result of Italy's entry into the war, except the publication today of a list of local Italian Companies as enemies with which Britons are prohibited from trading.

Japanese Warning

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TOKYO, June 11 (Domei).—The Foreign Office has issued the following statement with regard to the possible effects of Italy's participation in the European war to the Far East.

"Following Italy's declaration of war on Great Britain and France, Mr. M. Tani, the Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs to-day invited the Italian Charge d'Affaires, Signor

Turn to Page 2, Fourth Column

U.S. AID TO THE ALLIES

Reactions To Roosevelt Speech

WASHINGTON, June 11 (Reuter).—It is safe to say that nobody had expected quite the speech that President Roosevelt gave.

Its effect was electrifying on the many millions who heard it.

For the first time, it is felt, the President has drawn aside the veil and exposed to the view of Americans just what victory of force is likely to mean to America and the vital part they have in the European struggle.

Non-Belligerent Ally

President Roosevelt's disclosure of Mussolini's refusal to adjust differences by negotiation is expected to play a vital part in the transition of America to perhaps a more than non-belligerent ally, a position in which President Roosevelt placed the country last night, according to well-informed circles here.

Most people are anxious to know precisely what the President meant when he offered the Allies material American resources, but it is certain that he can now give tremendous assistance with scarcely a single critical vote being raised.

Not Far Enough

For many people, President Roosevelt did not go far enough.

So far "Reuter" has not heard a single comment that does not favour assistance being given to the Allies with all speed, while there is a growing number, if as yet small, who feel that America should be right in it with the Allies.

London Comment

LONDON, June 11 (Reuter).—Comment on President Roosevelt's speech in official London circles was: "The words of the President will hearten and encourage those whom he describes as giving their lifeblood in combat against the gods of force and hate."

The Allied democracies are now combining against great odds, but are no whit dismayed. Remembering the things for which they are fighting, they will fight with all the greater confidence now that they have heard—the President's uncompromising championship of their cause.

Vital Factor

The material resources of the United States, added to those of the Allies, will prove a vital factor in the struggle now going on between the democracies of the west and the anti-Christian forces of barbarism.

No one, not even Mussolini, can believe the United States to be pluto-democracy or a sterile nation. Both the dictators, who have embarked on this struggle against free peoples in Europe, will now have the opportunity to digest the U.S. attitude by the entry of Italy into the war, it is stated in official circles here.

No special measures of a political or military nature are reported so far.

LATEST

5,000 Million Gallons Of Water

As a result of the heavy rains of the past few weeks, storage of water on the island and mainland reached 4,100,000,000 gallons by June 1, compared with 5,264,100,000 gallons on the corresponding date last year.

In the past ten days the total has been brought up to the 5,000 million gallon mark by the overflow of all reservoirs on the island.

See Back Page For Further Late News

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

25 words $2.50
for 3 days prepaid

WANTED TO BUY.

WE PAY high prices for all gold and silver articles, diamonds, jades and jewels. Apply China Gold Refining Co. Room 6, Pedder Building, 2nd floor.

FOR SALE.

SHIPMENT of "Cooper's" Sheets and Pillow Cases. A few remaining which are being sold at discount prices on the premises of Mollers' Steamship Co., 3rd Floor, St. George's Building.

"HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERA" Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price $1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

Theft Of Newsprint

Year's Hard Labour For Employee

Pleading guilty to the theft of 158 reels of newsprint, valued at $14,750 from the "Ta Kung Pao" between December 7, 1939, and January 12, Hsu Kuo-chen, a former clerk of the journal, was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour by Mr. T. J. Houston at the Central Magistracy this morning.

Hsu was charged with the theft of 36 reels of newsprint on December 7, valued at $3,350; 18 reels on December 20, valued at $1,700; 18 reels on December 28, valued at $1,700; and 86 reels on January 12, valued at $8,000.

With the promission of the Commissioner of Police, Mr. Peter Sin prosecuted, and Mr. S. Ng Quinn represented Hsu.

Imported From Norway

Mr. Sin said the newsprint was imported from Norway before the war by the "Ta Kung Pao" through the China Import and Export Bank, now an enemy concern. The broker of this company, Kwok Shum-chuen, had since been sentenced for receiving them, knowing them to have been stolen.

Hsu, Mr. Sin continued, was at one time employed as a clerk by the "Ta Kung Pao"; his duties were to take charge of English correspondence and also to sign delivery orders for newsprint stored in various godowns in the name of his employers.

It was proved, as His Worship might recollect in the last prosecution of Kwok, continued Mr. Sin, that Kwok took delivery of the newsprints, disposed of them, and obtained the proceeds thereof. It was not clear, however, in what proportion the two men shared the proceeds. The value of the newsprint amounted to $14,750.

Systematic Fraud

Mr. Sin said he need not emphasise the seriousness of the offences committed, which appeared to be a systematic fraud on a big scale, and had it not been for the zeal and perseverance on the part of the Police officers, especially Sub-Inspector C. T. Byron in the prosecution of Kwok, Hsu would never have been brought to book.

As prosecuting officer and representing the Crown in this case, said Mr. Sin, it was only fair that he should add that whilst Kwok went all out to give the prosecution as much trouble as possible, and placed other obstacles which were almost unsurmountable, Hsu had given little trouble.

Firm's Tribute

Mr. Sin said he was instructed to state that Hsu was a hard working and loyal employee whilst employed by the "Ta Kung Pao." He was conscientious in every way in his work and his clients had nothing against him in any way in his work, and were thoroughly satisfied with him until he committed the offences.

Hsu absconded from the Colony on or about January 13, and a warrant for his arrest was issued. A reward for his apprehension was advertised, and on May 15, Hsu was arrested by the Shanghai Municipal Police in Shanghai, and was subsequently brought back to Hongkong.

In Mitigation

Mr. S. Ng Quinn, in mitigation, said Hsu had committed the offences to raise money to repay those he owed money. His mother-in-law had pressed him to return money he had borrowed from her and he was unable to settle the loans.

In January last year, Mr. Ng Quinn said, Hsu was introduced to the "Ta Kung Pao," and was given a small salary of $30 per month. It was the intention of Hsu to repay his mother-in-law. She had attempted to commit suicide twice since the end of last Chinese New Year.

At that time Hsu received a telegram from a Mrs. Ma Hon of Shanghai, asking him to repay a loan, as she was ill and had to go to a hospital. Under these circumstances, Kwok suggested to Hsu a way of getting out of his financial troubles. Hsu succumbed to temptations.

Hsu was sentenced to three months' hard labour on each charge.

The "Telegraph" has been informed by Mr. J. T. Bagram that the sum of $725 was realised from the recent show of hydrangens when his garden was thrown open to the public. The proceeds have been donated to the British War Organisation Fund.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHINA ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Inc. in U.S.A.
Address: 226 Gloucester Building, Hongkong.

The above firm registered in the U.S.A. has no connection whatsoever with the A.E.G. China Electric Company which heads the list of enemy firms in China published in the Government Gazette of June 7, 1940.

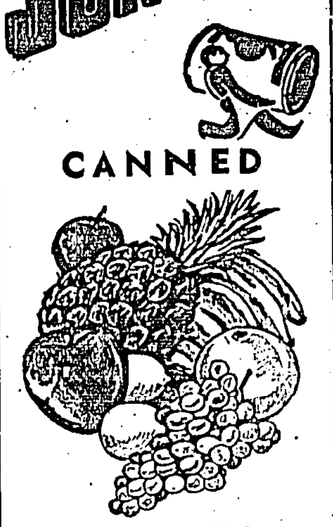
ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to announce that our Stores and Dispensing Departments will be closed at 8 p.m. every evening commencing 10th June, 1940, until further notice.

GRAND DISPENSARY, LTD.

KING'S DISPENSARY.

SUN-KIST



CANNED FRUITS and VEGETABLES

Insist on Sunkist

Sole Distributors
W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.

Vol. X No. 2 May, 1940

THE
HONG KONG NATURALIST

A quarterly illustrated journal principally for Hong Kong and S. China.

Birds and Butterflies of Hong Kong.

Notes on Vegetable Insect Pests in Hongkong

The Typhoon of Nov. 23, 1939.

Hail and Halos

A Synopsis of the Fishes of China.

etc., etc.

PRICE $2.00

Prepaid subscription $7.00
(Back Numbers from Vol. IV. available)

On Sale at Morning Post Building.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS for the Liver & Kidneys—weak kidneys & bladder.

FRIENDS ARE NOW ENEMIES

Mussolini's Act Was Work Of Traitor

LONDON, June 11, (Reuter).—The following considerations are relevant in view of Italy's entry into the war:

1.—This war is not a war of the Italian people to defend the honour and vital interests of Italy. It has been ordered by a clique who are concerned only to maintain their own position and to defend the interests of the political party;

2.—The Allies offered to meet all the legitimate Italian aspirations. There is thus no conflict between the Allies and Italy which could justify a war;

3.—On the other hand, there is conflict between Italian interests and German aspirations. German hegemony in Europe could mean the establishment of Germany on and in the Mediterranean and the reduction of Italy to the rank of a second-rate power;

Same Vital Interest

4.—England and Italy were never proper enemies. Anglo-Italian friendships rested in the past on a real community of interests. To-day Italy and Great Britain have the same vital interest in preventing German hegemony in Europe. There is no aim more vital to the future existence of both countries;

Hitler's Mercenaries

5.—The Italians are now fighting like mercenaries for Hitler and for the aggrandisement of Germany. Victory must be as disastrous to Italy as defeat, not only because of the danger to Italy of German aspirations but because of the threat to western civilisation from Nazi paganism, the declared enemy of the Catholic Church and indeed all Christian churches;

Forced On Allies

6.—The British dislike having to fight Italy. The war is forced on the Allies by the Fascist Government. But the war against Germany must be waged and won. As long as the Italians are harnessed to the German machine, they must expect to be treated on the same footing as the Germans;

7.—In the struggle between western civilisation and the pagan lords of Germany, the Fascist Government has waited so as to intervene at the moment of the greatest embarrassment to the Allies. It is hoped by this unchivalrous and cowardly policy to secure safely for Italy such plunder as Germany will graciously permit her to have. But what the Italians will in fact experience is a world of contempt and the armed might of the two empires which Italy has wantonly attacked;

A Long War

8.—This is to be a long war. Unless Germany collapses unexpectedly, it will be fought, as Mr. Winston Churchill declared, on the ocean, on land and in the air, with the vast resources at the disposal of the Allies until the German menace has been lifted from Europe. There can be no hope, therefore, of Italy obtaining great successes in a short while and at little cost. She will be called on for great sacrifices—and to whose advantage?—Germany's.

POPE PIUS TOLD NEWS

PRAYS AS ITALY GOES TO WAR

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

VATICAN CITY, June 11, (UP).—His Holiness the Pope received the news of Italy's entry into the war from M. Maglione, the Papal Secretary of State, an hour before Mussolini made his historical declaration.

His Holiness immediately retired to his private chapel to pray.

The announcement was no surprise to Vatican circles, which are believed to have been informed when Mussolini first took his decision several days ago.

La Guardia's Warning

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

NEW YORK, June 10. (UP).—Emphasising his own Italian descent, Mr. F. La Guardia, the Mayor of New York City, exhorted one million New York inhabitants of Italian descent or extraction to preserve complete neutrality.

"Ninetynine point ninetynine per cent. of New Yorkers of Italian extraction are one hundred per cent. loyal," he said.

"For the others I want to make myself perfectly clear that I will brook no demonstrations by anyone that touch on disloyalty to our country.

Issue Is Clear

LONDON, June 11 (Reuter).—"Now the issue is clear.

"The disguising of temporising with religion has been cast aside," writes Cardinal Hinsley in a statement following Italy's entry into the war.

"The leaders of Fascism have broken with Christian civilisation. Fascism has become radical Nazism, committed to the task of aiding and abetting Hitler's programme—to pillage and grasp, dominate and enslave."

Ships Must Leave

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

WASHINGTON, June 11 (Domei).—The U.S. Government has issued orders to 18 American vessels at present in the Mediterranean to withdraw as speedily as possible.

PANZER UNITS 25 M. FROM PARIS

FROM PAGE ONE

and that the military position is good.

He declared the Allies have always been ready to negotiate for peace, in which they have been supported by President Roosevelt, but all their efforts have had no effect.

The threat of an Italian attack from the rear have made the hour darker as General Weygand's armies fight to stem the Nazi tide, the Premier said.

German tank columns are operating south of Beauvais and others are reported to have smashed through Normandy to Seininferieur to the northwest of Paris.

Heavy German columns are also attacking on the Tardenois plateau and threaten to flank Soissons and Rheims.

Nazi Pressure Tightens

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—Tonight's war communique states that from the sea to the Oise River the enemy has accentuated his pressure between the roads from Amiens to Rouen and from Amiens to Vernon.

Vernon is on the Seine River south of Rouen.

The enemy has reached the lower Seine at certain points where some elements have crossed the river.

He is everywhere held by vigorous counter-attacks.

Between the road from Amiens to Vernon and the course of the lower Oise, his infantry has been less incisive.

It has been above all by means of his Air Force that he has sought to harass the movements of our units by a repeated bombardment on their rear.

To the east of the Oise River, enemy columns, which had debouched in the afternoon, only succeeded in extending the bridge-head that he established yesterday by pushing as far as La Retournes.

Allies Stand Their Ground

To the east of the Aisne, the enemy has extended his attacks to all openings as far as Beaumont.

Everywhere our troops have stood their ground and offered a most energetic resistance to the enemy by defending the ground foot by foot and by counter-attacking.

Many air reconnaissances have been effected over the front and back areas. Flights were made over Namur Donnueschingen.

Convoys have been bombed by our Air Force at Forges-les-eaux, Soissons and Pont Avett.

Our fighters, in their covering missions, have achieved important victories.

Our fighter group, under the command of Major Thibaudet, particularly distinguished itself by bringing down in one expedition 12 enemy machines.

All our planes which participated in these engagements returned without bearing the trace of one bullet.

American Comment

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

NEW YORK, June 11 (UP).—Editorials in virtually all American newspapers comment on General Weygand's famous "last quarter of an hour" Order of the Day.

The newspapers believe that so long as the French Army remains intact, even the loss of Paris will not irreparably damage the Allied cause.

"Even if the French Army should have to fight in the streets of the capital, or even leave the capital behind, it will still not be beaten," says the "Herald-Tribune".

Still A Fighting Chance

"It will still have France at its back and it will still make every withdrawal a means for organising a more desperate and more determined resistance."

"The French have shown before that they can be as fanatical as anyone in the defence of their own homes, their soil and their previous freedom," says the "New York Times".

"As long as the French Army is in the field and the British Navy keeps the sea, the Allies will still have a chance for victory," declares the "Sun".

Evacuation Of Cabinet

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

The Ministries of the French Government have removed from Paris to their prescribed places in the provinces in accordance with the request of the French High Command.

M. Reynaud, the Premier, is visiting the fighting front.

The archives have been removed to various centres. The seat of Government will probably be at Angers, 144 miles south-west of Paris.

UNIQUE SITUATION

FROM PAGE ONE

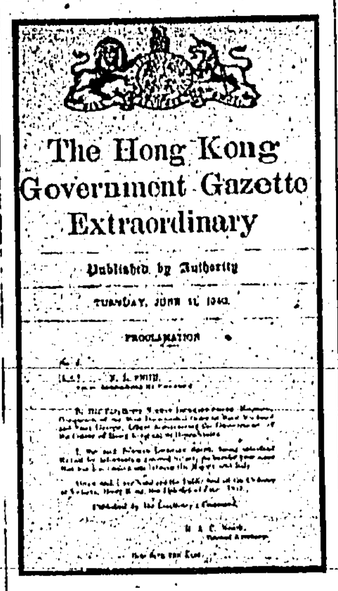
Cortese, to the Foreign Office and in pursuance of the spirit of the Japanese representations made to the belligerent Powers on September 5, last year, at the outbreak of the European war, requested the Italian Government to pay serious consideration to the elimination of causes for bringing about untoward incidents between the belligerent Powers in China and also between them and Japan.

"Similar representations have been referred to the British Ambassador, Sir Robert Craigie, and the French Ambassador, M. Arsene Henry.

"Notifications regarding the representations to Great Britain, France and Italy have been made to the Ambassadors of the United States and Germany for reference.

It is understood that the Foreign Minister, Mr. H. Arita, will explain before the Cabinet Council this afternoon the changing international situation following Italy's participation in the war and Japan's attitude towards it.

His Majesty At War With Italy



The Hong Kong Government Gazette Extraordinary

Published by Authority

TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1940.

PROCLAMATION

Singapore's Importance

May Decide Fate of Far East

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In the Far East, Singapore is one of the most important points in the world, declared Professor Denis Saurat, Director of the French Institute, lecturing in London to-day on Anglo-French co-operation in Asia.

He declared that the fate of China would be the fate of India but for the British forces in the Far East.

In Strong Position

Fortunately Singapore was in a very strong position. French experts who had visited the island declared it to be practically impregnable.

Professor Saurat said there was complete unity in Franco-British action in the Far East, including the entente for the defence of Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Malaya.

There were also Java and Sumatra belonging to the Dutch allies and American interest in the Philippine Islands.

Co-operation With French

Stressing French pride in Indo-China, Professor Saurat said that the Allies had agreed to co-operate in its retention.

Turning to China, he said the Japanese were the masters of China in theory and not in practice. There were at present three large dogs fighting in China—Japan, Russia and United States.

Whatever the outcome, Britain and France held the key position not only of the Far East but perhaps of the world.

Future Of Far East

The future of the Far East was for the Allies to decide. There were British interests in China centring at Hongkong and Shanghai, but there were also very strong interests concentrated in Malaya and Singapore.

Not only was this the only road to India but it was also the key to Australia.

But Britain and France must learn the lesson they failed to learn after the last war, not to allow other influences to grow over-strong in the Far East.

"We have all the cards in our hands. Let us play them the right way," he said.

REYNAUD SPEAKS

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—"We are in the sixth day of the greatest battle of our history," said M. Paul Reynaud, the Premier, when broadcasting to the nation to-night.

"The conflagration which began on the Somme has now extended to the east as far the Meuse.

"Our armies have manoeuvred and have not left one strong point without inflicting great losses on the enemy.

"It is at this very moment when France is wounded but valiant and devoted, when she is fighting against German hegemony for its own independence as well as for that of the whole world, that Mussolini has chosen to declare war on us.

Franco Cannot Die

"Great personages, including His Holiness the Pope and President Roosevelt, have tried to avert this extension of the war. But their efforts were in vain.

"And for what reason did Mussolini decide that blood must flow? When at 4.30 p.m. to-day our Ambassador in Rome asked Count Ciano this question, his reply was: 'Mussolini is only carrying out the plans which he has made.'

"Hostilities begin at midnight to-night. France enters this war with a pure conscience. France cannot die."

ITALIANS IN H.K.

Authorities Start To Take Action

Police have not yet arrested Italian residents or seized Italian property in the Colony. It is expected that they will act this afternoon.

As soon as Mussolini's announcement was known in the Colony, officers of the special branch, hastily called from their homes, were sent to Italian business premises. Plans for this action had been made for some time.

Italians "Shadowed"

A number of officers were also sent to watch the homes of Italian residents. Their instructions were that they were not to restrict the movements of enemy subjects, for the moment, but were to keep a close watch on them.

This was partly due to the fact that, until the official gazettal in the Colony that a State of War existed between Great Britain and Italy, there was no authority under which the police could act.

The State of War was proclaimed in a Government Gazette this morning. The Commissioner of Police (Mr. T. H. King) immediately held a conference with senior officers of his department to discuss what action would be taken.

Mr. King told the "Hongkong Telegraph" that there was no announcement that could be made at the moment but that something might be available shortly.

Shipping Offices Taken Over

Since early this morning, officers of the special branch have taken over the premises of the Lloyd Triestino line, in Queen's building. Officers stationed at the door closely question all visitors and refuse to give any information. They are keeping a special watch on documents in the offices.

Other Italian business offices are believed to be under similar guard, but police will not divulge how many firms or private residents are affected.

Priests Unaffected

It is understood that the Italian priests in the Colony will not be affected by any action taken. Except for clerks, there are less than 16 Italian residents in the colony.

Police officers were also stationed this morning at the Italian Consulate-General. No callers were allowed to enter the offices where police were closeted with the Italian Consulate staff.

It is not known yet to which neutral consulate the Italian Consul General (Marquis G. Pagano de Mellot) will hand over the affairs and documents of his consulate.

Police are also silent on the movements of the Consulate staff who are expected to leave the Colony. It is not known where they will go nor how many will be included in the consulate party.

Opened As Usual

The office of the Lloyd Triestino Line in Queen's Building was open as usual in the morning and a customer was being attended to by a European member of the firm when two European officers of the Special Branch accompanied by others entered at 9.40 a.m. and began to question the official. Another European assistant arrived a few minutes later and joined the party carrying out the investigation.

French Consul Silent

The French Vice-Consul, M. Renner, declined to comment on the latest developments. "I have no information to add to what has already appeared in the morning papers," he said.

Police Take Action

An official Police announcement was issued this morning concerning the position of Italians in Hongkong, consequent upon Mussolini's declaration of war against the Allies.

It was stated: "Similar steps are being taken with regard to Italians as were taken in the case of Germans in September, 1939. In cases where internment is not ordered, measures for restriction of movement are being imposed. At the present moment, no women are being interned."

London Round-Up

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—Within an hour of Mussolini's speech a great round-up of All Italians commenced in the London area.

ALL AVAILABLE BRITISH FORCES FOR FRANCE

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—The Ministry of Information announces:

"Despite the imminent danger of a German invasion of the United Kingdom, the British Government and the British nation are of the unanimous opinion that all their available forces should be directed without delay to the scene of battle."

British Troops Leave

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—It is realised that the fate, not only of Britain and France but of the whole world, depends upon the heroic struggle of the French armies against Hitler's barbarous hordes," says a Ministry of Information statement to-night in connection with the decision to send all available British forces to France.

Important contingents of new troops have already embarked for France to reinforce the British forces already fighting side by side with the French Army.

The British Fleet is still shelling German troops along the coast.

J. ULLMANN & CO.

Established 1860

LIFETIME WATCH

SELFWINDING

WATERPROOF

STAINLESS STEEL

SHOCK RESISTING

ANTIMAGNETIC

$75.—

THE MEN'S WRIST WATCH OF QUALITY

SWITZERLAND'S BEST

J. ULLMANN & CO.

Chater Road

Library, Supreme Court

MAGAZINE PAGE

How Much Do You Give Your Wife?

SPOTLIGHT ON SOME FAMILY BUDGETS

THE question, "How much do you give your wife?" depends on the question, "How many bills do you let her settle?"

Take housekeeping money. Wife buys the food, the cleaning materials. All right. But does she pay for the heating? What about the odd chemists' bills? Flowers?

So before we tackle this question let us consider the whole question of who pays what and how you spend your money.

There are two ways of handling your income. Ninety-nine per cent. of the men seem to do it the wrong way.

★

THE RIGHT WAY. You can add together your war tax, rent, rates, clubs, insurance and any other big bills—in fact, all the bills which come in quarterly or less frequently—divide the answer by twelve, and religiously put aside this sum of money every month.

This way you may have to do without cigarettes or the cinema at the end of the month. But you do not lose a single night's sleep through worry. You don't have to trouble when those little buff envelopes arrive and hide them behind the clock.

THE WRONG WAY. Regulate your own expenditure at roughly the level of that of your friends. Allow your wife as little as you can settle for (because she'll certainly overspend it), pay the household bills promptly when they come in, and put aside whatever is left over. Then when the big bills come in you'll find you haven't enough, so you have to mobilise that $200 you were keeping to have a holiday.

★

HERE are five typical family systems. See where you fit in.

Scheme 1. The man hands his entire income over to his wife, who gives him back some pocket money.

Scheme 2. Husband gives his wife a dress allowance and pays all other bills himself.

Scheme 3. Husband gives wife a dress allowance *and* a house-keeping allowance, and pays all the big bills himself (if he can).

Scheme 4. Husband gives wife an allowance and *gives himself a definite allowance*, instead of just putting his hand in his pocket whenever he wants something. Banks the rest of the income—a definite sum at the beginning of the month. But no effort is made to reckon whether this sum will prove adequate on quarter day.

Scheme 5. The honour system, or total muddle.—Put all the money in the bank, and husband and wife each draw cheques when they like, relying on one another not to overdo it.

★

NOW when it comes to making your wife an allowance remember these four points:

Twenty to 25 per cent. of the housekeeping money may go on something you can't see—cleaning (including laundry). It seems irritating spending money just to stay the same, but that's how it goes.

Clothes mean more to a woman than just coverings to keep out the cold. A good deal of the money she spends on them really ought to go down on your budget under Entertainment.

Women are usually reasonably businesslike about immediate expenditure. Few of them can look more than a week or two ahead. Quarterly bills catch them unprepared. Half-yearly bills floor them.

Women invariably embezzle. Your wife will without a qualm borrow money from the housekeeping account to enable her to get that heavenly little hat that's so cheap.

Women are born optimists. If your wife gives you an estimate of what she needs for clothes, remember that what she means is: "This is the lowest possible sum for which, by the greatest luck, and if I get everything at a sale, I *might* be able to dress myself."

Take a look at your wife. Base your budget on her character. Then let her make her mistakes her own way.

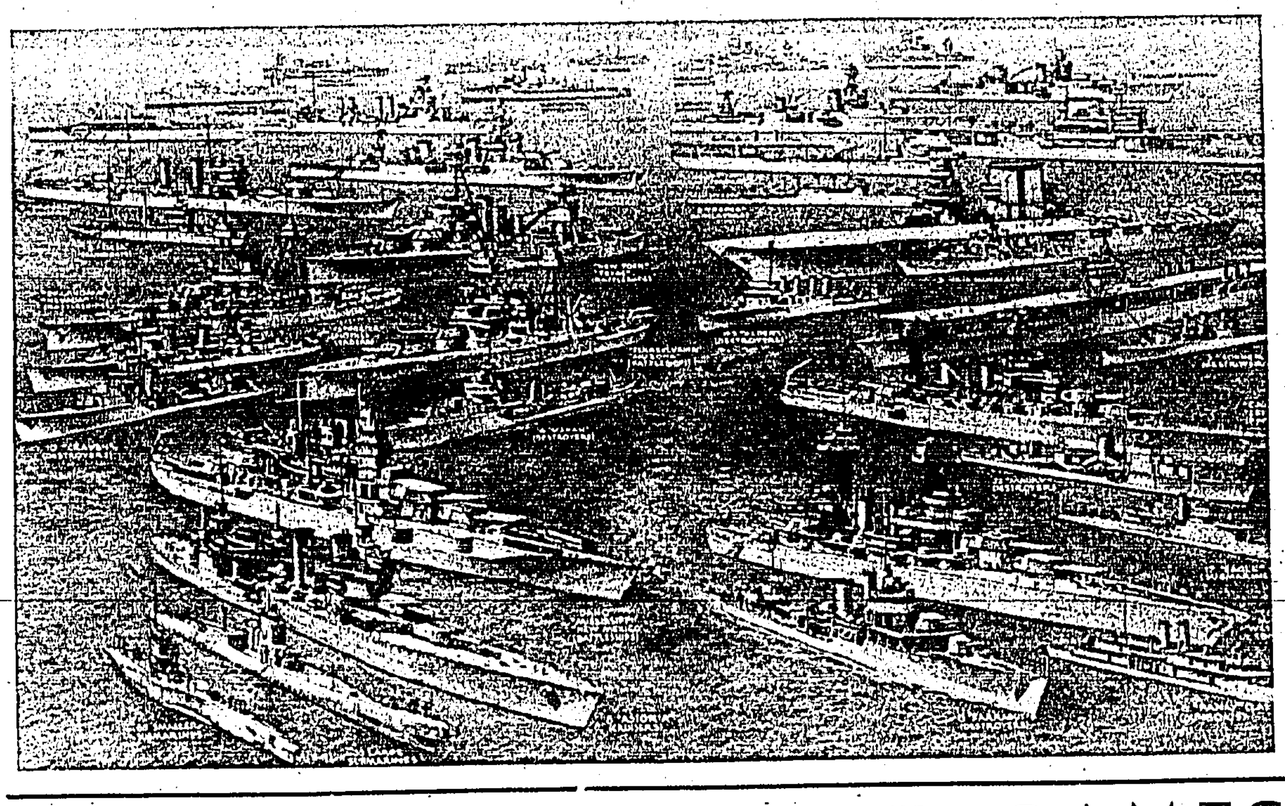
If she has no head for figures, she'll let you do the job and flatter you about your "reliability."

If she's the determined sort she'll probably settle how you spend your income, anyway.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty

"I don't like repeating myself, dear—what did I say was the matter with you the last time Aunt Minnie wanted to visit us?"

NAVIES OF THE GREAT POWERS - 3.....AMERICA



THE FIRST V. C.

The first V.C. of the war was awarded last week to Capt. Warburton Lee, R.N., for his exploit at Narvik.

One thousand one hundred and fifty-seven men have received the Victoria Cross, so far. Two of these were given a bar as well—Lieutenant Arthur Martin-Leake and Captain N. G. Chavasse, both of the R.A.M.C.

Lieutenant Martin-Leake won the V.C. in 1902, the bar in 1915. Captain Chavasse won the V.C. in 1916, the bar in 1917.

There have been two cases of father and son winning the medal—Lord Roberts in 1858, his son in 1900; Captain Walter Congreve in 1900, his son in 1916.

★

The scope of the award was increased in 1911 to include Indian troops.

In 1920 women became eligible for the Victoria Cross.

Nurses of all kinds can now receive this award, and civilians of either sex regularly or temporarily "under the orders, direction, or supervision of naval, military or Air Forces of the Empire."

The first V. C. was Midshipman C. D. Lucas, who picked up a shell on the deck of a warship and flung it overboard. That was on June 20, 1854.

The youngest V.C. was John Travers Cornwell, sixteen years old, at the battle of Jutland. The award was made posthumously for "staying at his post on the Chester, in spite of being mortally wounded, until the end of the action."

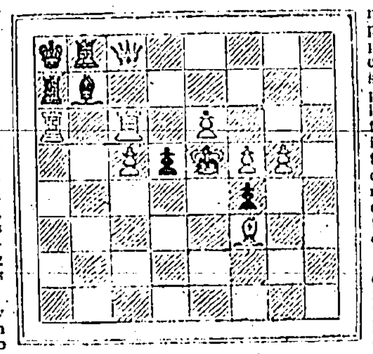
The V.C. is worn before any other decorations.

It entitles a man below the ranks of commissioned officer to £10 a year, with £5 a year extra for a bar.

The intrinsic value of the cross is threepence.

CHESS—the KING OF GAMES

CHESS has been called "The King of Games and the Game of Kings." Both in the East and in the West it has had innumerable Royal devotees to whom it was unsafe to say "Checkmate," which means "the King is dead." From the Eleventh Century onwards, when it was introduced into Europe from the East, probably by returned Crusaders, it was the favourite game of the nobility. Indeed, as you find in the mediaeval romances, a knowledge of chess was taken as sufficient proof of noble birth. To-day, for the first time in its long and distinguished history, it has become a democratic diversion.



It is not easy to estimate how many chess-players there are in the world. In the introduction to one of his excellent treatises on its strategy and tactics, Dr. Lasker, a former world's champion, who has given exhibitions of his profound artistry in every civilised country, estimated the number of players requiring odds of a Queen from any master at 1,000,000. Fifty thousand would be content with a Rook, 20,000 with a Knight, 5,000 with Pawn and Move, and 1,000 could play on equal terms without, however, having more than a forlorn hope of victory. He did not take into consideration the vast multitude of mere "wood-shifters," who know little more than the moves.

* * *

The player without experience of club-play often has a grossly exaggerated idea of his strength. I remember one of these private prodigies telling me that he had never been beaten—and I was able to place him at once, just as "W. G." knew that the batsman who said he had never been bowled for a blob should be No. 11 on the order of going in, no lower place being available. A village tyro, who would beat his cronies, was persuaded to take part in one of Blackwood's exhibitions of simultaneous play. He was soon mopped up, but when asked to describe his experiences proudly explained: "But I chocked (checked) him, and he had to move his King!". Never miss a check!—he had got as far as that fallacious maxim.

Since Lasker's estimate was published the chess-playing population of the world has vastly increased. During the War a very large number of young men found that chess was an antidote to every kind of anxiety. In a letter from the Western Front a friend told me that he could forget everything when engaged in a skittle game. "When I put the bits back in the box," he added, "it seems to me that we have a symbol of death and the life to follow. Like them, we'll be taken out and set up again on the board of life some day."

* * *

When peace broke out, the love of chess spread, new clubs were formed and old ones increased their membership. More than a hundred matches are now played in London during a single week, and the number of club members there and in the provincial cities and towns must run far into five figures, perhaps into six. For every club player there must be ten who are content to play at home, trying to solve problems and studying the published games of masters, if they know the notation. There may be three-quarters of a million players in England. It is for the benefit of the isolated students that I give a clever two-mover which seemed to me and other experienced disciples of Caissa without any solution—till the catch in the position was disclosed.

In Continental countries every other person can play chess, which is often taught in the schools. A tournament was recently held in Russia, for which there were 700,000 entries, and a vigorous chess propaganda is being carried on in the United States, which has already produced a number of brilliant young artists capable of winning international tournaments. I should say there are now between 20,000,000 and 30,000,000 chess players in the world, and each year will see an increase in quality as well as quantity.

The reasons why chess is becoming one of the universal games are not far to seek. In the first place, it satisfies the innate artistic instinct which find no scope in mechanical or monotonous occupations. Secondly, it is a cure for worry—you can think of nothing else when involved in a position full of exciting possibilities.

The humblest novice gets as many thrills out of his artless effort as the "great master" does out of a game which ends in a blaze of sacrificial splendour. Providence seems to collaborate with the former. I well remember an old gentleman at a provincial club who had won several absurd skittle games from an even weaker opponent saying with deep satisfaction: "The pieces have been droppin' very well for me to-night." An example of the unconscious humour which is often noticed in chess resorts, especially those where what a British champion calls "cafe chess," can be seen in full effervescence.

* * *

Thus, the less an onlooker knows about it all the more ready he is to tell you just where you missed a win. Hence Blackburne's satirical saying, "It's not the filthy lucre I object to so much as the filthy looker-on." It is entertaining to hear regular opponents at skittles indict one another for thinking over a move too long. "Wake me up when he moves," says one of them to a spectator, and the other gets his own back by asking, "Is this bed-and-breakfast chess?" Even more amusing is the frequent excuse of the loser of a bout of conversational chess, "You talked me out of the game."

When you have learnt to comprehend the characteristic style of a super-master—the profundity of Lasker, the subtle simplicity of "Capa," the mystic vision of Alekhine, the reasonableness of Euwe—you see that chess is a personal art. And, sometimes by taking thought but more often by happy accident, you yourself may make a picture on the board and collaborate in a game the record of which will be studied a thousand years hence.

CLEARANCE, 1 WEEK ONLY

Special Offer in Cotton House Dresses

at

$5.00

$7.50

and $10.00 each

(worth double)

A limited selection only

2 ONLY IN LARGE SIZES

To be Cleared at $2.50 each

Call Early

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

PARLOPHONE

RADIO'S FAVOURITE ORCHESTRA MASCOTTE (Waltzes)

R 2403	Waltzes of the world	Potpourri.
R 2472	After the Ball	Songs d'Automne.
R 2512	Song of Hawaii	Dream waltz.
R 2521	Cavalier	Once on the Rhine.
R 2561	Women of Vienna	You and you.
R 2578	Artists life	Vienna Bonbons.
R 2642	Voice of spring	Autumn murmurs.
R 2650	Acceleration	Budapest.
R 2671	Caresses	Blue like a cornflower.
R 2682	Tidings of spring	Valse Basque.
R 2691	Amphitryon	You will never know.
R 2433	Vienna citizen	Indian summer.
R 2300	Music of the Spheres	My lucky day.
R 2312	Waltz of the dolls	Exultation.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY

MARINA HOUSE 19 QUEEN'S ROAD C. PHONE 24648

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

HONGKONG to SINGAPORE direct

First Week In July

HONGKONG to SAN FRANCISCO direct

Last Week In June

★ ★ AMERICAN ★ ★

PRESIDENT LINES

"ROUND-WORLD SERVICE"

AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR AND UNITED AIR LINES.

13 Pedder Street Telephone 28171.

The STORY OF OUR PREMIER

During ten years of exile, from 1929 until 1939, Churchill saw men in office who were far less able than he. For Ramsay MacDonald as Nationalist Prime Minister he had nothing but contempt.

"He has", he said, "more than any other man the gift of compressing the largest amount of words into the smallest amount of thought."

Towards Stanley Baldwin his attitude was polite but regretful. "He used to be wiser," he told the House in 1935. "He used frequently to take my advice."

As for Mr. Chamberlain, Churchill has been known in private life to wring his hands in despair over the feeble policies of "that undertaker from Birmingham."

One of his gibes in the House cannot exactly have improved the situation. Malcolm MacDonald, the Colonial Secretary, had occasion to remark in the course of a speech, "I cannot remember the time when I was not told stories about Bethlehem, where the Prince of Peace was born." Churchill turned to his neighbour. "I thought," he said, "it was Birmingham."

* * *

WINSTON CHURCHILL was born on November 30, 1874, in Dublin where his father, Lord Randolph Churchill, was secretary to his father, the Duke of Marlborough, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from 1876.

Lord Randolph Churchill was a brilliant parliamentarian, who later distinguished himself in many offices, but chiefly as Chancellor of the Exchequer.

It is one of the great regrets of Winston Churchill that he never really got to know his father intimately since he was nearly always occupied with public affairs, and had little time to devote to his family.

Deep Affection For Mother

On the other hand, he had a deep affection for his mother, an American lady, who was one of the outstanding society figures of her day. It was from her that Winston Churchill acquired that cosmopolitan outlook which has characterised his later life.

It was to his nurse, however, Mrs. Everest that he owed the happiness of his childhood. She was his confidente and constant companion. His friendship for her, like most of his friendships was deep and lasting, continuing up to her death.

At the age of seven he was despatched to St. James preparatory school, one that modelled itself on Eton, and it was here he acquired that distaste for study which lasted for a considerable time.

In fact like Bernard Shaw, he now might very well say "I had a very good education, but it was interrupted while I attended school."

He hated mathematics and Latin and, as a consequence, found it difficult when the time came to pass the entrance examination into Harrow.

However, he did succeed, but never advanced beyond the third form, because of his weakness in the classics and mathematics.

Good Working Arrangement!

He had a good working arrangement with a boy in the sixth form, he says, who construed his Latin for him in return for an English essay each week; a subject in which the senior boy was very weak.

This arrangement worked very well until one day the headmaster summoned the sixth form boy to congratulate him on his excellent essay, which he proceeded to discuss. The youth did not know what the headmaster was talking about and was dismissed with the comment that he was obviously better with his pen than with his tongue.

From Harrow, he just succeeded in getting into Sandhurst where his education really began. Here he found congenial subjects, mastered them quickly and soon advanced to a very high position in his year.

When he had completed his military course at Sandhurst, he found that the Spanish war in Cuba in 1895 was the only fighting going on at this time and, as he very much wanted to see what real war was like, he obtained permission to accompany the Spanish troops. It was a leisurely compaign in which nothing very serious happened and which obviously was going to take a long time to bring to a conclusion, so he returned to England after having had his baptism of fire.

Gazetted to 4th Hussars

He had been gazetted to the 4th Hussars, a cavalry regiment, and proceeded to Bangalore in India. Here he continued his studies through the books his mother despatched to him. He read the best of English literature, philosophy and history, and never relaxed his efforts to make himself a master of English phrase, but, of course, he was not a bookworm, far from it; owing to his amazing energy, he was seldom fatigued, and was therefore able to spend a good deal of time playing polo, a game, of which he was passionately fond, and at which he was an adept.

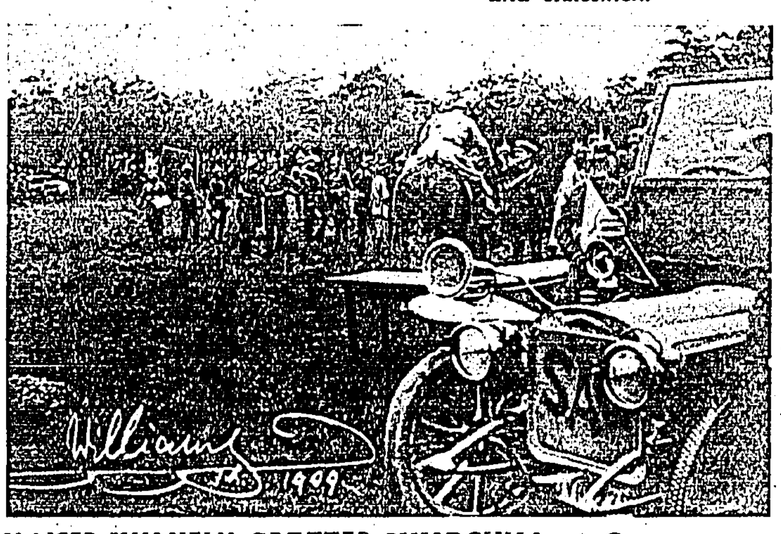
He accompanied the Malakand Field Force and took part in the Tirah campaign on the north west frontier.

About the former he wrote an excellent book which won the commendation of Lord Salisbury and the approval of all the critics.

After considerable difficulty he managed to get a commission which enabled him to join Kitchener's army, in the Sudan which at that time was dealing with the Dervishes.

At the battle of Omdurman he took part in the famous cavalry charge which he describes in that vivid manner which naturally followed from his mastery of English and his actual experiences in the charge.

CHURCHILL'S ILLUSTRIOUS ANCESTOR, the Duke of Marlborough, victor of Blenheim (1704), was England's greatest general. His family has given England countless soldiers and statesmen.



KAISER WILHELM GREETED CHURCHILL at German army manoeuvres in 1909. Churchill was a Cabinet member. The Kaiser signed the picture with the Anglicized version of his name which he liked to affect with English visitors.

His Experience With Kitchener

"Nothing like the Battle of Omdurman," he says, "will ever be seen again. It was the last link in the long chain of those spectacular conflicts whose vivid and majestic splendour has done much to invest war with glamour. Everything was visible to the naked eye. The armies marched and manoeuvred on the crisp surface of the desert plain through which the Nile wandered in broad reaches, now steel, now brass. Cavalry charged at full gallop in close order, and infantry or spearmen stood upright ranged in lines or masses to resist them. From the rocky hills which here and there flanked the great river the whole scene lay revealed in minute detail, curiously twisted, blurred and interspersed with phantom waters by the mirage.

"The collision was now very near. I saw immediately before me, not ten yards away, the two blue men who lay in my path. They were perhaps a couple of yards apart. I rode at the interval between them.

"They both fired. I passed through the smoke conscious that I was unhurt.

"The trooper immediately behind me was killed at this place and at this moment, whether by these shots or not I do not know.

"I checked my pony as the ground began to fall away beneath his feet. The clever animal dropped like a cat four or five feet down on the sandy bed of the watercourse, and in this sandy bed I found myself surrounded by what seemed to be dozens of men. They were not thickly packed enough at this point for me to experience any actual collision with them.

"Whereas Grenfell's troops next but one on my left was brought to a complete standstill and suffered very heavy losses, we seemed to push our way through as one has sometimes seen mounted policemen break up a crowd.

"In less time than it takes to relate, my pony had scrambled up the other side of the ditch."

Saved Life of Brother Officer

He was mentioned in despatches for saving the life of a brother officer on the north west of India and also for his courage in the battle of Omdurman.

It was after this battle when he was returning up the Nile enjoying the peace that follows victory that an Irish doctor claimed a portion of his skin to cover the wound of a soldier whose life depended on such a sacrifice. He cheerfully went through the ordeal which, he said, was like being skinned alive and to this day he bears the scars, but he helped to save the soldier's life.

In 1899, he entered politics, but was defeated as a Conservative in his first election at Oldham.

Boer War Correspondent

The Boer war broke out, and he promptly went out as a war correspondent for the "Morning Post" at a salary of £250 per month with expenses paid.

Just before he embarked for South Africa, several cases of the finest champagne were presented at a farewell dinner to his friend Lord Gerrard, who was told that he had to share them with him. In order to make sure that there would be no delay at the base, he labelled them "Castor Oil." When he and Lord Gerrard had been at Durban some days they sent a telegram of enquiry only to be told that, owing to shortage of supplies, the castor oil had been distributed among the base hospitals, but fresh supplies of the medicine had now arrived and would be despatched in due course to take the place of that which had been appropriated.

In Natal he joined an armoured train which was making a reconnaissance into the country and which was ambushed by the Boers. He worked valiantly under fire for two hours to remove the wrecked wagons, and succeeded, but instead of proceeding with the "engine to safety" he remained with the company of soldiers, and afterwards was confronted by a Boer on horse back who levelled his gun at him. As he had no weapon of any sort upon him he had to surrender. His captor was none other than General Louis Botha who afterwards became one of his greatest friends. This is what he says about him in his autobiography:—

"In 1913, when he, General Botha, returned from a visit to Germany where he had been taking the waters for a cure, he warned me most earnestly of the dangerous mood prevailing there. 'Mind you are ready' he said. 'Do not trust those people. I know they are very dangerous. They mean you mischief. I hear things you would not hear. Mind you have all your ships ready. I can feel that there is danger in the air. And what is more,' he added, 'when the day comes, I am going to be ready too. When they attack you, I am going to attack German South West Africa and clear them out once and for all. I will be there to do my duty when the time comes. But you, with the Navy, mind you are not caught by surprise.'"

Again later in 1919, he writes: "Many high personages visited me at the War Office, but there was only one whom I myself conducted down the great staircase and put with my own hands into his waiting car, and that was Louis Botha."

Escape from Internment

Winston Churchill has always had a great capacity for making friends and keeping them.

As a prisoner then he was interned in a camp in Pretoria, but, of course, loss of liberty merely stimulated his power of invention and so he escaped by literally walking past the sentry after climbing a fence.

He boarded trains by night and finally arrived exhausted at a house which, by luck, was owned by an Englishman, who hid him in a coal mine for three days and then smuggled him into another goods train which carried him into Portuguese East Africa.

This exploit made him the most discussed person in Africa and England, and paved the way for his success in a second attempt to enter Parliament for Oldham after the war was over.

In 1908, he married the daughter of Sir H. M. Hozier, a colonel of Dragoons, and their wedding was the outstanding event of the 1908 London season.

Like so many episodes of Winston Churchill's career, his wedding did not pass without stormy incident. A score of militant suffragettes, agitating for the vote, chained themselves to the railings of the church while the marriage was being solemnised.

As the Conservative Party was committed to Tariff Reform, he went over to the Liberal Party and won a seat by a good majority in the election in North West Manchester. He was made President of the Board of Trade, and in 1910 Home Secretary, in which capacity, remembering his own miserable experience as a prisoner in South Africa, he did a great deal to improve prison life in England, by providing literature, and entertainment to relieve the deadly monotony which weighed so heavily upon the more intelligent prisoners.

His Work at The Admiralty

In 1911, he was made First Lord of the Admiralty and it was due to his untiring exertions in the office that the fleet was ready for its great task in 1914, and was able to bring about the final and complete surrender of the whole German Fleet at Scapa Flow in 1918.

He sponsored the naval expedition to Antwerp and, as he said, and, as many German experts admitted, he delayed the capture of the city by five days and so saved Calais. In spite of that, however, a section of the Cabinet disapproved of this expedition.

Again later he conceived that idea of forcing the Dardanelles, but the Expeditionary force had finally to be withdrawn. The enterprise failed not because, as some have claimed, the idea was wrong, but because those responsible for executing it failed to act on the scale he had recommended.

Introduces the tank

He resigned his office and proceeded to France, from which place he urged the introduction of the new weapon—the tank which was to play such an important part in the war.

He was recalled to England by Mr. Lloyd George now Prime Minister, who made him Minister of Munitions and later Secretary for War and for the Air.

Later, in 1924, he became Chancellor of the Exchequer, a post he held with conspicuous success till the government was defeated in 1928.

As a speaker and debator, Winston Churchill has no equal in the House of Commons.

When Joynson Hicks was defending a certain measure and Winston Churchill was disagreeing with him by shaking his head, Joynson Hicks said: "but I am only expressing my own opinion." "And I," said Winston Churchill, "am only wagging my own head."

When Wedgewood Benn lost his temper at some remark Winston Churchill had made, he said "The Honourable member should not generate more anger than he can contain."

And he can also be incisive as for example when he said "When the Honourable member is about to get up to address the House, he doesn't know what he is going to say, when he is standing up he does not know what he is saying and when he sits down, he doesn't know what he has said."

CHURCHILL WAS CAPTURED by Boers during the Boer War when they derailed a British troop train. He was taken to Pretoria as a prisoner (above), but escaped alone over a prison wall. He was then a war correspondent at £250 month.

His Warnings went heedless

Since 1933, Winston Churchill repeatedly drew attention to the secret rearmament of Germany about which he seemed to get information from very special sources. It was largely owing to his warnings that the nation finally woke up to the danger and began to put its house in order.

When the present war broke out, he was invited by the Prime Minister to assume the post of First Lord of the Admiralty, the same office he held in the beginning of the last war, and in that capacity he backed up the Navy in its grim silent struggle to overcome the U-boat menace.

Outside politics, Mr. Churchill's interests are mainly in the literary field in which he has achieved considerable fame, especially with his outstanding work: "The Life of Marlborough" and "The World Crisis."

At an earlier date, he wrote novels but found that he had a namesake in the United States, who was doing exactly the same thing, so he wrote a letter to him saying that in future to avoid confusion he proposed to call himself Winston Spencer Churchill.

As recreations he has two main hobbies, painting in water colours and brick-laying, his skill in which was recognised by the Bricklayers Union which enrolled him as a member.

It is against Mr. Churchill that the German direct their most violent attacks, because they fear him most.

Commentary on modern war

Yet on reading his autobiography and his thoughts and adventures it is difficult to see why it should be so.

This is his commentary on modern war:

"The obliteration of the personal factor in war, the stripping from high commanders of all the drama of the battlefield, the reducing of their highest function to pure office work, will have profound effects upon sentiment and opinion.

"Hitherto the great captain has been right revered as the genius who by the firmness of his character, and by the mysterious harmonies and inspirations of his nature could rule the storm.

"He did it himself; and no one else could do it so well. He conquered there and then. Often he fell beneath the bolts and the balls, saviour of his native land.

"Now, however, illogical as it may seem and even unjust, his glamour and honours will not readily descend upon our calculating friend at the telephone."

"This worthy must assuredly be rewarded as a useful citizen, and a faithful perspicacious public servant; but not as a hero.

"The heroes of modern war lie out in the cratered field, mangled, stifled, scarred; and there are too many of them for exceptional honours.

"It is mass suffering, mass sacrifice, mass victory. The glory which plays upon the immense scenes of carnage is diffused.

"No more the blaze of triumph irradiates the helmets of the chiefs. There is only the pale light of a rainy dawn by which forty miles of batteries recommence their fire, and another score of divisions founder to their death in mud and poison gas."

His philosophy with regard to war is best expressed in his own words:

"In war resolution, in defeat defiance, in victory magnanimity, in peace goodwill," and lastly with regard to his religious views here again are his own words: "Many centuries were to pass before the God that spake in the Burning Bush was to manifest Himself in a new revelation, which nevertheless was the oldest of all the inspirations of the Hebrew people—as the God not only of Israel, but of all mankind who wished to serve Him; a God not only of justice, but of mercy; a God not only of self-preservation and survival, but of pity; self-sacrifice and ineffable love.

"Let the men of science and of learning expand their knowledge and probe with their researches every detail of the records which have been preserved to us from these dim ages. All they will do is to fortify the grand simplicity and essential accuracy of the recorded truths which have lighted so far the pilgrimage of man."

HOW TO RALLY AFTER ILLNESS

It's an uphill business getting your strength back after serious illness or operation. There's only one thing that can help you—nourishment, plenty of it. But your stomach is as weak as your legs and you hate the thought and sight of food.

Doctors save the situation time and again by giving the convalescent patient Horlicks. It is food in a form which places no strain on the exhausted digestion—and its pleasant flavour restores the jaded appetite. Horlicks is a complete balanced food, containing all the elements needed for filling out the wasted body with healthy flesh and repairing tattered nerves.

Thousands of people owe their quick recovery to the abundant vitality and energy that Horlicks has poured into their veins. Get Horlicks from your store to-day. Always keep a supply in the house. (3)

BANKS

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853

Paid-up Capital £3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £3,000,000
Reserve Fund £3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.
38 Bishopsgate, E.C.1.
Sub-Agencies in London:
117/127, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3.
West End Branch:
16/18, Cockspur Street, S.W.1.
Manchester Branch:
52, Mosley Street, Manchester, 2.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Alor Star	Harbin	Rangoon
Amritsar	Hongkong	Saigon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Semarang
Batavia	Hollo	Seremban
Bombay	Karachi	Shanghai
Calcutta	Klang	Singapore
Agencies:	Kobe	Sitiawan
Clive Street	Kuala	Sourabaya
Fairlie Place	Lumpur	Taiping
Canton	Kuching	Tientsin
Cawnpore	Madras	Tongkah
Cebu	Manila	(Phuket)
Colombo	Medan	Tsingtao
Delhi	New York	Yokohama
Haiphong	Peiping (Peking)	
Hamburg	Penang	
Hankow		

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for One Year or shorter periods in Local or Other Currencies at rates which will be quoted on application.

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS also opened in Local Currency and Sterling with interest allowed at rates obtainable on application.

The Bank's Head Office in London undertakes Executor & Trustee business, and claims recovery of British Income Tax overpaid, on terms which may be ascertained at any of its Agencies and Branches.

R. A. CAMIDGE, Manager.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

MISSING!

ONE BRIDEGROOM!

Last seen trailing desperate criminal. If found...dump in nearest ashcan (*The heel!!*) No reward!

His Blushing bride

FOUND! The gayest and most delightfully different hit of the year!

Melvyn DOUGLAS ★ Joan BLONDELL

The AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS

with RUTH DONNELLY CLARENCE KOLB EDWARD BROPHY

Directed by ALEXANDER HALL

Associate Producer EVERETT RISKIN

A Columbia Picture

ALSO THE LATEST BRITISH NEWSREEL

STOCK MARKET REPORT

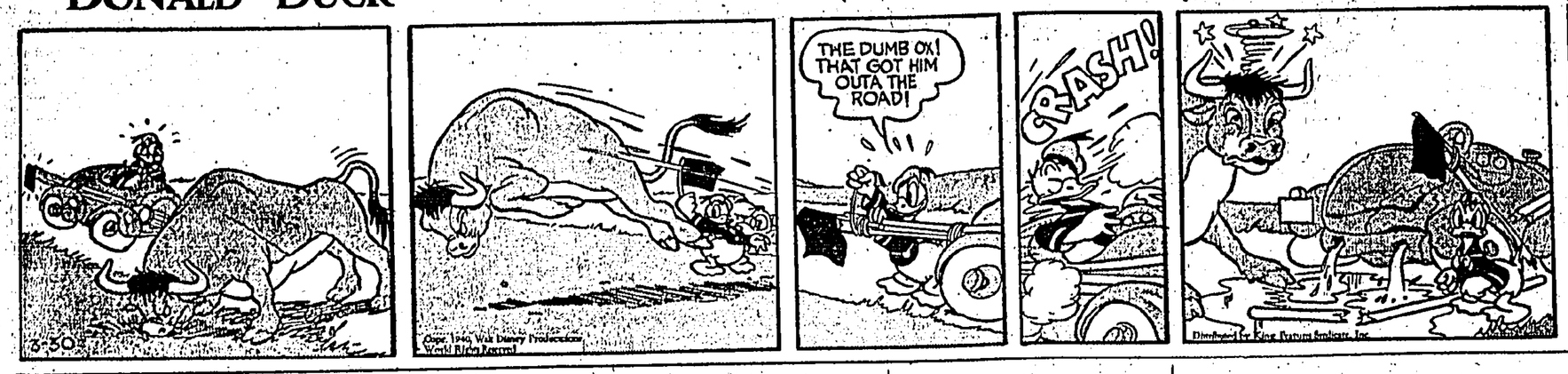
Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:

A better turnover was recorded with business being transacted in H.K. Govt. 4% Loan at 103, H.K. Banks at $1335/40 and Electrics at $68½.

Buyers

H.K. Banks $1,335
Providents $3.60
Trams $16.10
Electrics $68.50

DONALD DUCK By Walt Disney



SPECIAL OFFER
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
1 TIN AYLMER PEARS LARGE SIZE
1 TIN MONUMENT THICK CREAM 6 OZS.
for $1.40
ORDER THEM NOW!
LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.
TEL. 28151

Italian Entry

JOY IN BERLIN

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, June 10 (UP).—Italy's entry into the war is received with undisguised joy.

Exultant military circles claimed that the Allied communications north of the Seine between Paris and Le Havre have been shattered and that the position of the French Army is "hopeless."

Von Ribbentrop, the German Foreign Minister, broadcast an official statement after Mussolini had made his speech.

"The irresistible power of the German and Italian peoples and the unalterable friendship between the two great leaders makes victory certain," he declared.

Hitler sent a telegram to King Victor Emmanuel and Ribbentrop sent one to Ciano.

"Together we shall march to victory," they said.

There are reports here that the Italians have already marched into the French Riviera, but these are doubted.

The German High Command claims that the Germans have advanced along a 210-mile front, overrunning General Weygand's line everywhere.

Military authorities here said German troops are now approaching the lower Marne—threatening the region where the Allies in the World War made their successful last ditch stand.

New Church House

King Performs The Opening Ceremony

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The King, as head of the Church of England, to-day opened the new church house in the Dean's Yard, behind Westminster Abbey.

The King wore his Field-Marshal's uniform, and was accompanied by the Queen.

They were received by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York.

The building cost £55,000.

Church's Mission

The King, in declaring it open, recalled that the foundation stone was laid three years ago by Queen Mary. He said: "I feel confident that the Church will endeavour, in these anxious days, to inspire the people with calmness and courage.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, in welcoming the King said: "We pray your majesties may soon be in the providence of God, rejoice in the victory whereon the salvation of the whole world depends, with the attainment of lasting justice and peace."

FRENCH EAGER FOR FRAY

Near East Forces Well Prepared

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—"Reuter's" special correspondent on the Syrian-Turkish frontier, after touring Syria and Lebanon, wires:

"I saw something of the formidable French forces that are not only waiting but individually almost hoping for action in the Near East. They include, besides French conscript troops, the colourful Spahis and dashing Circasian cavalry.

Arrangements Perfected

"A section of these Circasians form the personal bodyguard of General Eugene Mittelhauser, the French Commander-in-Chief in the Levant.

"The forces are well spread out at different parts of the country. Some are billeted in tiny villages, others are encamped in the rocky mountain ranges. All have been busy since the outbreak of war in perfecting and completing preparations.

"Morale is excellent. As one Parisian told this correspondent, 'We are prepared for anything except perhaps boredom.'"

Islamic Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The New York "Times" war correspondent, Joseph Levy, writing from Cairo, describes the reaction in Cairo to any attack from Italy.

"Any observer with a thorough knowledge of Islamic religious psychology would not hesitate to affirm, that the most modern armaments, tanks, Gestapo and OGPU methods would have a very slight chance against a Moslem religious war because every faithful Mohammedan sincerely and unflinchingly believes that dying for his religion is a sure road to Paradise.

"If Mussolini is well informed about Mohammed and his religion he would think twice before making an air raid on Cairo.

A Great Disappointment

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Cordell Hull, the U.S. Secretary of State, said Italy's entry into the war would prove a great disappointment to peoples everywhere and a great human tragedy.

Allied Naval Power Unbroken

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A "United Press" syndicated article by Admiral Yates Stirling says that with all its great advances in air power, Germany has not demonstrated anything like superiority over naval power. The British and French fleets are still easily able to maintain and blockade Germany; German merchant shipping is still off the seas, and there are some indications too that surface warcraft are improving their ability to resist air attack.

They are keeping closed many lines of transport which, in a long war, may well strangle Germany.

Edgar J. ("Cobber") Kain hailed as the first air ace of the war has been killed in action. A New Zealander, he wore around his neck, attached to his identification tag, a Maori luck charm. "Cobber" is New Zealand slang for "Pal."

"COBBER" KILLED IN ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 10 (UP).—Edgar James "Cobber" Kain, the war's greatest ace, has crashed to a flaming death after sending 40 German planes to destruction in eight months as a combat pilot.

He was 22 years old, 6 feet tall and a famous rugby player. He died on the western front in an accident.

His parents were enroute from New Zealand to attend his wedding to Miss Joyce Phillips, a British actress, next month.

New Zealand's Regret

WELLINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—It was with very deep regret that New Zealand learned of the death of "Cobber" Kain, the first R.A.F. pilot to win distinction in France.

He has been killed on active service in an air accident.

"Cobber," who was 22 years of age, was a native of Wellington.

Mr. Peter Fraser, the Prime Minister of New Zealand, to-day paid deep tribute to the young ace whose death, he said, has caused the deepest sorrow throughout the Dominion.

BRITAIN READY

Italy's Threat Will Be Answered

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Ministry of Information states that the preparations of the Allied Government regarding Italy are complete and that they will know how to meet sword with sword.

In the struggle between civilisation and the pagan hordes of Germany, the Fascist Government have waited to intervene at a moment of embarassment for the Allies.

It is hoped by this unchivalrous and cowardly policy to secure for Italy such plunder as Germany will graciously permit her to have.

Contempt Of The World

But what the Italians will in fact experience is the contempt of the world and the armed might of the two Empires which Italy has wantonly attacked.

This is to be a long war and it will be fought on land and in the air with vast resources at the disposal of the Allies. It will be fought until the German menace is lifted from Europe.

There is no hope, therefore, of Italy obtaining great successes in a short while and at little cost.

She will be called upon for great sacrifices to Germany's advantage.

Decision Discounted

The Allied Governments, for some time have discounted Italy's decision.

The Balkan people will have noted Mussolini's reassuring words in their regard.

The axis Powers have been prodigal of such assurance as Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium and Luxemburg have learnt to their cost.

Canada Declares War

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Commons has unanimously voted a declaration of war against Italy.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Mackenzie King moved the resolution, declaring it expedient that the Canadian Government should declare a state of war against Italy on behalf of the people of Canada.

Mr. Hanson, Leader of the Opposition, seconded the resolution.

Know Where We Stand

In moving the resolution, Mr. Mackenzie King said that knowing where Italy stands has freed the hands of Britain and France for more vigorous action.

Mr. Mackenzie King added: "While the Allied world breathes hard, it may truly be said that it breathes more easily. During the past several months, Mussolini was like a carrion bird of prey.

"We cannot stand idly by in face of this new threat to democracy."

The Senate subsequently approved the war resolution and then adjourned.

Italy's Vulnerability

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Hugh Dalton, Minister of Economic Warfare, in an interview, stated that Italy is most vulnerable to economic blockade.

She is dependent on outside sources for almost every important war material—oil, metals, rubber, iron ore and coal. She cannot last long.

Once her present stocks are exhausted, she will become a grave economic liability to Hitler.

Girl On Pillion Gives Evidence

Decision was reserved by the Magistrate, Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen, in the case in which L. Gibson was charged at Kowloon Court this afternoon with driving his motor-cycle at a speed dangerous to the public.

The court case was a sequel to a collision between a motor cycle and a Chinese pedestrian at the junction of Waterloo and Prince Edward Roads on May 6.

Giving evidence this morning for the defence Miss Betty Aslett, who was on the pillion of the cycle when the accident occurred, said the motor cycle was turning into Waterloo Road from Prince Edward Road when she saw a Chinese male crossing the road. The man appeared to hesitate and Gibson swerved to avoid him.

"As we were about to pass him he suddenly ran back and collided with the motor cycle," said witness.

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In the next three months the Ministry of Food will take over the whole cure of herrings from the principal Scottish shipping ports.

GALLANT R.A.F.

Not Counting Cost In Ceaseless Action

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communique issued to-day declares that the Air Force is continuing energetic action in the great battle with gallantry and an admirable spirit.

The crews are doing everything possible without counting the cost.

Wonderful Achievements

The communique adds that over 75 tons of explosives were dropped on the enemy marching columns and tons of explosives were dropped on tanks while several bridges over the Oise have been destroyed.

Over 30 enemy machines were brought down. One of our group pursuit planes obtained 12 victories without a single loss of life.

Extensive Bombing

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—An Air Ministry communique says that in the last 24 hours, medium and heavy bombers of the R.A.F. actively attacked the enemy's lines of communication immediately behind the fighting fronts.

Armed vehicles, mechanical and transport columns and troop concentrations were also heavily bombed in the Abbeville, Amiens, Beauvais and Rouen areas.

Every crossing on the Somme, Aisne and Oise was repeatedly attacked during the night and serious damage was caused to ammunition dumps and supplies.

Other formations bombed a large number of military objectives in Rhenish Prussia and the Ruhr.

Four of our aircraft are missing.

The squadrons of R.A.F. in France have been further reinforced.

King Carol's Anniversary

Britain's Sovereign Sends Message

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—His Majesty the King has sent a message to King Carol of Rumania congratulating him on the tenth anniversary of his accession to the throne.

"I have watched with respect and admiration the efforts you have been making to preserve the independence and neutrality of Rumania and I wish you continued success," said the message.

"It is my earnest hope that Rumania may be spared the horrors of war."

Growing Collaboration

His Majesty the King also refers to the growing collaboration between the Balkan countries and their determination to resist aggression from any quarter.

"This entity of purpose is of supreme value at the present time."

His Majesty also expressed complete confidence in the outcome of the struggle and says; "We are bearing a very heavy burden in our fight for the liberties of mankind but we have never entertained the slightest doubt that we shall achieve a victory which will enable the peoples on this continent to enjoy the peace of justice and freedom."

PARIS IN STATE OF DEFENCE

PARIS, June 10 (Reuter).—The French capital was placed in a state of defence to-day.

The permanent staffs of the Ministries evacuated on Sunday and to-day they went to the provinces.

The heads of the Government will remain here.

The outskirts of Paris were heavily bombed on Sunday night, particularly the rail heads.

HITLER BECOMES PIOUS

BERLIN, June 10 (Reuter).—Hitler has telegraphed the King of Italy the following message:

"Providence has willed that against our intentions we are compelled to defend the freedom and future of our peoples in the struggle against Britain and France.

"In this historic moment, we are sure that we shall win and then the vital rights of our two nations will be secure for all time."

I want to tell you about..

THE NEW FEATURES OF THE KOTEX PAD

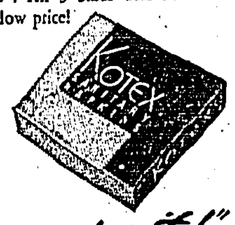
THE KOTEX LABORATORY has developed an improved type of moisture-resistant material . . . made specially for Kotex sanitary napkins. And a protective panel of this material is now placed between the soft folds of every Kotex pad! . . . So remember this new Kotex feature—all you who believe in "Safety First"! Remember, too, all the other advantages Kotex has to offer . . .

Many a time—you'll be thankful Kotex doesn't make "tell-tale outlines"! Just compare the flat, pressed ends (patented by Kotex) with the thick, stubby ends of other napkins! It's easy to see why Kotex never makes embarrassing bulges . . .

Easy to see why it's so comfortable, too! Kotex is made in soft folds (with more absorbent material where needed . . . less in the non-effective portions of the pad). Naturally, Kotex is less bulky than pads with loose, wadded fillers! And the soft cotton under the gauze makes it less apt to chafe!

Kotex comes in 3 sizes, too! Super—Regular—Junior. Kotex is the only popular-priced napkin that offers you a choice of 3 different sizes! (So you may vary the size pad according to each day's needs!)

All 3 sizes have soft, folded centers . . . flat, tapered ends . . . and moisture-resistant "safety panels". All 3 sizes sell for the same low price!



FEEL ITS NEW SOFTNESS
PROVE ITS NEW SAFETY
COMPARE ITS NEW, FLATTER ENDS

"You scarcely know you're wearing it!"

N.Y.K. LINE

IMMINENT SAILINGS
PASSENGER AND FREIGHT

LIVERPOOL, via SINGAPORE, MARSEILLES, (CASABLANCA), etc. ..... NEXT WEEK
Shanghai, Japan, HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES ..... NEXT WEEK
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, via MANILA and Way Ports ..... END OF JUNE
VANCOUVER and SEATTLE ..... FORTNIGHTLY

FREIGHT ONLY
CALCUTTA ..... THIS WEEK
NEW YORK via JAPAN, LOS ANGELES & PANAMA ..... THIS WEEK
BOMBAY ..... END OF JUNE

Complete Information From Your Agent or:
NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
KING'S BUILDING TELEPHONE 30291.
General Passenger Agents in the Orient for Cunard White Star Line

CONCENTRATED — THEREFORE ECONOMICAL

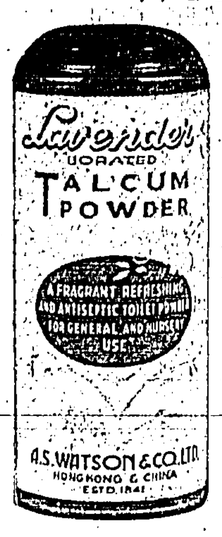
If you want to save money, yet use the best dentifrice you can buy, try the Kolynos "dry brush" technique.—That is, use only a half-inch of Kolynos on a *dry* brush. See how quickly Kolynos becomes a pleasant-tasting, active foam that surges into every crevice on and between the teeth. Stains and discoloration disappear almost at once.

Start this amazing Kolynos "dry brush" technique today. You'll see how really clean and sparkling your teeth can be and how economical Kolynos is to use.

For further ECONOMY BUY *the* LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

WATSON'S



LAVENDER TALCUM POWDER

A TOILET NECESSITY FOR COMFORT

COMBINING THE FRAGRANCE OF OLD ENGLISH LAVENDER WITH MILD ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT QUALITIES IN IMPROVED FORM.

IN LARGE SIZE CONTAINER ..... 80 cts.

REFILLS ..... 60 cts.

PREPARED BY

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

EST. 1841.

WHOLESALE, RETAIL & MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS

MOUTRIE PIANOS

1875—S. MOUTRIE & CO., THE PIONEERS WHO BUILT PIANOS IN THE FAR EAST SPECIALLY TO WITHSTAND CLIMATIC CONDITIONS.

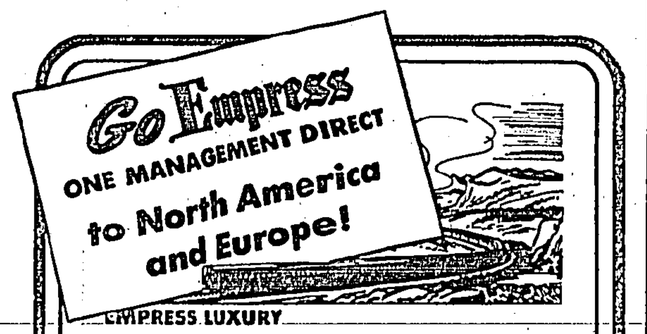
1940—MAINTAINING THAT PRESTIGE, THE MOUTRIE PIANOFORTES OF TO-DAY ARE THE CHOICE OF MUSICIANS.

CATALOGUES ON REQUEST

DEFERRED PAYMENTS ARRANGED

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

York Building Chater Road.



EMPRESS LUXURY

Speed across the Pacific by luxurious *Empress* liners, then . . . Victoria . . . stop over if you wish . . . and Vancouver in Canada's Evergreen playground.

NEXT SAILING FROM HONGKONG

SECOND WEEK IN JUNE.

(Omitting Honolulu)

Fast through *AIR CONDITIONED* trains from ship's side at Vancouver take you through the Majestic Canadian Rockies—Lake Louise, Banff—600 miles of travel through Marvelous Mountain Scenery. Niagara Falls and the Great Lakes. can be included as optional routes on your coast-to-coast trip. Stop over anywhere you wish.

Then Montreal and Quebec, gay French-speaking cities on the famous St. Lawrence Seaway, and a quick crossing to Europe by one of Canadian Pacific's Atlantic fleet.

NEXT SAILING TO MANILA

THE FIRST WEEK IN JULY

For full information consult your travel agent,

or

Union Building, Hong Kong. Telephone 20752.

Canadian Pacific

World's Greatest Travel System

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

Members of New York Cotton Exchange

Chicago Board of Trade

Manila Stock Exchange

Winnipeg Grain Exchange

Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York

Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc., Montreal

New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange

Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

Shanghai Stock Exchange

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA and BUENOS AIRES

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

GONE

ARE THE HORSE AND CARRIAGE

And Gone with them are the old-fashioned methods of waxing the carriage.

Have you been using the same auto wax for years . . . simply through force of habit? . . . Don't use a horse and carriage auto wax.

It is no longer necessary to work all day, to wear yourself out . . . to RUB and RUB, in order to attain a waterproof, weather resisting wax finish for your car.

Try WHIZ LONDON COACH WAX for longer lasting beauty for your automobile and less work for you. Your waxing troubles, like the horse and buggy, will be **Gone**

Sold Here
HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE
Stubbs Rd.

DEATHS

BLISS.—On June 11, 1940, at the Queen Mary Hospital, Evelyn Jane, dearly-beloved wife of A. W. Bliss and mother of Babs, Eileen and Sonny. Funeral will pass the Monument to-day at 5.30 p.m. No flowers by request.

MORRISON.—Miss Ethel Morrison passed away at 7 p.m. on June 9, 1940. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5.30 p.m. to-day to the Catholic Cemetery.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Tuesday, June 11, 1940.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 26015

THE prefix "Special to the Telegraph" is used by the "Hongkong Telegraph" to indicate news which is strictly copyright under the provisions of the Telecommunications Ordinance, 1916. Such news as bears the indication "UP" is received in Hongkong on the date of publication by the United Press Associations, who reserve all rights and forbid republication, either wholly or in part without previous arrangement.

Fore-arm Hongkong

BIGGER and deadlier surprises have befallen the Allies in the past month than ever before in our history. The Nazis have invented an entirely new strategy of war. Petrol used simultaneously in the air and on the ground has disorganised the calculations of the Allied General Staffs as completely as gunpowder confused the tactics of commanders in the Middle Ages.

We can be sure that fresh surprises will be sprung upon the Allies by Hitler. And Hitler is apt to be aped. That is why, in this integral part of the British Empire, we must use more imagination in our defensive measures than we have in the past.

Hongkong, we can assure our readers, is quite safe—for the present. On the only occasion in its near-century of history in which it was menaced, we had plenty of warning. There were massive concentrations of troops on our frontier: we had time to demolish bridges, prepare roads for dynamiting, evacuate many of our women and children. There will be no such warning again.

For the safety of the Colony it is time for all of us, soldiers and civilians alike, to think ahead. Not because we believe that we may be menaced, but because we should believe that we cannot be taken by surprise.

Our volunteers should be mobilised, even if only partially, as suggested by a correspondent. They should wear their uniforms and carry their rifles to their offices. Not because, as suggested by another correspondent, uniformed volunteers would look impressive and would feel more fully their sense of responsibility, but because it is sane common-sense to know that they are soldiers at a moment's notice. An un-uniformed soldier or civilian who fires on or opposes an invader is a franc-tireur and, as such, liable to face a firing squad.

More and more food should be conserved in the Colony. The Government should appeal to householders to lay in adequate supplies. Our water supply is a matter to which even greater attention should be given. Hongkong depends entirely upon reservoirs, which (events in Europe have conclusively proved) can be destroyed by bombing despite A.A. defences. This is the time to put in order all the wells and pumps on which we may be forced to rely.

In all the invasions which the Germans have so far carried out, the most disrupting and dismaying factor has been the sudden appearance of secret enemy agents in the heart of the invaded country. We have many such potential fifth columnists in Hongkong who are not Germans or Austrians. A system of identity cards for all Chinese inhabitants should be instituted. We should weed out those Chinese who might aid an enemy and not us. It is no use blinding ourselves to the fact that, whilst an overwhelming majority of the Chinese people are friendly towards the British, there are in our midst supporters of an anti-Chungking regime whose avowed object is the destruction of westerners in China and who would support any enemy who attacked us.

We want to be ready for any emergency because the more prepared we are the less likely is that emergency liable to arise. It used to be fore-warned is fore-armed. In modern warfare to be fore-armed is to be fore-warned.

IS MUSSOLINI A Sawdust Caesar?

—it depends what angle you take the picture from

HE was the son of a blacksmith, and he became First Man in Rome.

He rebuilt the city of the Caesars.

But——

He never marched on Rome. He sat at home. When he went it was by invitation, and he travelled "soft" in a Pullman. He struggled into his black shirt as the train got into Rome station.

☆ ☆ ☆

Once he fled abroad to dodge military service, and was posted as deserter.

Once he led a riot against an Italian invasion of Africa.

And he opposed Italy's entering the war.

When he was drafted to the front he spent fewer than forty days in the trenches, and though he bears the mark of more than forty wounds, he got them in a training school, miles in the rear, when a hand grenade went off accidentally.

So George Seldes, former Rome correspondent of the "Chicago Tribune," says in a bitter, brilliant investive against Mussolini, "Sawdust Caesar" (Arthur Barker, 12s. 6d.). He seeks to strip away the myth of Mussolini as her-leader, and to tell the story of an Italian gangster, rising by craft and violence to run a nation-wide racket.

The author specifically charges the Fascist regime with the murder of Matteotti, the Socialist leader. That is an old charge and an ugly one. But this is the first time to my knowledge that Mussolini has been accused of taking over the Mafia, Italy's secret terrorists, and employing them as an official Black Hand gang.

If things can really go like that in Italy you may wonder why it is that Mr. Al Capone is sitting in Alcantraz Jail, California, instead of running the United States from the White House.

☆ ☆ ☆

Mussolini's father was a Socialist and an atheist, and he named his heir Benito, after Benito Juarez, the Mexican rebel. He beat Benito frequently with a leather belt. Mussolini's mother was devout, and sent Young Hopeful to the school of the Salesian friars at Faenza. He fought his fellows, and the good friars, in turn, beat him.

When his father took up innkeeping, and turned the bar into a nest of Anarchists, Socialists, and Syndicalists, Master Benito found plenty of scope for scrapping in his spare time. The rest of his day was taken up with teaching. As he made no bones about his disbelief in religion he got into frequent trouble.

The police kept their eye on him. His time was coming for military service. One day they turned their backs for a moment, and Mussolini bolted over the frontier into Switzerland.

He had two shillings in his pocket and no friends. He fled and not because he feared service, but because he hated service. He slept under bridges, he came near starvation. He was locked up as a vagabond.

Serrati, the secretary of the local Socialist party, had pity on him and took him in. He found him a job as bricklayer's mate.

Switzerland expelled Mussolini as a dangerous agitator. He found refuge in Austria. And there he began his career as journalist, working with Cesare Battisti. His paper was Socialist, and Nationalist—that is, it was pro-Italian and against the Austrian Government. Naturally, it was violent.

☆ ☆ ☆

In the middle of it all, Mussolini went back to Italy and served his time in the Bersaglieri, famous Alpine regiment. He returned to Austria, and was jailed again.

When he left Austria for good it was to plunge into strikes, riots and plots at home. He advocated revolution, with plenty of blood in it. Eleven times in all Mussolini went to prison.

He became editor of "Avanti," chief Socialist newspaper. He rose to lead the Socialist Party of Italy. War came, and he called for neutrality in the foreign war, and civil war at home—up to September 21, 1914. On September 25 he clamoured for all Italy to march to save ravished France.

A howl went up from the Socialist ranks—*CHI PAGA?* (Who has paid?) He was accused of taking French gold. The charge has not been proved. Seldes repeats the story told by Maitre Torres in the French courts that Mussolini was paid 15,000 francs down and 10,000 francs a month.

Mussolini was expelled from the Socialist Party. "You hate me because you love me!" he yelled above the din. "You may tear up my Socialist card! You cannot deprive me of my Socialist faith!"

On November 1 he launched a new journal, "Il Popolo d'Italia," dedicated to urging war and savaging his late colleagues.

Where was Fascism born? On September 24, 1914, in the brain of Mussolini. It did not take a physical form until October 1917, when with Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, he formed the Fascio di Resistenza to organise defence after the collapse of Caporetto.

☆ ☆ ☆

But it was d'Annunzio and not Mussolini who carried the thing through after the war. It was the poet, not the politician, who seized Fiume for Italy, and prepared to hold it for Italy even against Italian royal troops.

Mussolini spent those hectic and fake-heroic years organising his party in the industrial north. The Fascist chief at this time was talking red revolution. He supported the seizure of the factories and the general strike. He came out with a programme of land nationalisation.

Only when the Bolshevik menace died away did Mussolini denounce it. By 1922 the Red forces were hopelessly split, and trade was rising again.

It was the army, says Seldes, not Mussolini, who planned to kick out the old Liberal regime and set up a dictatorship of Big Business. They offered the job first to d'Annunzio, who refused it. Mussolini was only third choice.

The army *allowed* the Blackshirts to march on Rome. Only about 8,000 went, not the 100,000 that the legend tells of. The rest arrived by rail.

☆ ☆ ☆

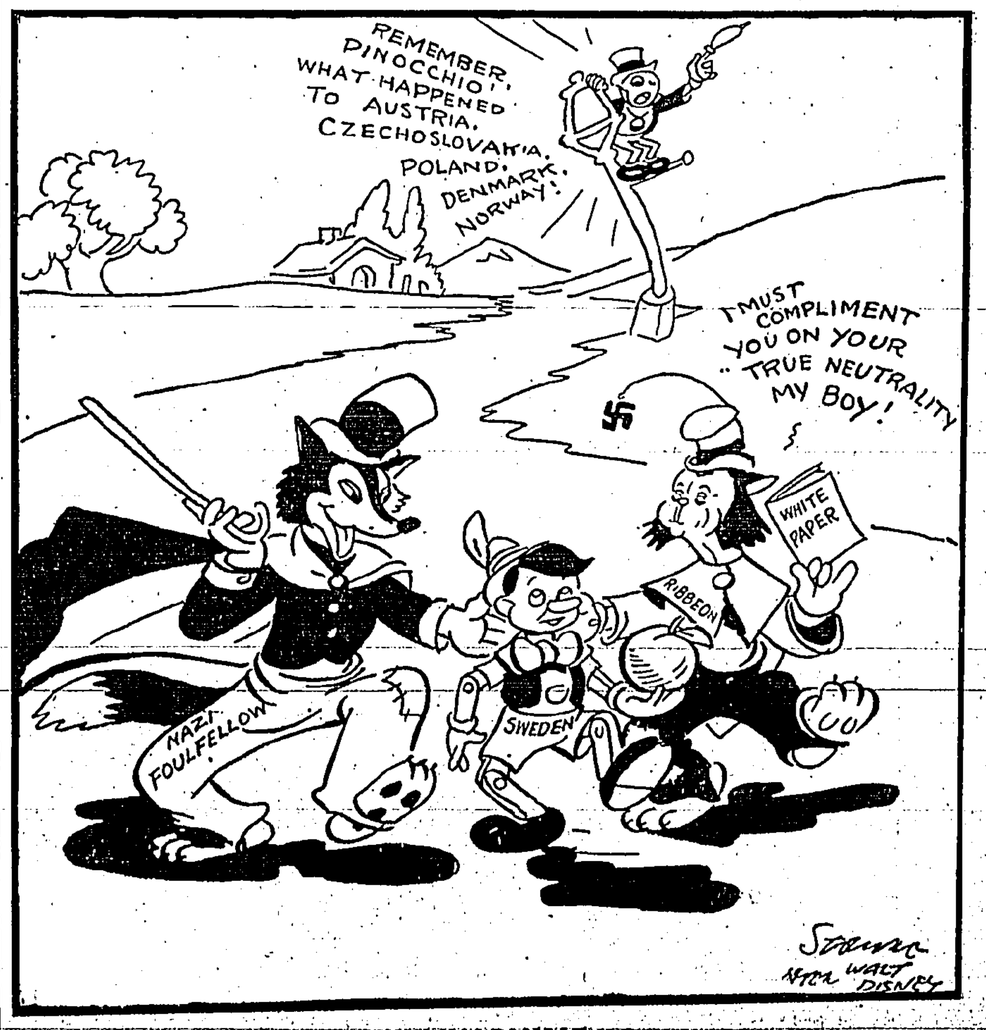
Since then Mussolini has consolidated, "eliminated from circulation" his enemies, side-tracked his friends. He has been the journalist who suppressed free journalism. All that, says the author, by ruthless gangstering, and yet the present state of Italy is desperate.

Desperate indeed, if all this is true. For if Mussolini is really no more than a ferocious hoodlum, the twentieth-century version of a Renaissance *condottiere*, how will you measure the height of the great and cultured nation over which he towers?

Mussolini most publicised figure in the world, always insists on being photographed from below so that he looks like a giant. Seldes gives another shot, taken from above, to make him look a dwarf. Nothing can lie like a camera.

Frank Owen

CARTOON . . . . . By Strube



THE WARNING

(In the film, Pinocchio is warned by his conscience, Jiminy Cricket).

Roosevelt's Momentous Declaration

AMERICA WILL LEND ALL AID TO ALLIES

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

CHARLOTTEVILLE, VIRGINA, JUNE 10 (UP).—PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT HAS ANNOUNCED THE INTENTION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THE ALLIES ALL ITS RESOURCES IN THE STRUGGLE AGAINST TOTALITARIANISM.

U.S. To Send Her Resources

The President, in the gravest speech an American public has listened to since President Wilson's fateful Declaration of War in 1917, denounced Italy for her entry into the European War.

"The United States," he declared, "will send its resources to the aid of the Allies in their magnificent fight.

"America cannot safely become a lone island in a world dominated by the philosophy of force.

Cannot Remain Isolationist

"Such an island may be the dream of those who still talk and vote as Isolationists.

"But such an island represents to me, and to the overwhelming majority of Americans, a helpless nightmare of people without freedom, people lodged in prison, handcuffed and hungry and fed through the bars day by day by the contemptuous masters of other continents.

Grave Disquiet

CHARLOTTEVILLE, June 10 (Reuter).—The promise that the United States would extend its material resources to the opponents of force was made by President Roosevelt in his address at the University of Virginia.

The President said the people and Government of the United States had seen with the utmost, urgent and grave disquiet the decision of the Italian Government to engage in the hostilities.

The sympathies of the American republics lie with those nations which are giving their lifeblood in combat against the gods of force and hate.

The Obvious Course

Two obvious course would be pursued simultaneously. "We will extend to the opponents of force the material resources of this nation, and at the same time will harness and accelerate the use of those resources so that we ourselves in the Americas may have equipment and training equal to any emergency.

"All roads leading to the accomplishment of these objectives must be clear of obstructions. The signs and signals call for full speed ahead."

President Roosevelt called on Americans for effort, courage, sacrifice and devotion.

He related how the United States Government had tried to swerve Italy from war and said that he had proposed that if Italy would refrain from going to war, he would be willing to ask for assurances from other powers concerned that they would execute faithfully any agreement made to effect readjustments desired by Italy.

Unfortunately, Mussolini was unwilling to accept the procedure suggested.

U.S. Offer Rejected

The President said he had expressed the Administration's willingness to try and co-operate with the Italian Government, when the appropriate occasion arose, for the creation of a "more stable world order through the reduction of armaments and through the construction of a more liberal international economic system."

But by chosing to preserve what it termed its "freedom of action," and to fulfil what it states are its promises to Germany, Italy had manifested a disregard for the rights and security of other nations and for the lives of peoples who are directly threatened by this spread of the war, and had given evidence of its unwillingness to attempt to achieve its aspirations by peaceful means.

Earlier in his speech, the President alluded to Isolationists thus: "Some still hold to the now obvious delusion that we of the United States can safely permit the United States to become a lone island in a world dominated by the philosophy of force. Such an island may be the dream of those who still talk and vote as Isolationists.

Hellish Nightmare

"Such an Island represents to me and to the overwhelming majority of Americans to-day the hellish nightmare of a people without freedom, people lodged in prisons, handcuffed, hungry and fed through bars from day to day by the contemptuous, unpitying masters of other continents.

"It is natural that we should ask ourselves now how we can prevent the building of that prison and the placing of ourselves in the midst of it."

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Enemy aliens between 60 and 70 years of age who have previously only had to obey limited restrictions are now being interned.

250,000 STAND AND LISTEN TO IL DUCE

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—In a running commentary before Signor Mussolini's speech, the Rome radio announcer stated that 80,000,000 Germans would be listening to Il Duce's words.

He added: "Let us salute them at this moment when we are now 150,000,000 standing together."

The commentator estimated that about 250,000 people were gathered in the Palazzo Venetia.

They carried posters bearing the names of towns and territories claimed by Italy.

All Shops Closed

All shops were closed to enable their employees to hear Mussolini.

Loud speakers installed in all squares and restaurants and cafes broadcast Fascist songs and military marches before the speech.

Following a demonstration in honour of Mussolini, the crowd went to the Royal Palace where they cheered King Victor.

LETTERS

Monroe Doctrine

To The Editor,
The "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir,—I am, and so are a group of my friends, very interested in knowing what the "Monroe Doctrine" really is. We would be obliged if you would be so kind as to let us have any information you possess on the subject.

OLD SUBSCRIBER IN MACAU.

**The Monroe Doctrine, which is named after former President Monroe of the U.S.A., briefly lays down that European Powers shall be prevented from taking a controlling share in the politics of the two—American—continents.—The original Monroe Declaration was the result of American apprehension that the combination of European Powers known as the Holy Alliance would interfere in South America and restore the Spanish colonies, which had asserted their independence, to the crown of Spain. On several occasions since its inception the Doctine has been enforced. Its spirit permeated the Clayton-Bulwer Treaty, in which Great Britain and the United States mutually renounced the right of colonising, fortifying or occupying any portion of Central America. It was enforced against Maximilian who, by French intervention in Mexico, had been made Emperor. Both Cuba and Hawaii have felt its influence. It was enforced against Germany in 1917, when the Kaiser sought to involve Mexico in the European War. Since the outbreak of the current war, President Roosevelt has extended the provisions of the Doctrine to apply to such far away places as Greenland and islands in the Pacific. No foreign Power can make war on Canadian soil without incurring U.S. intervention, and every land in North and South America is protected against invasion.—Ed.*

Pre-War Bread To Be Maintained

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Every effort is being made to maintain the present high standard of bread. The darkish bread of the last war is said to be unlikely to reappear.

There is no immediate shortage of tea but consumers are asked to economise in order to save shipping space for more vital purposes.

Compulsory Service In Singapore

SINGAPORE, June 10 (Reuter).—The Compulsory Service Bill was passed by the Legislative Council of the Straits Settlements to-day.

All British Europeans are liable under this Bill for service with the local forces.

The Council also passed a Bill for the intensive training of local volunteer defence forces.

DEFENCE MINISTER DIES IN PLANE CRASH

BELLEVILLE, Ontario, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Norman Rogers, the Minister of National Defence, was killed when an Air Force plane in which he was travelling from Ottawa to Toronto crashed at Newtonville, a town on Lake Ontario.

Three members of the crew were also killed.

His Career

Mr. Norman McLeod Rogers, M. A., B. Litt., B. C. L., was born in 1894 and educated at the Acadia and Oxford Universities. A historian and politician, he served in the Great War. He was Professor of History at the Acadia University in 1922, and later became Secretary to Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King. From 1929 to 1935 he was Professor of Political Science at Queen's University and was Counsel for the Nova Scotia Government Royal Commission of Economic Enquiry in 1934.

He was Minister of Labour in the King Government in 1935, and in the present government he was appointed Minister of National Defence.

Only yesterday he addressed a joint meeting of Empire and Canadian clubs on the present war situation.

His Last Speech

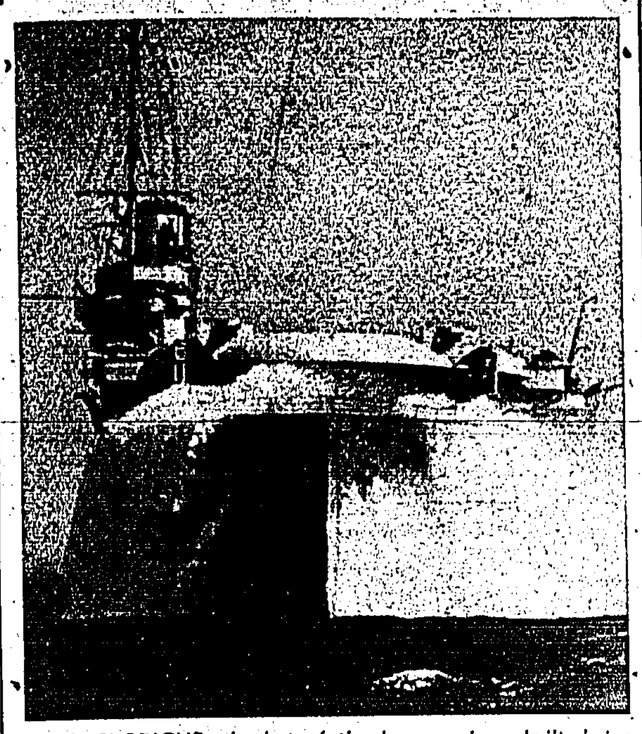
TORONTO, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Norman Rogers, the Canadian Minister of Defence, yesterday addressed a joint meeting of Empire and Canadian clubs.

The present seriousness of the situation did not warrant expression of optimistic platitudes, he said. It was better to face the grim realities with courage and resolution, but they must not lose for a moment their supreme confidence of final victory.

Loyal naturalised Canadians of enemy extraction need not fear internment, he said.

He believed that Canada would never need to subscribe to the total conscription.

AIRCRAFT CARRIER SUNK



H.M.S. GLORIOUS, the last of the large cruisers built during the World War to be converted into aircraft carriers, taking a heavy sea in the Mediterranean. Glorious was a sister-ship of Courageous, which was torpedoed earlier in the war.

German Battleships Off Narvik

GLORIOUS LOST IN NAVAL ACTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 11 (UP).—It is officially admitted by the Admiralty that the £4,200,000 aircraft carrier Glorious has, as claimed by the German High Command yesterday, been sunk in a naval battle with the German battleships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau.

In addition, the following vessels have been lost in the encounter:

The two "Defender" class destroyers Acasta and Ardent, which were escorting the Glorious;
The 5,666-ton oil tanker Oil Pioneer;
The 19,840-ton troop transport Orama, formerly of the Orient Line.

The naval battle occurred shortly after the Allied withdrawal from Narvik, in the course of which the two 26,000-ton Nazi battleships appeared suddenly on the scene.

The Admiralty states that the total tonnage lost in the encounter was 50,706 tons.

Fate Of Crew

The normal complement of the Glorious was 1,216. The fate of the crew has not yet been ascertained. Glorious was a sister-ship of the Courageous, sunk by torpedo earlier in the war. She was one of the large cruisers built during the latter part of the World War, originally costing £2,110,000. Conversion into an aircraft carrier in 1934 cost an additional £2,025,000.

H.M.S. Orama was well-known on the Australian run. Of 19,800 tons, she was built in 1924 and was taken over by the Government at the outbreak of war.

The Acasta and Ardent, of 1,375 tons, were sister ships of the destroyers of the Eighth Destroyer Flotilla which were stationed in Hongkong before the outbreak of war.

None of the vessels sunk are equipped to fight with battleships.

The Gneisenau was reported to have been sunk and the Scharnhorst crippled in the early fighting off the Norwegian coast.

With the exception of the newly-launched Deutschland, which is not yet commissioned, they are the largest warships in the German Navy. They have a standard displacement of 26,000 tons and were launched in 1936. They are armed with nine 11-in. guns.

North Sea Battle

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Admiralty announces that it must now be presumed that the aircraft carrier, H.M.S. Glorious (Capt. G. D'Oyly-Hughes, D.S.O., D.S.C.), the transport steamer Orama, the tanker steamship Oil Pioneer, the destroyers Acasta (Commander C. E. Glassfurd) and the Ardente (Lt. Commdr. J. F. Barker) have been lost.

The communique announcing these losses states that as no further information has been received regarding the naval operations in connection with the withdrawal communique, and as up to the present it has not been possible to establish communication with certain ships, the Admiralty regrets that it must be presumed that these ships have been lost.

No Troops Aboard

It is known that the Orama had no troops aboard.

The two destroyers, Acasta and Ardente were in company with the Glorious and are probably the vessels referred to in the German communique as destroyer and submarine chaser. No news has been received from either of these vessels.

The German communique states that there are several hundred survivors from our ships.

MORE MUNITIONS FROM CANADA

OTTAWA, June 10 (Reuter).—Two munition factories with a combined capital of $20,000,000 will be constructed in Canada immediately, according to Mr. Howe, the Minister of Munitions.

He declared that the munitions will be financed with British, Canadian and French capital.

One will be a shell-filling factory, and the other will produce nitro-cellulose explosives.

THE NEGUS IN LONDON

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The Emperor of Abyssinia left his Bath home to-day before news of Italy's declaration of war was made known.

He later arrived in London where he is staying at a West End hotel.

No information is available regarding the purpose of his visit.

LAXATIVE AID
From Nature's Herbs

A selection of herbs having valuable medicinal properties, carefully blended by expert chemists to an old and reliable formula, comprises

GOLDEN GRIFFIN LAXATIVE TEA

A palateable beverage with a mild yet positive laxative effect, the tea will be welcomed by all who are troubled with constipation.

Sold in two sizes $0.75 and $2.00 at chemists and department stores, or obtainable direct from the sign of the

GOLDEN MEDICINAL GRIFFIN TEAS

"A Tea for Every Trouble"

G. T. FULFORD CO. LTD (OF CHINA) PROPRIETORS.
3rd. Floor. St. George's Bldg.
Tel. No. 20358.

Fulford Co., Ltd. sell a separate blend of Golden Griffin Medicinal Tea for every ill. Each Tea contains not less than twelve distinct ingredients and they are sold under a money-back guarantee.

FOUND ONLY IN
Manhattan
PYJAMAS
Made of light weight summer materials, cut loose and easy and all fitted with the elastic BAND OF COMFORT.
Plain colours, white and stripe designs.
From $14.50 per suit—less 10% cash discount.
MACKINTOSH'S LTD.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS

EWO PILSNER
The New Lighter Brew.

The system that provides
QUALITY AIR CONDITION DRYCLEANING
for all types of Clothing and Household Accessories
CARPET SHAMPOOING UNDERTAKEN PREPARATORY TO STORING
THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.
Head Office & Works 57032
Gloucester Bldg., 2nd Flr., Tel. 28938 | Hong Kong Depot, Tel. 21279
Kowloon Depot, Tel. 58545 | Peak Depot, Tel. 20352

Parisian Grill
Air-Conditioned
Music during Lunch & Dinner
Tel. 27880 for reservations. Open till 1 a.m.

MODERNIZE YOUR BATHROOM WITH THE LATEST
Newly styled and newly efficient, are bathroom fixtures which can be installed in your home now at moderate cost.
Call 20269 or visit our offices for full estimates on all styles.
C. E. WARREN & CO., LTD.
St. George's Bldg., Chater Road

ATHLETICS IN FAR EAST

Hongkong Suffers In Comparison With P.I., Shanghai And Japan

(By "Tinker")

STATISTICS, usually, are not the best means of making sports comparisons, in fact, several people go as far as to say that they do not agree with the compiling of sports statistics at all, but in athletics, at least, times and distances are often the only facts upon which one can assess relative values.

The more important track meets of Shanghai have just been held, and, co-incidentally, the East Asia Athletic Meet at Tokyo has just concluded. To this latter meet went the stars from the Philippines, and the times and distances were most illuminating.

As odious as ever, this comparison is especially so—to the Colony. But in fairness it must be pointed out that the East Asia Meet attracted the best athletes there are (China excepted) in the Far East. Both the Filipinos and the Japanese are of world Olympic standard and it is hardly expected that little Hongkong could produce runners and jumpers to reach up to them.

With Shanghai, however, it is somewhat different; the community there seems more virile and larger.

The figures appended below are (to the best of my knowledge) the best there have been this year. The comparison is interesting. All Hongkong's times for the running events are expressed for metres, and those of Shanghai for yards, and it must be explained that the metric distances are *shorter* than the corresponding distances in yards (except, of course, in the case of the 100 metres and 100 yards).

TRACK SUPERIORITY

As regards the track, therefore, it will be seen that the Colony is worse off than Shanghai in all distances. The only event in which there is any close similarity is in the 800 metres and the 880 yards. The first named distance is approximately 074 yards, and, therefore, the Colony's time of 2 mins. 10.5 secs. can be said to be better than Shanghai's.

On the field, we take priority in the High Jump and the Javelin Throw, and nowhere else.

However, for the 400, 800 and 1500 metres the Colony's times could be better, inasmuch that there is one here at the moment, whose past (and not long past) performances for both Cambridge and Achilles are a guarantee that our times could be brought below those of Shanghai.

BRILLIANT RECORD

SHANGHAI'S time for the 100 yards was made by Cecil Edwards in the recent two-day annual track and field meet, and with his 10 seconds flat, it was thought that a record had been established. But it was later discovered that at the Police sports in 1929 Gus Johannson covered that distance in the flying time of 9.8 secs., and that has never been bettered.

P.I. SPRINTERS

A GLANCE at the figures below shows that the Philippines were successful in all the sprint events, and in very fine times, too. In all cases where necessary, I have converted metric distances into feet and inches, and they are, therefore, approximate.

I have been unable to find any figures for the women of Shanghai.

Men

	HONGKONG	S'HAI	EAST ASIA MEET
100 metres	11.3	—	10.7 (P.I.)
100 yards	—	*9.8 (10.00)	—
200 metres	24	—	22.3 (P.I.)
220 yards	—	23.1	—
400 metres	55.3	—	49.5 (P.I.)
440 yards	—	51.5	—
800 metres	2.10.5	—	1.56.5 (P.I.)
880 yards	—	2.19	—
1500 metres	4.44.4	4.27.5	4 mins. (Manchukuo)
1 mile	—	4.30	—
Marathon	—	—	2 hrs. 39 mins. 59 secs. (Japan)
110 metres High Hurdles	17	16.2	14.9 (Japan)
400 metres Hurdles	—	—	54.4 (P.I.)
400 metres Relay	—	—	42.1 (P.I.)
Long Jump	20 ft. 5 ins.	22 ft. 10 ins.	23 ft. 10.9 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	5 ft. 11⅝ ins.	5 ft. 7½ ins.	6 ft. 4.3 ins. (Japan)
Hop-step-jump	41 ft. 4½ ins.	45 ft. 1 in.	—
Pole Vault	10 ft. 9¾ ins.	11 ft. 1.4 ins.	12 ft. 9½ ins. (Japan)
Javelin	177 ft.	162 ft. 6ins.	204 ft. 9.2 ins. (Japan)
Shot Put	41.1 ft.	41 ft. 8¾ ins.	43 ft. 9.8 ins. (Manchukuo)
Discuss	118 ft. 6 ins.	121 ft. 3.9 ins.	142 ft. 6.9 ins. (Japan)

* Shanghai Record.

Women

Javelin	81 ft. 4 ins.	—	140 ft. 0.4 ins. (Japan)
High Jump	4 ft. 4 ins.	—	5 ft. 2.9 ins. (Japan)
Long Jump	15 ft. 2 ins.	—	18 ft. 9.9 ins. (Japan)
400 metres Relay	—	—	50.8 secs. (Japan)

Latest Call-Over For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The following is the latest call-over for the Derby:

Lighthouse 9/4 o, 5/2 t.
Star Dust 5/1 t and o.
Tant Mieux 7/1 o, 8/1 t.
Pont Leveque 100/8 t and o.
Hippius 100/8 o.
Paques, Blacktoni, Pharatis 100/6 o.
Golden Tiger, Turkhan 20/1 o.
King of Trumps, Moradabad 33/1 o.
Ridley 50/1 o.

Starters And Jockeys For Derby

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Starters and riders in the Derby, to be run at Newmarket on Wednesday, are.

Black Toni (Lowrey), Golden Tiger (Beasley), Hippius (E. Smith), King of Trumps II (Nevett), Lighthouse II (Perryman), Morababad (D. Smith), Olidon (Lane), Pharatis (E. Eliot), Pont Leveque (Sammy Wragg), Paques (Weston), Ridley (Taylor), Stardust (Harry Wragg), Turkhan (Smirke), Tant Mieux (Gordon Richards), Solway Firth (Beary), War Lord (Arthur Wragg), Romulus (Marshall).

The riders of Cavalry King and Dinshaw have not been announced.

SWIMMING PROSPECTS

Lawn Bowls

Only Two Matches In Pairs Tourey

ONLY TWO MATCHES were played in the Open Pairs Lawn Bowls Championship yesterday, owing to the sodden condition of most greens. At the Civil Service C.C., J. A. Remedios and L. A. Gutierrez beat E. G. Post and A. E. Carey 22-16, and at the Hongkong F.C. W. L. Walker and J. Deakin beat J. Pau and G. S. Ladd 23-11.

It was not until the last few heads that Remedios and Gutierrez could call themselves safe. It was a keen duel, which was made the more interesting by the fine efforts of the losers.

The second game was a walk-over for Walker and Deakin. On the 7th head they led 6-3, and then with a series of 3,1,3,2,1 went into a 16-3 lead and then 21-8 on the 17th.

Challenge For Colony's Titles From Lai Chung Union

By "RIPPLE"

WHEN IT FIRST came into existence five years ago, the Lai Chung Swimming Union, started by that able coach Mr. S. H. Wong, and held under the auspices of the Chinese Y.M.C.A., was little known. It was only last year that the Union blossomed into a powerful swimming organisation that gave the Colony some of its finest swimmers.

Perhaps the most well-known among them is Chan Chun-nam, the "legless wonder" who, last year, broke a few Chinese National records in the middle and long distances and won the Colony harbour race and 880 yards, besides providing Lawrence, Colony champion, with the stiffest opposition he had had for years, in the other Colony events for which he entered. What is his form this year? Well, all I can say is he has a few cards up his sleeve which will stump many of the would-be champs in the Colony.

Another of their star swimmers is Yau Sai-kwan, 15-year-old runner-up in the harbour race last year, and runner-up to Chan in all the Chinese Amateur Federation middle and long distance competitions. Despite his stature, slimness and youth, he has a perfect form. His leg beat synchronises with his arm stroke in a perfect rhythm of motion, and if he keeps up his present form, he is training with Chan, I do not doubt but that he will repeat his last year's performances.

• • •

LAU Tai-ping is another companion-at-arms who is splashing his way through the routines under the coaching of S. H. Wong, side by side with Chan and Yau.

This youngster, he is only 14 years of age, also gained renown in his baptism last year, being third in the harbour race, and in all the events for which Chan and Yau entered.

His style is very much the same as Yau's—a powerful leg beat with synchronizing arm action. He has at times beaten Yau in the practice swims, but, I think, at a pinch, Yau would beat him.

However, S. H. Wong seems to think his pets will improve much more before the season really rolls in, and I, for one, will not argue with him, seeing the excellent results he has produced.

• • •

YOU will remember Fong Chung-yiu, who swam second to Enrique Chan last year in the Colony's record-breaking 100 yards breast stroke event? You do? Well, Fong had been training all the year round for the C.A.A.F. 200 metres event, and did not pay particular attention to the 100 yards. This year, however, S.H. has persuaded him to concentrate on the 100 yards, and he glides through his routine like a piece of board towed by an M.T.B.

• • •

LAU Yiu-ting is the back stroker that seemed always to lose by a touch to A. K. Rumjahn in the 100 yards. What has become of him? Unfortunately for him, he has taken on a job that keeps him from attending S.H.'s classes every evening. I had occasion to meet him once at the "Y", and I heard him express the one wish to "beat Rumjahn at all costs." It is costing him a lot—sacrificing his leisure hours, actually sweating, in the pool, going through his swimming routine, but, he tells me, "if I beat him, all this will have its recompense.

Football Meeting

Future Conditions For Touring Teams

Adoption Of Suggestion From Malaya Assn.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION was reached at a meeting of the Hongkong Football Association yesterday regarding future tours by local teams. Co-operating fully with Malaya, with regard to the circular letter which was received in Hongkong recently, it was decided that futu e touring teams should first obtain permission from the Governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong F.A.

Mr. W. Pryde was in the Chair, and was supported by Mr. C. A. Goldenberg (Hon. Secretary), Mr. Lee Wai-tong (Chinese Amateur Athletic Federation), Capt. Peal (Army Area Sports Board), Mr. Walter Hanming Chen (South China), Mr. W. E. Hollands (Eastern), Mr. J. Skinner (Hongkong Football Club) and Mr. C. Guimgam (Grounds Committee).

It was decided to co-operate fully with Malaya in their decision regarding touring teams. In future, teams wishing to make tours must first obtain permission from the governing body of the country they intend visiting before applying for permission to the Hongkong Football Association.

Mr. Skinner proposed, in view of the number of teams touring, that the teams should, on their return to the Colony, submit a statement of accounts regarding expenses.

Mr. Pryde said that before teams were given permission to affiliate, the Association ascertained whether the ruling members of the club were well-known or responsible personalities, and if they were approved the Club was admitted. He did not see what right they had to demand to see a statement of accounts, but this was actually covered by one of the rules.

WAR DONATION

Mr. Hollands' proposal that $1,000 be donated to the British War Organisation Fund was carried unanimously.

The date of the annual meeting was fixed for July 12.

A letter was read from the Sing Tao Sports Club applying for permission to tour Singapore, Rangoon and the Philippines.

The Chairman referred the Council to the circular from Malaya which, he said, they should support fully. The circular stated.—Authority will not be given by this Association to any of its Affiliates to tour in your territory unless a written permission is first received from you. May I request that your Association will reciprocate in like manner with regard to suggested tours in Malaya by teams from your territory."

Mr. Pryde said the wording of this paragraph was quite clear and he felt that the Sing Tao Sports Club should first obtain permission from either the Football Association of Malaya or the Singapore Football Association before applying to the Hongkong Football Association.

WORTHY TEAM

The question was raised as to whether Sing Tao could field a team worthy of the Colony. The Secretary said he had received 23 forms of registration. The players registered were Tang Kwong-sam, Fung King-cheung, Leung In-chan, Leung Wing-chiu, Lee Tin-sang, Yeung Shui-ying, Tsang Tsun-wan, Mak Shui-hon, Lau Tin-sang, Soong Ling-sing, Tam Chan-kuen, Hou Yung-sang, Tsui Ah-fai, Siu Tim-lin, Kwok Yin-ki, Ip Pak-wa, Cheung Wing-tsoi, Au Shi-ngok, Lee Wing-on, Lai Kwok-chiu, Chan Tak-fai, Lai Shiu-wing and Lee Ping-chiu.

Mr. Chen said many were former South China players. The Chairman agreed it was very unfortunate that one club should suffer.

Mr. Hollands said it was apparent that Sing Tao were in a position to field a team worthy of the Colony and that providing permission was first obtained from Malaya, they should sanction the tour.

Rain Mars Baseball Programme

NEW YORK, June 10 (UP).—Rain caused considerable interference with the Major Baseball programme today. In one of the few games played, the Brooklyn Dodgers nosed out the Pittsburgh Pirates in the National circuit by 8-7.

The scores were:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Brooklyn	8	13	2
Battery: Hamlin, Kimball Cary, Pressnell, Phelps, Mancuso.			
Pittsburgh	7	12	2
Battery: Sewell, Hintzermann, Butcher, Lanahun, Fitzsimmons, Macfayden, Davis, Fernandez.			

The New York-Chicago game was postponed owing to rain.

Boston	12	21	0
Battery: Sullivan, Lopez.			
St. Louis	2	7	1
Battery: Davis, Shoun, Owen.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

St. Louis	7	10	0
Battery: Kramer, Lawson, Swift.			
Washington	4	10	2
Battery: Hudson, Montcaguedo.			

The Cleveland-Boston and Detroit-New York games were postponed through rain. The Chicago-Philadelphia game will be played at a later date.

Stowaway Sent To House Of Detention

George Harrison, 22, unemployed, of Brooklyn, New York, U.S.A., was charged with stowing away on board an American ship from Manila, entering the Colony without a passport and being a vagrant, when he appeared before Mr. E. Himsworth at the Kowloon Magistacy this morning.

"What's the idea of doing this?" asked Mr. Himsworth.

"I wanted to return to the States and I figured I could work my way back," replied Harrison.

Defendant was bound over on $50 on the first charge and ordered to be expelled on the second. In the meantime Harrison is to be kept at the House of Detention.

Very Dark Blooze

"Kindly rest on your oars, Timothy. That contraption is getting you nowhere. And it squeaks. And the Eton Boating Song is *not* in the key of D."

"*What's up, Peter? Got a head?*"

"Like a gasometer. Very painful. And that noise you're making goes through it like a pneumatic drill."

"*Wasn't I on the warpath by your side? And look at me — no more hangover than an innocent little child.*"

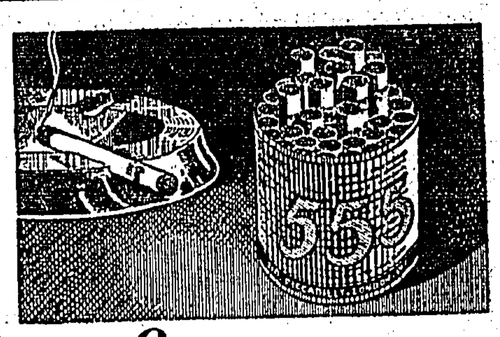
"Well, it's not natural. It just proves that the Devil looks after his own."

"*I look after myself, old son. Last night I took a sizeable swig of Rose's Lime Juice before hitting the hay. That's how to kill off the aftermath of alcohol.*"

"You wouldn't lead me up the garden, Timothy?"

"*Peter, you wrong me. I've seen the light and I'm passing on the tip.*"

"Then, if you will kindly step ashore, we will seek out a vendor of Rose's. It's time I fell into good habits."



IT'S THE QUALITY THAT MATTERS

It is not by chance alone that State Express 555 are known as "the best cigarette in the world." The discriminating palates of almost two generations attest to this fact, yet they cost so little more to enjoy.

STATE EXPRESS 555

50 for $1.30

THE BEST CIGARETTE IN THE WORLD • COSTS SO LITTLE MORE

AN UP-TO-DATE PHOTOGRAPH

Your family and friends want it business often demands it—so have that new portrait made today. The few minutes required will be well spent.

MEE CHEUNG PHOTOGRAPHERS
15, 23, Ice House Street. Tel. 26379.

FOR THE 1 MAN IN 7 WHO SHAVES EVERY DAY

A Special Shave Cream—It's Not a Soap, Needs No Brush!

Daily shaving leaves many men's faces raw and sensitive. Yet, because of his business and social status, one out of every 7 men must shave every day.

To meet this condition, Williams has now developed GLIDER—a special cream for daily shaves. With *no* soap base, it's a complete departure from ordinary shave creams. No brush. No lather. Not sticky or greasy.

A superabundance of moisture is contained in this rich cream. It won't dry on your face. Applied with the fingers, it quickly softens each whisker. A protective layer is formed over which your razor glides. Off comes each hair at the base without scraping. Like a cold cream, Glider helps keep your skin smooth all day. Glider is the result of nearly 100 years' experience in making fine shaving preparations.

Sole Agents:
W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

METROPOLE HOTEL
CENTRAL — CLEAN
COMFORTABLE — FIREPROOF

• KING'S THEATRE •

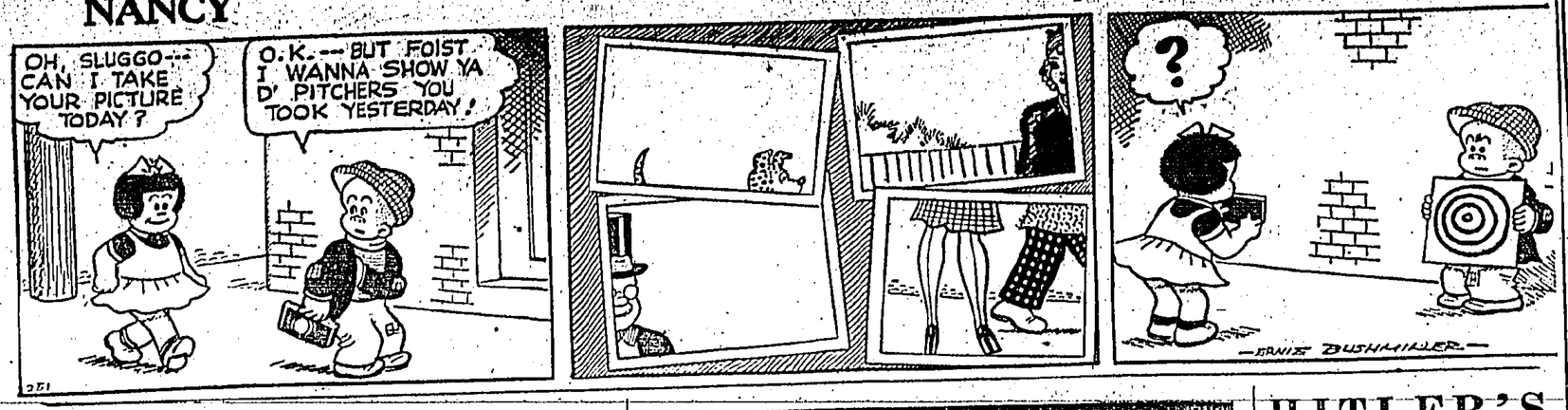
COMING ATTRACTION

SEE IT!

"WINGS OF THE NAVY"

with
GEORGE BRENT
OLIVIA DeHAVILLAND
JOHN PAYNE
Frank McHugh • John Litel
Victor Jory • Henry O'Neill
Directed by LLOYD BACON
A COSMOPOLITAN PROD'N
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
Original Screen Play by Michael Fessler

NANCY By Ernie Bushmiller



DUCE'S BOAST TO ITALIAN PEOPLE

By REYNOLDS PACKARD
"UNITED PRESS" STAFF CORRESPONDENT

ROME, JUNE 10 (UP).—MUSSOLINI HAS PLUNGED ITALY INTO WAR AS GERMANY'S ALLY WITH THE BOAST TO HIS PEOPLE THAT "BRITAIN AND FRANCE, WHO HAVE TRIED TO KILL ITALY, WILL BE CRUSHED.

In a historic speech from the balcony of the Venice Palace, the Italian dictator carried 45,000,000 people and "ten million bayonets" into European slaughter because, he said, "Italy has done all that is humanely possible to halt the war."

FORMAL DECLARATIONS

Half-an-hour before Mussolini began his speech, Ciano summoned the British and French Ambassadors and handed them the formal declaration of War, signed by King Victor Emanuel.

Italy thus departed from the example set by Germany, which has not yet formally declared war on any nation.

150,000 JAM SQUARE

"Italy, proletarian and fascist, is strong, united and ready as she has never been before," Mussolini shouted to the 150,000 people jammed in the square before his palace.

"This gigantic battle is of the poor people against the fierce, rich holders of the world's gold.

"A nation of 45,000,000 people is not really free unless it has free access to oceans!

"We are taking action, in time, against the Democracies who have tried to kill Italy.

"We take up arms to resolve the problems, firstly, of continental frontiers and, secondly, of overseas frontiers.

"The die is cast! Italy does not intend to bring in other people. We simply want to break the chains tying us in the Mediterranean.

"I have only one order to give—'win'!

"We will win!

"Italians, take up your arms!"

London Reaction

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—A Foreign Office announcement of Mussolini's notification that a state of war existed as from one minute past midnight to-night says:

"The rash and foolhardy decision of Il Duce will not have come as a surprise to the people of this country. It has been obvious for many weeks that he had decided on the side of the Germans.

"It is equally obvious that a great majority of the Italian people are opposed to this step.

Materialistic Grounds

"The Duce's decision was taken on the most completely materialistic grounds. It is clear that his moves were inspired purely for gain and that his entry into the war was timed for the moment when the Allies were facing the crest of the German invasion.

"He doubtless hopes to profit by what he wrongly anticipates will be an overwhelming German victory.

"Both the British and the French Governments have made it clear in recent weeks to Mussolini that they are perfectly prepared to examine in friendly consultation the grievances which Italy was believed to nourish concerning her position in the Mediterranean.

"The reason can only be that Mussolini calculates that he will be able to gain more by plunging his people into the horrors of war.

Blackmail

"In his speech, he first spoke of the events of quite recent history. These, he said, could be summarised in the words: 'Half promises, constant threats, blackmail and finally the League siege of 52 states.'

"Mussolini forgot to mention the agreement between Britain and Italy of April 16, 1938, whereby the Italian Government acknowledged at the time that all outstanding differences between the two countries were liquidated, the status quo in the Mediterranean was recognised, and that machinery was provided for settling any future disputes.

Concrete Evidence

"This is concrete evidence that neither the British people nor the British Government ever desired war with Italy, believing that there was no essential point of conflict between them or at any rate none that could not be settled by pacific means.

"The Allied Governments have repeatedly made plain their willingness to act on this agreement, freely made by Italy, and to discuss any difficulties between them.

"Mussolini has deliberately chosen to tear up that agreement and to plunge his country into war. He will alone be responsible for the misfortunes that this war will bring to Italy.

Duce's Promises

"As to the Duce's promise not to attack the particular countries that he named, the world can judge to what extent his policy is purely opportunist and entirely without scruple.

"The promise solemnly made to-day will be broken the moment it seems to suit his methods with no more compunction than Hitler showed when he invaded Denmark and Belgium in face of the most formal promises of non-aggression.

"No country, therefore, is likely to attach the least value to the assurances contained in Mussolini's speech to-night."

Hungary Neutral

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BUDAPEST, June 10 (UP).—It is officially announced that Hungary intends to remain neutral in the hope that the peace of southeastern Europe will not be disturbed by Italy's entry into the war.

Hostilities Start At 7 a.m. H.K.T.

PARIS, June 10 (UP).—M. Reynaud, the French Premier, announced by radio broadcast that Italy declared war on France and Britain at 4.30 p.m. to-day.

The Premier said hostilities against Italy will commence at midnight.

Swiss Reaction

ZURICH, June 10 (Reuter).—No official views have yet been expressed on Italy's entry into the war.

The declaration has not come as a surprise to the Swiss public although it has made a deep impression.

Mussolini's statement that he did not wish to draw other nations, including Switzerland, into war is considered reassuring.

Nevertheless, Switzerland is obviously more precarious since it is surrounded by belligerents.

Anti-Italian Riots

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Anti-Italian riots, in which bottles were thrown and fire-arms were used, broke out in Soho, London, to-night.

The windows of several Italian restaurants were smashed.

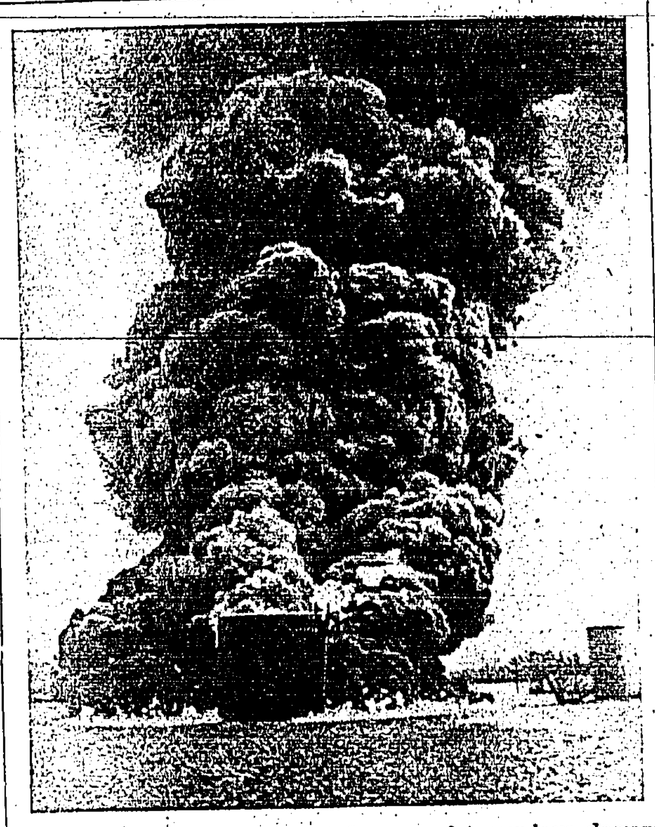
Scores of police are now patrolling the streets.

In Liverpool considerable damage was done to premises which are run by Italians.

Italy's Black-Out

ROME, June 10 (Reuter).—Italy to-day celebrated Navy Day.

The Italian War Minister ordered a partial black-out of the whole country, beginning to-night.



A FLOOD in Penna, United States, caused tremendous damage recently. The flood burst oil tanks, causing an explosion and setting the tanks on fire. This vivid picture was taken after the explosion.

Startling Official Announcement

MASS NAZI RAIDS ON BRITAIN REVEALED

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The revelation that hundreds of German aeroplanes have dropped bombs on English counties during the past few days was made in an official Ministry of Information communique to-night.

The Germans, says the Ministry communique, are attempting desperately to immobolise Britain's fighters.

This measure has completely failed.

"The one thought in British minds to-day is to sustain the battle front, and the British people are prepared to endure the attacks which would otherwise be directed against the Allied armies," the Ministry states.

Unshakeable Confidence

"Every enemy aeroplane which crosses the British coast, and every bomb which falls on Britain, diminishes by so much the German effort at the front.

"The British people have unshakeable confidence in the military genius of the French High Command and in the traditional heroism of the French soldier.

"Faced with the menace of Nazi slavery, every free man must say to himself, 'Victory at all cost and sooner death than defeat'."

Soldier's Assault On Two Women

James Robertson, a lance-sergeant of the Royal Scots Regiment was charged before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy this morning with assaulting Lo Chai, a 20-year-old girl and Kwok Chan, 28-year-old married woman, in Lockhart Road on June 9.

Sergt. Bentley for the Police said that Lo was being detained in hospital.

Robertson pleaded guilty to the charges, but craved extenuating circumstances.

He said that he left the Gloucester Hotel for Lockhart Road in a taxi. When he arrived at Lockhart Road he was set upon by a gang of Chinese, who gave him a severe beating and stole his note case containing $70 as well as his wrist watch. His blue patrol tunic was also ruined beyond repair.

The two women were apparently in the crowd, and when he resisted the attack, he might have struck them accidentally.

Sergt. Bentley said that Robertson was under the influence of drink at the time.

Robertson was ordered to pay $10 compensation to the woman Kwok, or seven days hard labour, and to pay $50 compensation to the girl in hospital or three weeks' hard labour. He was also bound over in a bond of $100.

No Secret Session Of Parliament

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Reuter understands that in view of the latest developments in the war situation, and particularly in view of Italy's entry into the war, there will be no secret session in Parliament to-morrow.

Exchange At A Glance

SELLING

T.T. London	1/2⅞
Demand London	1/2⅞
T.T. Shanghai	365
T.T. Singapore	52¾
T.T. Japan	90
T.T. India	82½
T.T. U.S.A.	21½
T.T. Manila	43
T.T. Batavia	40¼
T.T. Bangkok	140½
T.T. Saigon	108¾
T.T. France	10.85
T.T. Switzerland	94
T.T. Australia	1/6½

BUYING

4 m/s L/C London	1/3 5/16
4 m/s D/P London	1/3 1/16
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	23
4 m/s France	11.50
30 d/s India	84¼
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.02½
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	3.53½

U.S. ARMY TO BE BIGGER

WASHINGTON, June 10 (Reuter).—The House of Representatives Military Committee to-day authorised legislation increasing the regular army from 280,000 to 400,000.

It was also authorised that the President, when Congress is not in Session, can call out territorials for "use or training" within the United States.

New York Cut Off From Paris

NEW YORK, June 10 (Reuter).—Radio and telephonic communication between New York and Paris stopped early to-day without any indication when it would be resumed.

It was pointed out that the Paris transmitting station is 16 miles north-west of the city.

Hence it is thought here that the interruption may be due to military activities.

HITLER'S CHALLENGE

Britain Must Give The Answer

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—"Hitler has flung down a challenge to liberty, democracy and civilisation itself.

"It is in your power to give him the answer," said Sir Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, when he inaugurated the War Saving Week to-day.

"The whole attitude of this war," he said, "must be how we can help. Nothing will suffice except the mobilisation of all our resources to the last man and the last shilling.

Cannot Abandon Issue

"These times of trial only make us resolve not to abandon the issue which we have joined.

Despite the present misfortunes and set-backs, we can count on many great assets to bring us to victory and peace.

"There is the great character of the French Army with its courage, determination and wonderful resistance.

"Our brothers-in-arms in the Dominions are sending men and materials in ever-increasing strength.

More United Than Ever

"Our sea power still remains on the increase. Our own great soldiers have earned immortal fame during the past few weeks. We know that our airmen are superior when they face odds of four to one.

"Finally, our country itself is as united as never before under our great indomitable Prime Minister and leader.

"We must do our utmost to reduce the odds and strengthen our fighting men to aid them to victory. In this war there must be no non-combatants."

Press Comment

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—The British Press to-day was editorially concerned with the war savings campaign.

The total of small savings has already reached £200,000,000. The number of war savings groups has already reached 90,000.

The "Times" says that an intensive drive is now taking place. War production must grow more and more whatever the sacrifice required.

The "Daily Telegraph" comments that the old Romans said that thrift was revenue. To-day for the British people, it is also national service. It provides silver bullets not only against parachutists but also that enemy legions on the battlefield will be overthrown.

RADIO

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Third of "Toast" Series On Naval Occasions

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 845 k.c's. and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c's. per second.

H. K. T.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Dance Music by Jack Harris and His Orchestra.

1.00 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 Selections from Gilbert and Sullivan's "The Pirates of Penzance."

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Lucienne Boyer and Tino Rossi in French Songs.

2.15 Close Down.

6.00 An hour of Dance Music.

7.00 Closing local Stock Quotations.

7.02 A Variety Programme.

7.30 London Relay—The News.

8.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 Chausson—Symphony in B Flat Major, Op. 20.

Orchestre de la Societe des Concerts du Conservatoire cond. by Piero Coppola.

8.35 Sea Shanties by John Goss (Baritone) and Cathedral Male Voice Quartet.

8.45 Studio—The "Toast" Series on Naval Occasions No. 3: "The Convoys and The Escorts."

8.57 Strauss—"Der Rosenkavalier" Suite.

Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Karl Alwin.

9.15 London Relay—News Summary.

9.30 London Relay—"Cards on the Table."

9.45 Richards Crooks (Tenor) and the Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.

10.15 Dance Music and Variety.

11.00 Close Down.

Tel. 28151.

MEN'S
AERTEX CELLULAR
SPORTS SHIRTS
IN THE VERY NEWEST COLOURS & DESIGNS
FROM $10.50 PER GARMENT
MEN'S WEAR DEPARTMENT.
LANE·CRAWFORD'S
The House of Quality & Service

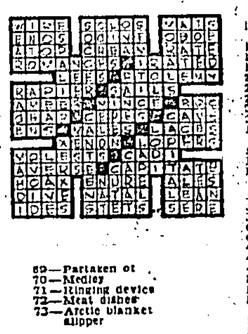
Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ACROSS

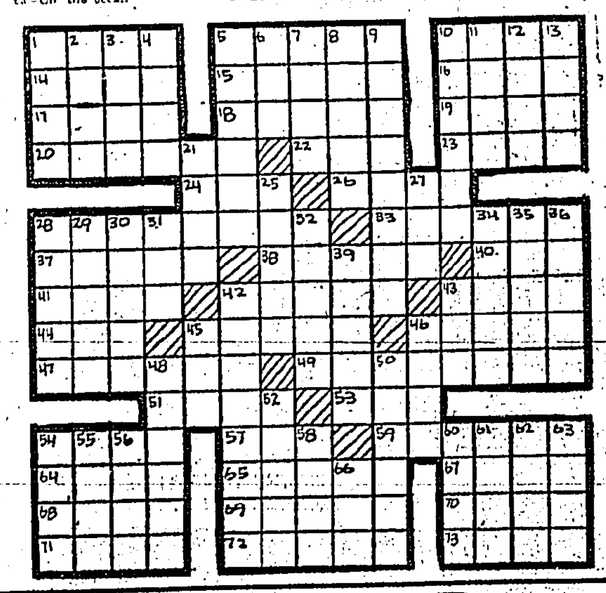
1—Mythical monster
5—Indite
10—King of rubber
14—Dry
15—Men of great deeds
16—British cabinet member
17—Chinese secret society
18—Uncontrolled
19—Evergreen tree
20—Giants with brooms
22—Observe
23—Pack
24—Ambition
26—Prefix, half
28—Given conditions
33—Personages
37—Pertaining to air
38—Assigned a date
40—Exist
41—Flat dish for carrying purposes
42—Grow white
43—Eastern European
44—Headgear
45—Claw of eagle
46—That are here present
47—Incline
49—Scandinavians
51—Remain
53—Royal Irish Academy (abbr.)
54—Protest against
57—Limb
59—Makes ready
64—Wander
65—Aquatic birds
67—Two-wheeled vehicle
68—On the ocean
69—Partaken of
70—Medley
71—Ringing device
72—Meat dishes
73—Arctic blanket slipper

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE



DOWN

1—King of grain
2—Develop
3—Outer coat
4—Border
5—Who is this (slang)
6—Revolution of engine (col.)
7—Anger (pl.)
8—Tori
9—Had high opinion of
10—Ferment found in gastric juice
11—Tunnel opening
12—City in Nevada
13—Again
21—Bucket
25—Metal disk
27—Crazy
29—Ways
30—Countrified
31—Greek music of lyric poetry
34—Have permission to
36—Parlor
39—City in Massachusetts
35—Delete
36—Lucky number
39—Male voice
43—Corridors
45—That woman
45—Pipe connection
46—Russian emperor
48—Primitive
50—Becomes mature
52—Act toward
54—African desert dweller
55—Organ of smell
56—Chinese monetary unit
62—Appraisal
63—Worshiped image
64—Of masculine sex
65—Castor silk
66—Deter
68—Stitch



stops pain in 3 seconds
CORNS
are killed and loosened with just one application of Gets-It. A drop or two ends the torture of throbbing corns. A few days later you can lift off the corn root and all.
GETS-IT
Makes you forget corns.

HONGKONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN
WE ARE AT WAR.
Yes! Fighting a battle against
DISEASE
IGNORANCE
and POVERTY
Help us to win!

KING'S
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

APRIL SHOWERS • THE VAMP • I'M ALWAYS CHASING RAINBOWS • ROSE OF WASHINGTON SQUARE • MY MAN • TOOT TOOT TOOTSIE, GOODBYE • I'M SORRY I MADE YOU CRY • MAMMY • CALIFORNIA! HERE I COME • WHO ABOUT HARRY • AVALON • THE CURSE OF AN ACHING HEART • DA-DA

SONG BY SONG... SCENE BY SCENE ... THE THRILL GROWS GREATER! ... as unforgettable melodies bring back the past you want to remember!

TYRONE POWER · ALICE FAYE · AL JOLSON

ROSE OF WASHINGTON SQUARE

with WILLIAM FRAWLEY · JOYCE COMPTON · HOBART CAVANAUGH

Directed by Gregory Ratoff · Associate Producer (and Screen Play by) Nunnally Johnson · 13 Grand Old Songs! · Gordon and Revel's new hit! · A 20th Century-Fox Picture

Also

Latest FOX MOVIETONE NEWS

NEXT CHANGE : Melvyn Douglas - Joan Blondell in "THE AMAZING MR. WILLIAMS" ColumbiaPicture

ORIENTAL THEATRE

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-5.15 7.15-9.30 · TAKE ANY TRAM OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS · FLEMING ROAD WANCHAI TEL. 28473

SPECIAL RETURN ENGAGEMENT FOR TO-DAY ONLY
A MIGHTY SPECTACULAR DRAMA OF THE WEST!
The thrill of a grandstand seat to watch a new empire being born with more thrills than you ever saw before.
THOUSAND FRONTIER TERRORS TO EXCITE YOU!

PARAMOUNT'S MIGHTY ROMANCE OF THE GREAT SOUTHWEST!
Adolph Zukor presents
JOAN BENNETT RANDOLPH SCOTT
"THE TEXANS"
A Paramount Picture
May Robson · Walter Brennan · Robert Barrat
A LUCIEN HUBBARD PRODUCTION

TWO DAYS ONLY—TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY
A SENSATIONAL SHOW WITH A THRILL A MINUTE!
VICTOR McLAGLEN · JACKIE COOPER
THE BIG GUY

MATINEES: 20c.-30c. · EVENINGS: 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.

STAR THEATRE
HANKOW RD. KOWLOON. DAILY AT 2-30-5-20-7-20-9-20 TEL. 57795

• TO-DAY ONLY •

WALT DISNEY'S FIRST FULL LENGTH PRODUCTION . . .
Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs
All in Multiplane TECHNICOLOR
Distributed by RKO-RADIO PICTURES

TO-MORROW: GARY COOPER - MERLE OBERON "THE COWBOY AND THE LADY"

Dine, Wine & Dance
at—
CHANTECLER
176-179 Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel. 50021.

LATE NEWS

NORWEGIAN PROCLAMATION

The Norwegian Consulate in Hongkong received the following cable message from the Norwegian Minister in London this afternoon:

"The Norwegian News Agency gives information that the war in Norway is temporarily finished. That King Haakon, the Crown Prince and the Government had left, and further that the Government has been strengthened by the appointment of two new Ministers, namely, the Bank Manager, Sunde, and Farmer, Fjelstads.

"The King, the Crown Prince and the Government have arrived in England.

"The policy of the Government is unchanged."

The message adds: "I beg to refer to the proclamation broadcast from London to-day."

* * *

MIAMI, June 11. (Reuter).—Dr. J. A. Graciani, Italian Consular Representative at Miami, Resigned immediately after Italy's declaration of war.

He said: "With 4,000 other Italo-Americans in this area, I feel extremely sorry because of Mussolini's decision. We feel Italy should not have gone to war."

London Comment

LONDON, June 11. (Reuter).—"Daily Telegraph" in a leader on "Mussolini Chooses War—a Gamble that Must Fail"—says: "For some time it has been clear to the world that Italy's Duce has sold his soul to Germany.

"Since the war began Mussolini has been doing all he could devise as a non-belligerent to injure the cause of the Allies and to assist Germany.

"Possibly he hoped Hitler would pay him his price without requiring him to take more risk. But the Fuehrer drives a hard bargain with those who sell themselves to him."

Commenting on the reasons given by Mussolini for entering the war, the "Daily Telegraph" says: "It is beyond conjecture why these dictators waste time by such protests as those of Mussolini yesterday. What Garibaldi would say of Mussolini's honour we know. He left his curse on any Italian who should attack our country."

MELBOURNE, June 11 (Reuter).—Australian Police and defence officials are rounding up suspected Italians. It is estimated over a thousand have already been interned. Official estimates show there are 27,453 Italians resident in Australia. Of these 14,000 are naturalised British subjects. (Majority of Australia's Italians reside in the North Queensland sugar areas.—Ed).

* * *

NEW YORK, June 11 (Reuter).—Thomas Dewey Republican candidate for Presidency, says Roosevelt's speech gave cause "for grave concern, for his words may be the words of a neutral but his voice is the voice of a belligerent."

* * *

MADRID, June 11 (Reuter).—Officially stated Italian entry into war has not changed Spain's attitude.

SOME OF THE THINGS DUCE SAID IN THE PAST

LONDON, June 10, (Reuter).—The following are quotations from Mussolini's writings and sayings:—

1.—From an article in "Il Popolo D'Italia," May 17, 1915. "After 30 years Italy has won her autonomy. An alliance, which never was and could not be popular, has been denounced.

"Italy turns to the west from the Triple Entente. We are freed from the heavy German tutelage and from the repugnant company of the Austrians.

"We turn towards ourselves.

"Here also the sane and right diplomacy of the people has conquered.

"We will fight by the side of the French, of the Belgians, of the Serbs, of the English and of the Russians.

"We will close with our intervention the circle of iron and fire around the empires who are responsible for the European conflagration. We will shorten the duration of the war. We will conquer."

2.—A letter to "Il Popolo D'Italia" dated September 14, 1916. "In the mass of the people there is a diffused and profound hatred against the Germans and a sympathy for the Belgian people."

3.—An extract from a speech made in the Comunale of Bologna on May 24, 1918. "If Germany should win we must bear in mind that certain and total ruin would result from it.

"The German has not modified his fundamental instincts—they are the same as Tacitus described to perfection in his 'Germania.'"

Later in the same speech he said, "We will win because the United States cannot lose, because England cannot lose and because France cannot lose.

"America, like England, knows that all the values and all the greatest interests of fundamental wealth and civilisation are at stake."

Mussolini's Cowardly Treachery

Outspoken Broadcast By Duff-Cooper

LONDON, June 10 (Reuter).—Mr. A. Duff-Cooper, Minister of Information, broadcast to Canadian, American and home listeners to-night.

"Mussolini has timed the blow with characteristic cowardly treachery," he said.

"It will be remembered for generations as one of the vilest things in history.

"Mussolini has waited for more than nine months until France has fought desperately against great odds.

Stabs Friend In Back

"At last the opportunity to stab an old friend in the back in the hour of that friend's greatest peril has proved too strong a temptation for Mussolini to resist.

"It is also very tragic that there is so much we love and admire in Italy and the Italian people.

"Had they a democratic system of government which allowed the will of the people to prevail, they would never have entered into this war on the side of their heriditary enemy against their hereditary friends.

Fearful Fate Awaits Them

"The foolish crowd of young Fascists who were cheering this afternoon in Rome little know of the fearful fate that awaits them.

"Whatever temporary successes they may achieve in the earlier days of warfare they will certainly be defeated in the end.

"Mussolini will bring misery and starvation upon his people.

"He will leave nothing behind him but curses from those he had betrayed and he will increase the number of ruins for which Italy has so long been famous."

Mr. Duff Cooper said that Italy had never won a war without assistance except against the unfortunate Abyssinians who were armed with spears against tanks and with bows and arrows against poison gas.

In her struggle for independence in the last century she was assisted at every turn both by Great Britain and France.

Lessons Of Last War

It was French soldiers and not Italians who drove the Austrians out of Italy.

Germany was no more likely to win the war with the assistance of Italy than without her.

On the contrary it was more than likely that Italy would prove a liability rather than an asset as indeed she proved to her Allies in the last war.

"I believe the news that Italy has joined in the war is well timed to strengthen the endurance and to encourage the hearts of the French and British people. We know the Italians of old and we know that whatever other qualities they may possess we can never fail to beat them on the field of battle," he concluded.

QUEEN'S THEATRE
HONGKONG. DAILY AT 2-30-5-15-7-20-9-30 P.M. TEL. 31453

• TO-DAY ONLY •

'Silky' Kilmount . . . the boldest and most astonishing character in fiction!

ROBERT MONTGOMERY as The EARL OF CHICAGO

with EDWARD ARNOLD · REGINALD OWEN · EDMUND GWENN
Screen Play by Lesser Samuels · Directed by Richard Thorpe
PRODUCED BY VICTOR SAVILLE
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

TO-MORROW : CAROLE LOMBARD & BRIAN AHERNE in A. J. Cronin's "VIGIL IN THE NIGHT" An R.K.O. Picture

• NEW SHIPMENT JUST ARRIVED •

THE PERFECT POPULAR PIPE

Dr PAT
PERFECT CLEANING
COOL & DRY SMOKE

NO CONTACT BETWEEN TOBACCO & MOISTURE

A DRY Smoke! —$4.25 only— A COOL Smoke!

Ingenohl's Cigar Stores "La Perla del Oriente" and other tobacconists

ALHAMBRA THEATRE
NATHAN RD. KOWLOON DAILY AT 2-30-5-20-7-20-9-30. TEL. 56856

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

STAND BY, AMERICA!

Everybody's cheering the mightiest musical since "The Great Ziegfeld" A Big Parade of love, laughter, spectacle, music... without equal!

IN MAGNIFICENT TECHNICOLOR!

JEANETTE MacDONALD · NELSON EDDY in VICTOR HERBERT'S SWEETHEARTS

VICTOR HERBERT Love Songs! "Pretty As A Picture" "Sweethearts" —many more!

with FRANK MORGAN · RAY BOLGER · FLORENCE RICE · MISCHA AUER · HERMAN BING · REGINALD GARDINER
"Photographed in Technicolor"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

THURSDAY : CAROLE LOMBARD - BRIAN AHERNE in "VIGIL in the NIGHT" R.K.O. Picture

TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS.

CATHAY
WANCHAI

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.
MATINEES—20c. 30c. 40c EVENINGS—20c. 30c. 50c. 70c. 80c.

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

Hollywood's Great War Drama Which The Nazis Tried to Suppress! The Story of the Heroic British Nurse Who Sacrificed Her Life in the cause of Humanity!

ANNA NEAGLE IN HER FIRST GREAT HOLLYWOOD PRODUCTION

NURSE EDITH CAVELL

The war story that shocked the world now rocks the screen!

with EDNA MAY OLIVER · GEORGE SANDERS · MAY ROBSON · ZASU PITTS · H. B. WARNER · SOPHIE STEWART · MARY HOWARD · ROBERT COOTE

• TO-MORROW AND THURSDAY •
A BOMBSHELL OF SENSATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT!
KAY KYSER - ADOLPHE MENJOU in
"That's Right You're Wrong"
Edward E. Horton — RKO RADIO Picture

MAJESTIC THEATRE
4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30 · 5.20 · 7.20 · 9.30 · NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57211
MATINEES. 20c.-30c. • EVENINGS 20c.-30c.-50c.-70c.

• TO-DAY & TO-MORROW •
THRILLS! ACTION! ADVENTURE!

HIS FLYING HOOFS... PRIDE OF THE BLUEGRASS!
HIS FIGHTING HEART... PRIDE OF THE NATION!

His blazing speed a goal for horses ... his flaming courage a goal for men! A new thrill!

"PRIDE OF THE BLUEGRASS"

with the Racing Sensation of the Age GANTRY THE BLIND HORSE
SEE Gantry, the world-famous jumper, beat horses, jump hazards he can't even see!

with EDITH FELLOWS · JAMES McCALLION · Directed by WILLIAM McGANN
Original Screen Play by Vincent Sherman · A WARNER BROS. PICTURE

• THURSDAY AND FRIDAY •
WARNER BROS.' COMEDY KNOCKOUT!
It May Be Not Art . . . But It's Darn Good Fun!
"KID FROM KOKOMO"
PAT O'BRIEN . JOAN BLONDELL . WAYNE MORRIS

A WHOLE INCH OFF . . . .

The minute you close the zipper of THE AMAZING NEW "KLEINERT'S" PETAL-FRESH STURDI-FLEX REDUCERS just unpacked by us, together with "COMFORMA" SPORT BRIEF, ideal for GOLF, TENNIS and SWIMMING; and "12 INCH" SOFT BASCHEL TWO WAY STRETCH GIRDLES, well-groomed for adequate figure moulding. Many other striking new silhouettes in belts, girdles, chiffon panties. FIRST seen in Hongkong.

WE INVITE YOU TO SEE THEM!

MODE ELITE
Kayamally Building, Gordon's Mezz.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.